

HIDDEN VALLEY PHENOMENOLOGY: FROM COSMOLOGY TO COLLIDERS

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based on: H. Beauchesne, E. Bertuzzo, G²dC and Z. Tabrizi, JHEP1808(2018)101, [1712.07160]
H. Beauchesne, E. Bertuzzo and G²dC, JHEP 1904(2019)118, [1809.10152]
H. Beauchesne and G²dC, [19xx.xxxxx]

Scalars 2019 - University of Warsaw - 12th September 2019

Outline

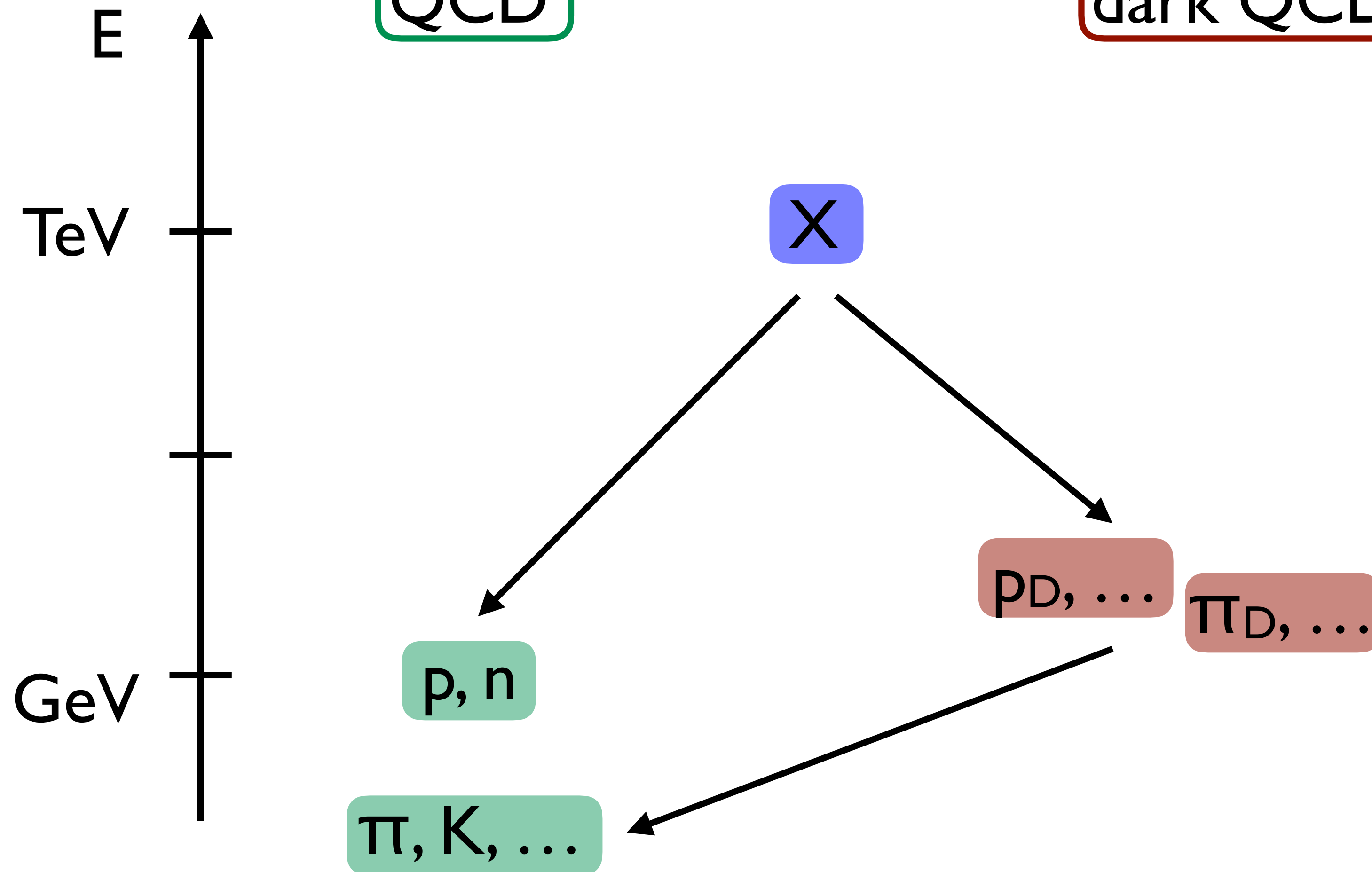
- Introduction and motivation
- Collider signatures
- Dark Matter
 1. Production mechanisms
 2. Benchmark models constraints
- Conclusions

Introduction

Introduction

QCD

dark QCD



- 1) $SU(N)$ dark sector;
- 2) neutral dark quarks;
- 3) confinement scale Λ ;
- 4) dark mesons can be unstable or long lived.

Motivated in Twin Higgs, Folded SUSY and Relaxion models

Introduction

$$\lambda_{D_{ijk}^c}^S (X_{D_k^c}^S)^\dagger \bar{n}_i P_R D_j^c + h.c.$$

$$\lambda_{D_{ijk}^c}^S = \lambda \delta_{i1} \delta_{jk}$$

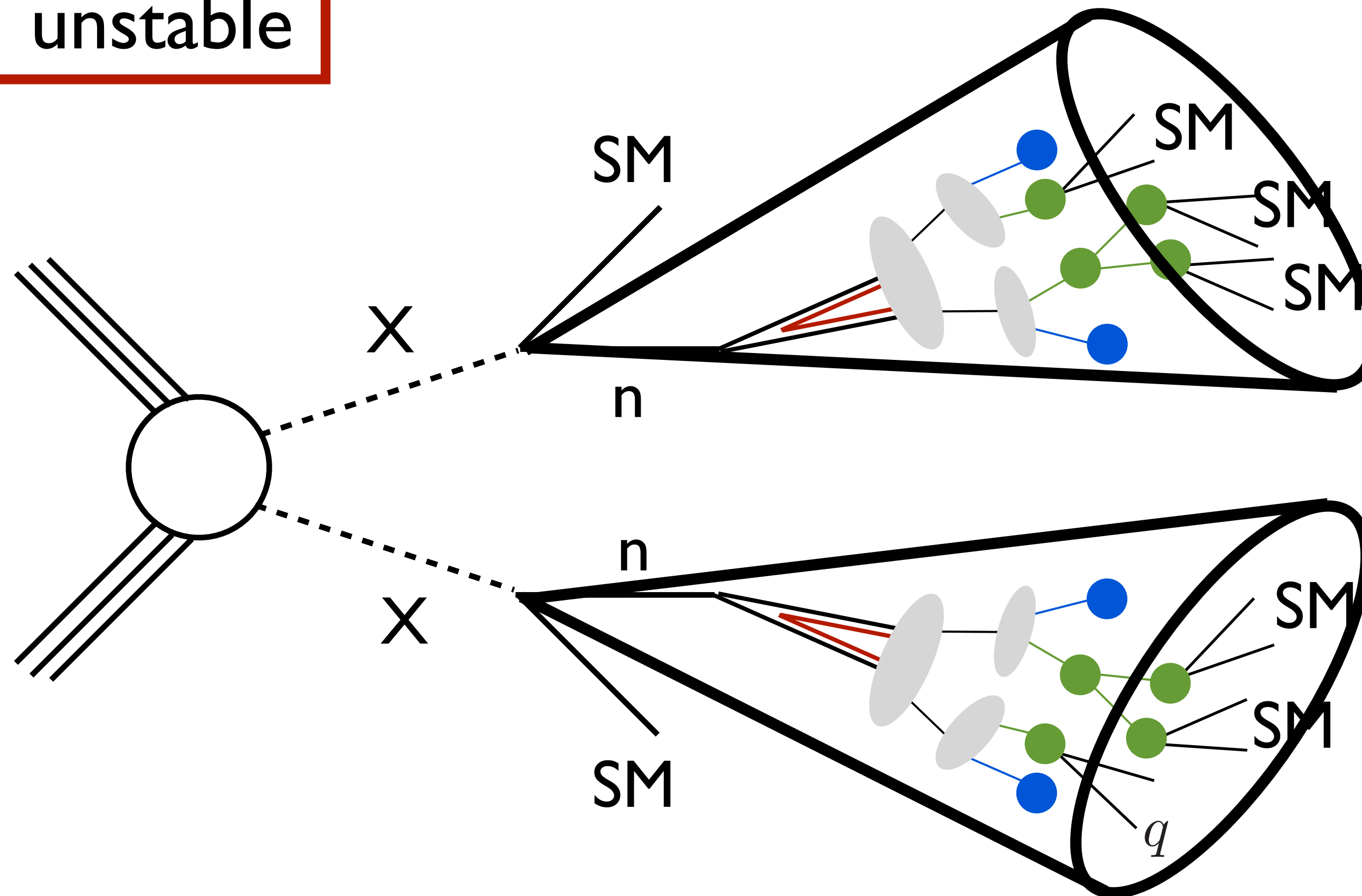
two unstable dark pions

$$\Pi = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \pi_1^u + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \pi_2^u & \pi_1^s & \pi_2^s \\ \bar{\pi}_1^s & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \pi_1^u + \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} \pi_2^u & \pi_3^s \\ \bar{\pi}_2^s & \bar{\pi}_3^s & -\sqrt{\frac{2}{3}} \pi_2^u \end{pmatrix}$$

three stable dark pions

Signatures

Signatures



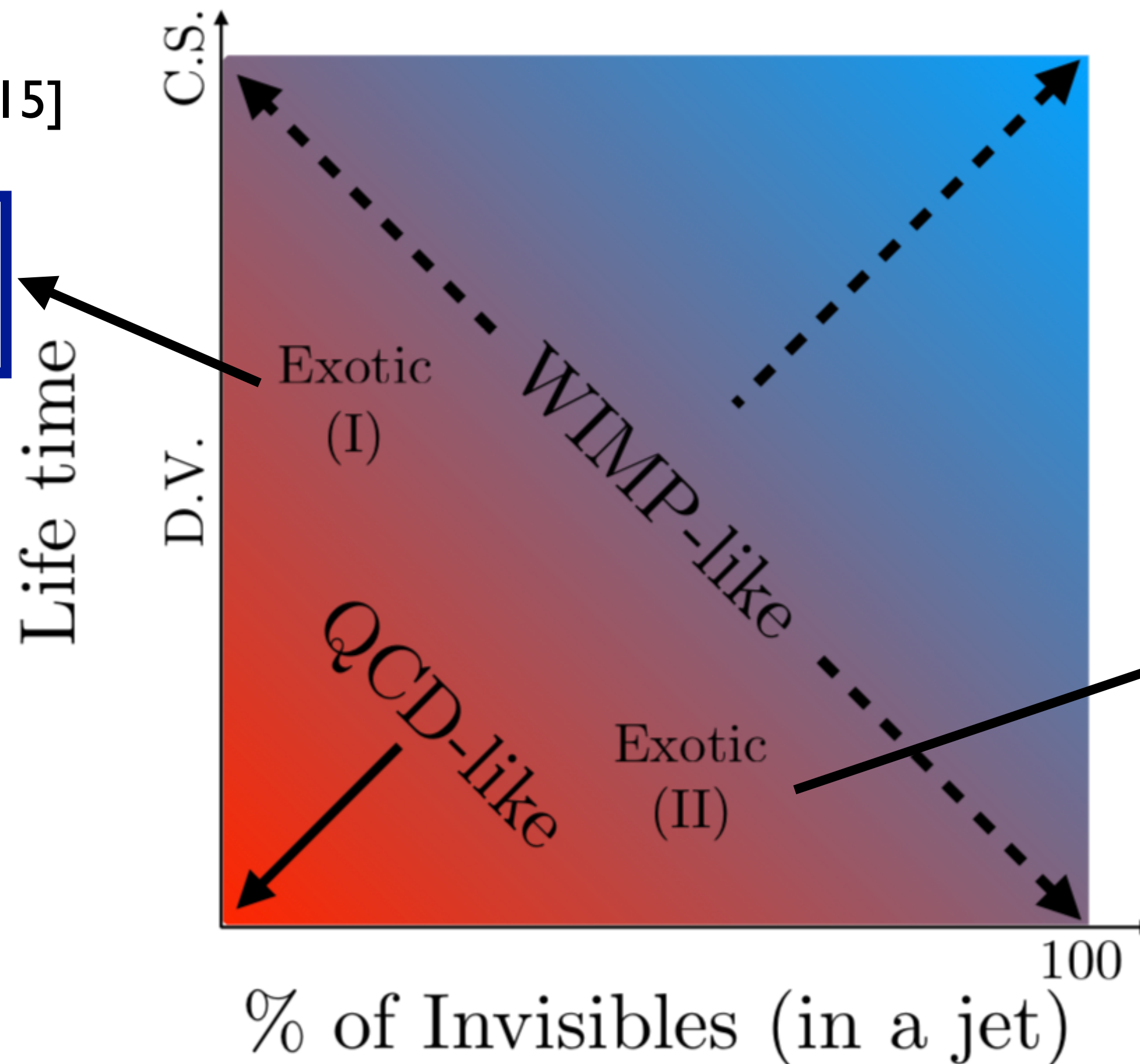
Signatures

Several combinations

[Schwaller+ '15]

Displaced vertices or
emerging jets

[many exp. studies on D.V.,
CMS-PAS-EXO-18-001 for
Emerging jets]



[Park and Zhang, '17]

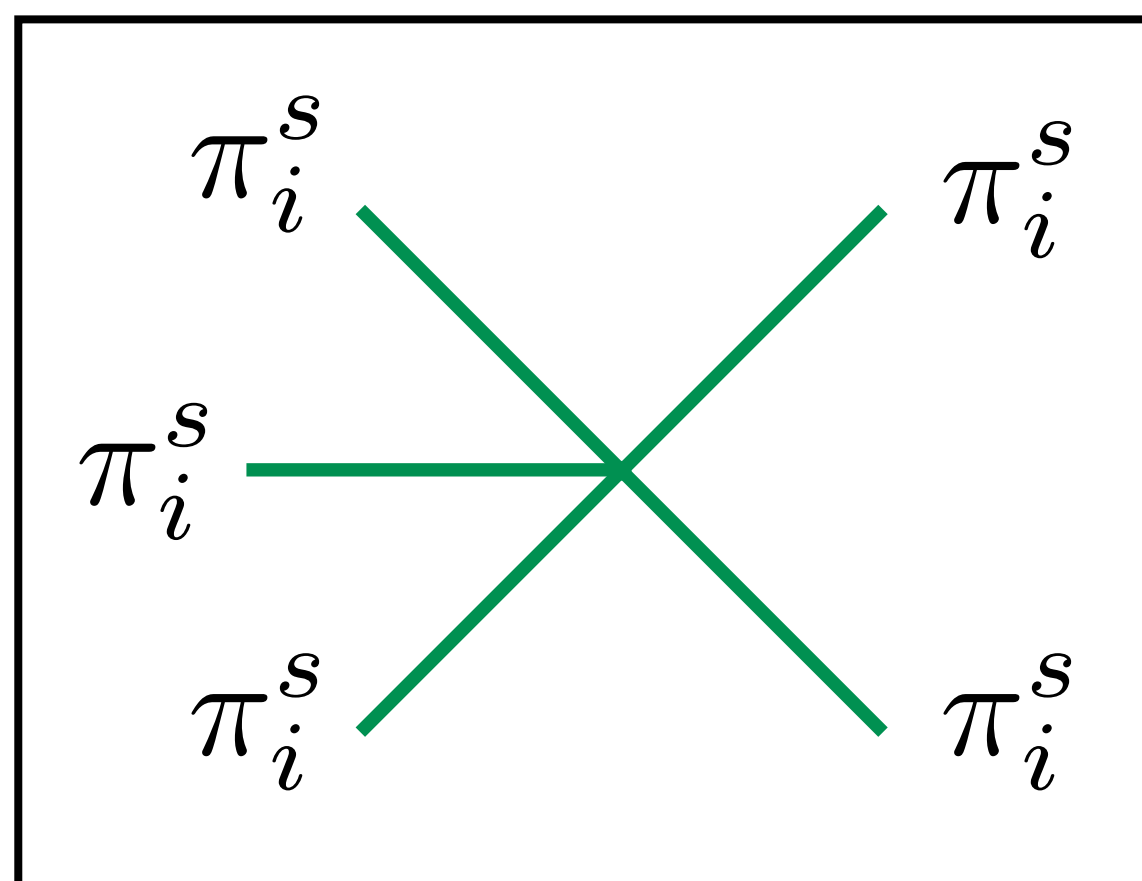
Semivisible jets

[Cohen+ '15 and '17,
Beauchesne, G²dC+'17, ...,
+ CMS is working on that]

Dark mesons DM

The model

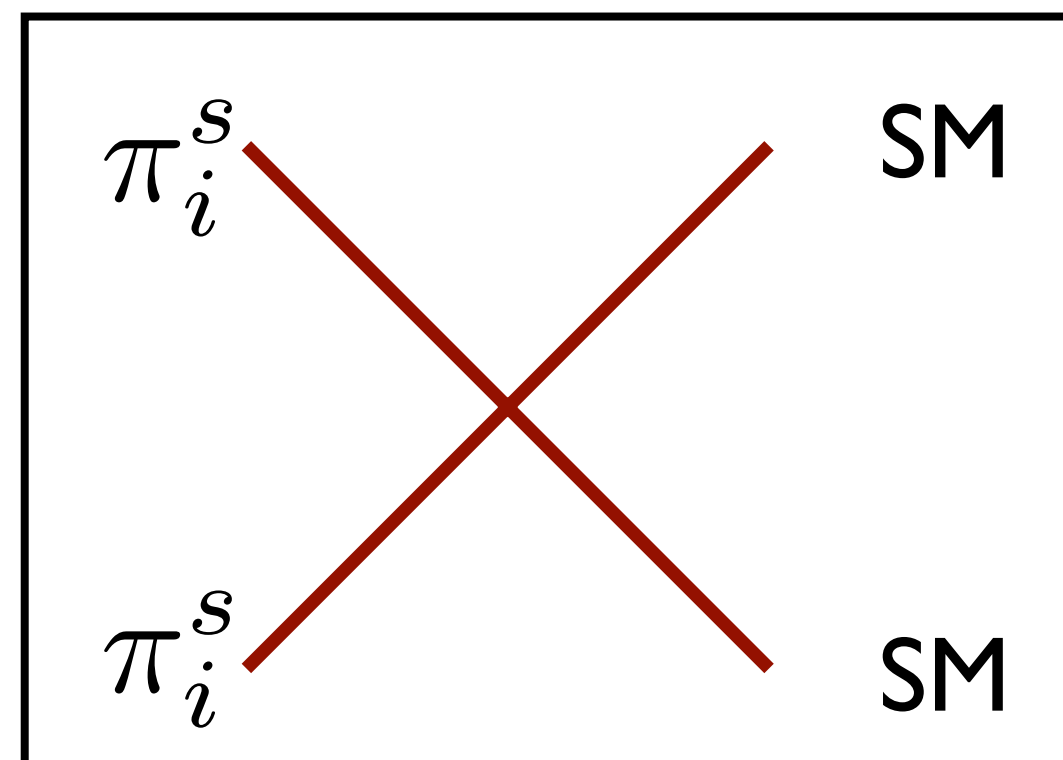
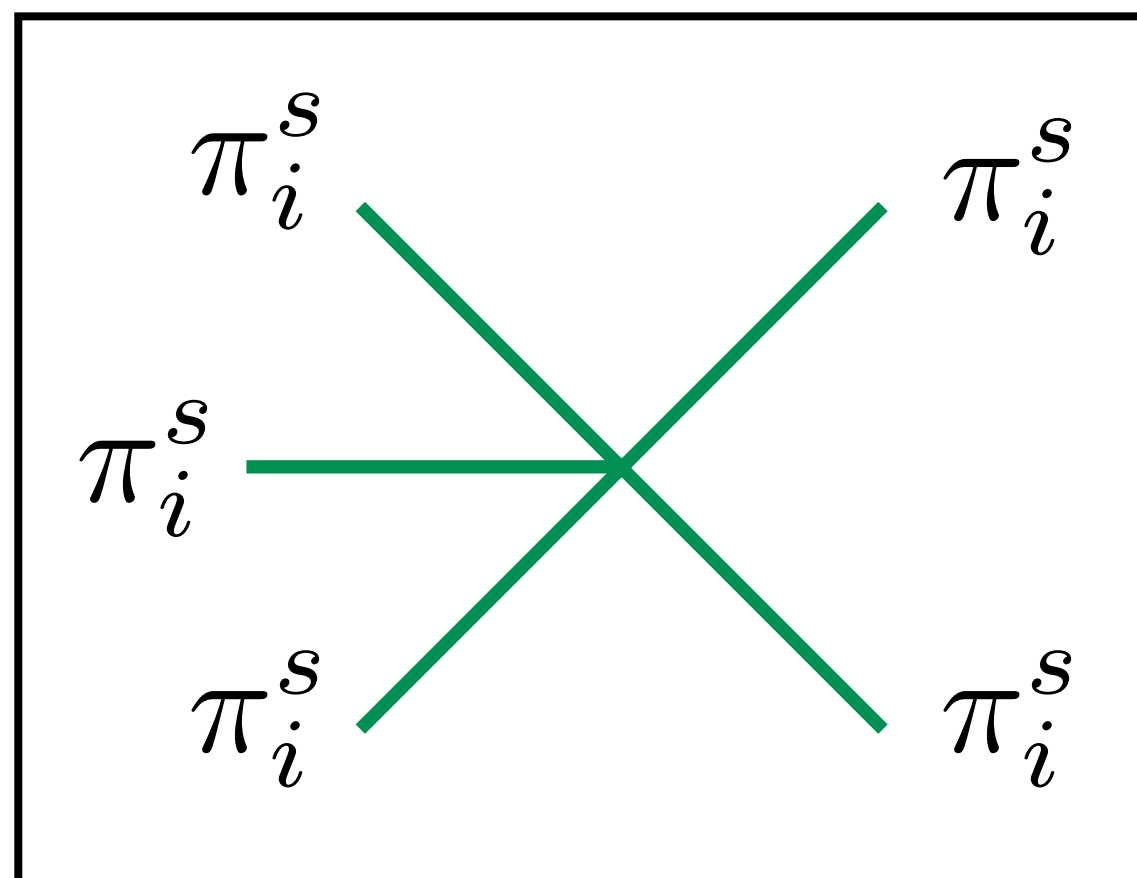
$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{2N_c}{15\pi^2 f_{\pi_D}^5} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \text{Tr}[\Pi \partial_\mu \Pi \partial_\nu \Pi \partial_\rho \Pi \partial_\sigma \Pi]$$



The model

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{2N_c}{15\pi^2 f_{\pi_D}^5} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \text{Tr}[\Pi \partial_\mu \Pi \partial_\nu \Pi \partial_\rho \Pi \partial_\sigma \Pi] + i \frac{\lambda^2}{m_X^2} (\pi_i^s \partial_\mu \bar{\pi}_i^s - \bar{\pi}_i^s \partial_\mu \pi_i^s) \bar{f} \gamma^\mu f$$

NB: qualitative Lagrangian, some terms have missing numerical factors, momentum dependence, etc. etc.

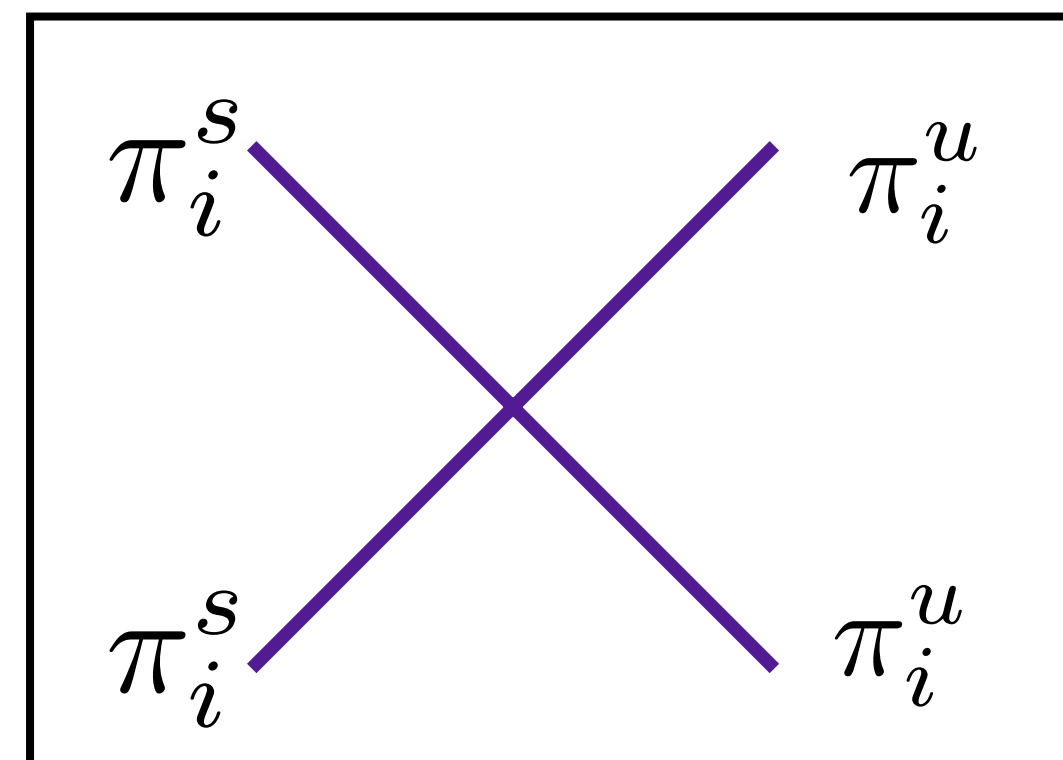
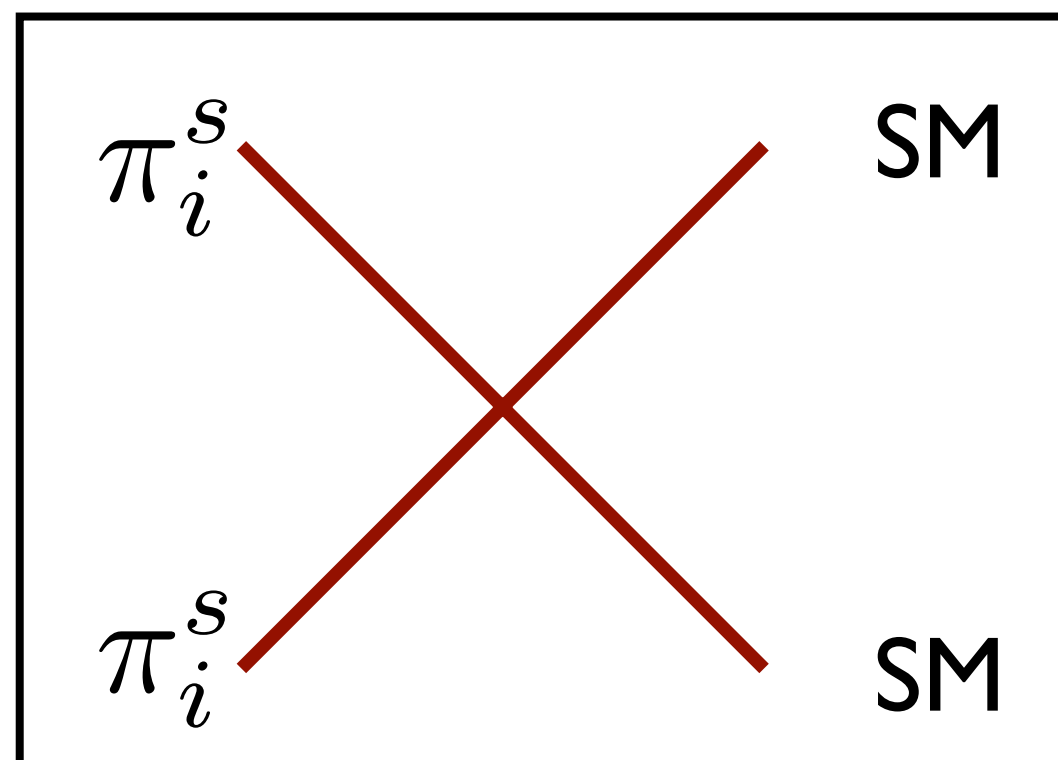
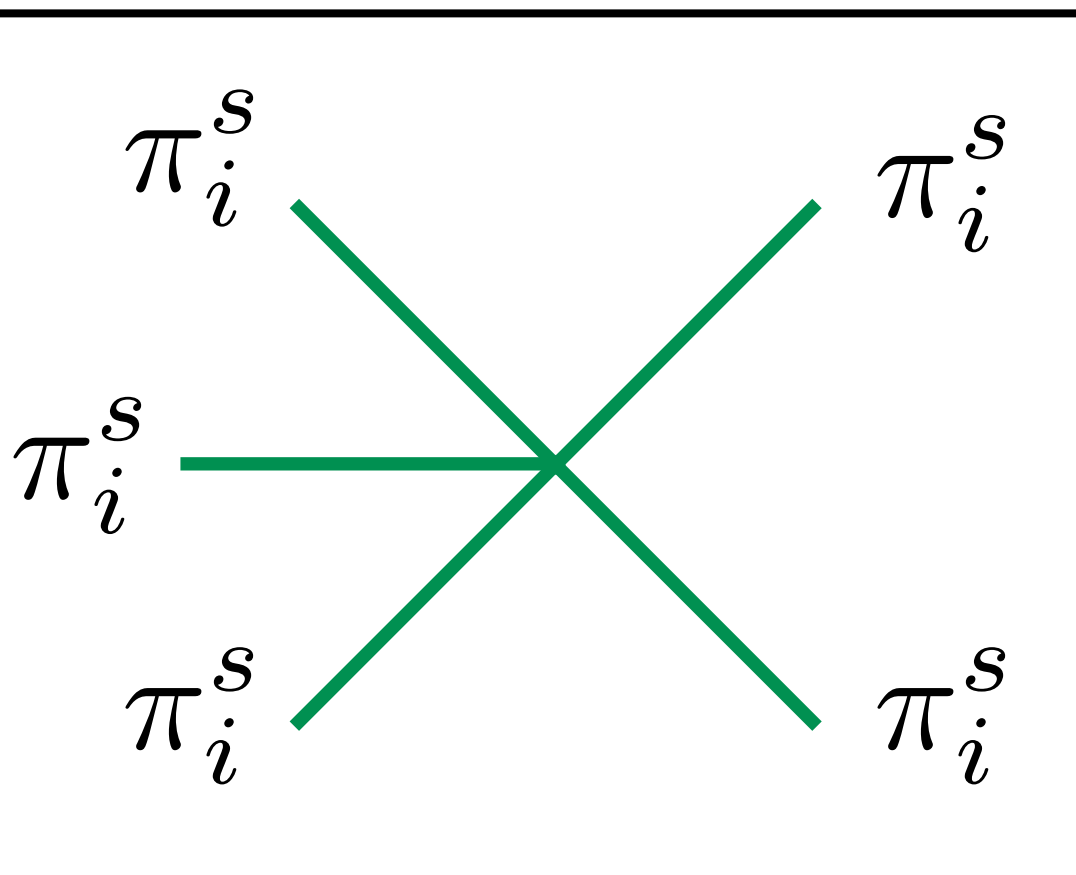


The model

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{2N_c}{15\pi^2 f_{\pi_D}^5} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \text{Tr}[\Pi \partial_\mu \Pi \partial_\nu \Pi \partial_\rho \Pi \partial_\sigma \Pi] + i \frac{\lambda^2}{m_X^2} (\pi_i^s \partial_\mu \bar{\pi}_i^s - \bar{\pi}_i^s \partial_\mu \pi_i^s) \bar{f} \gamma^\mu f$$

$$+ g_i \bar{\pi}_i^s \pi_i^s \bar{\pi}_j^u \pi_k^u$$

NB: qualitative Lagrangian, some terms have missing numerical factors, momentum dependence, etc. etc.

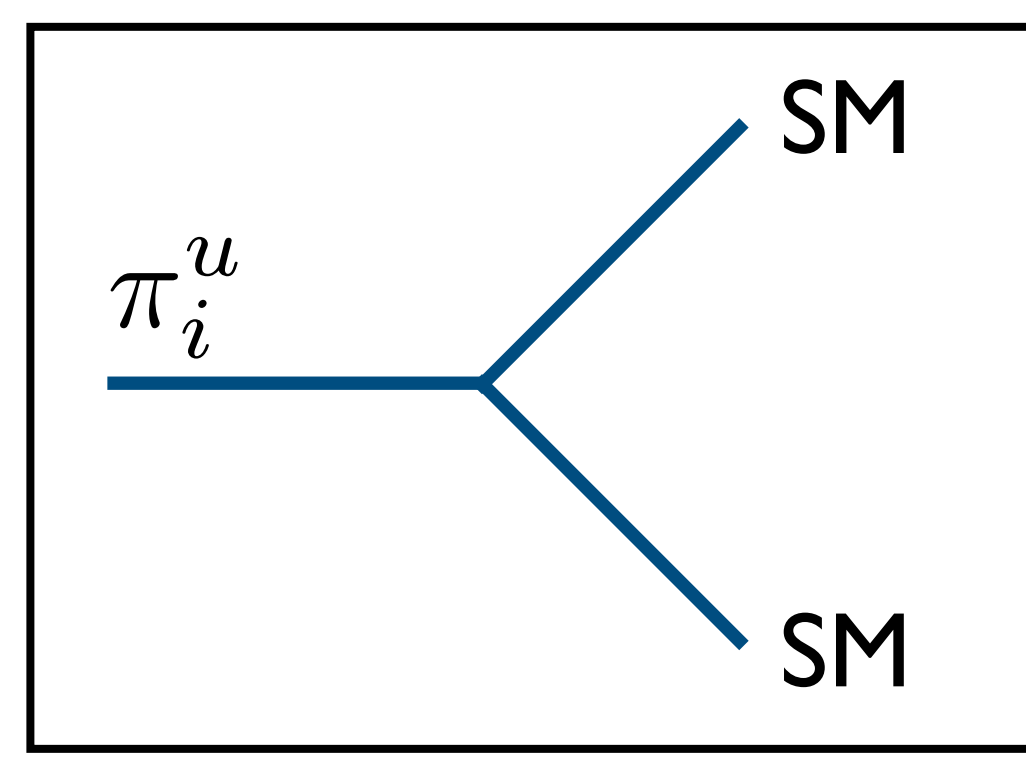
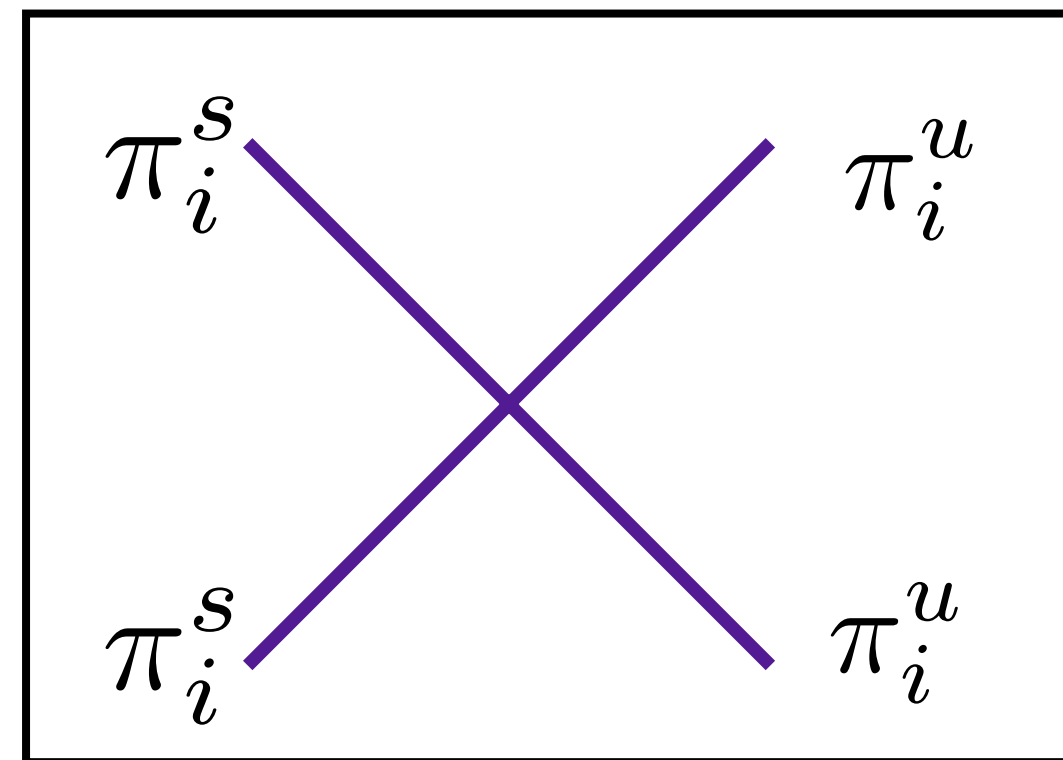
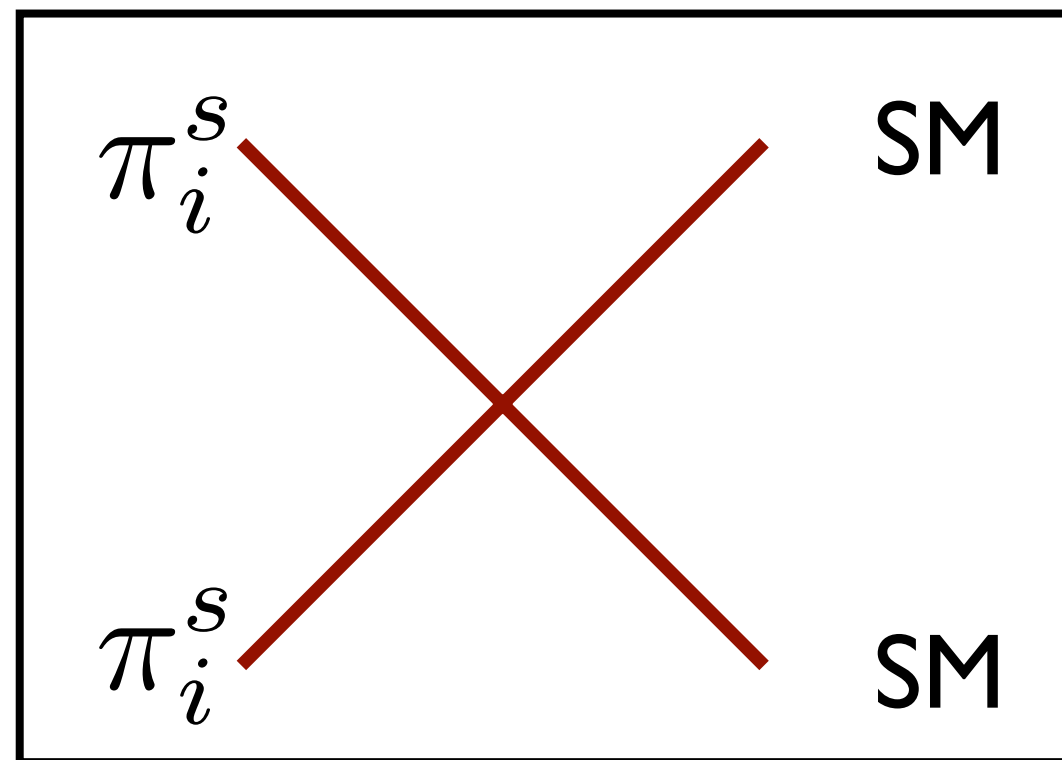
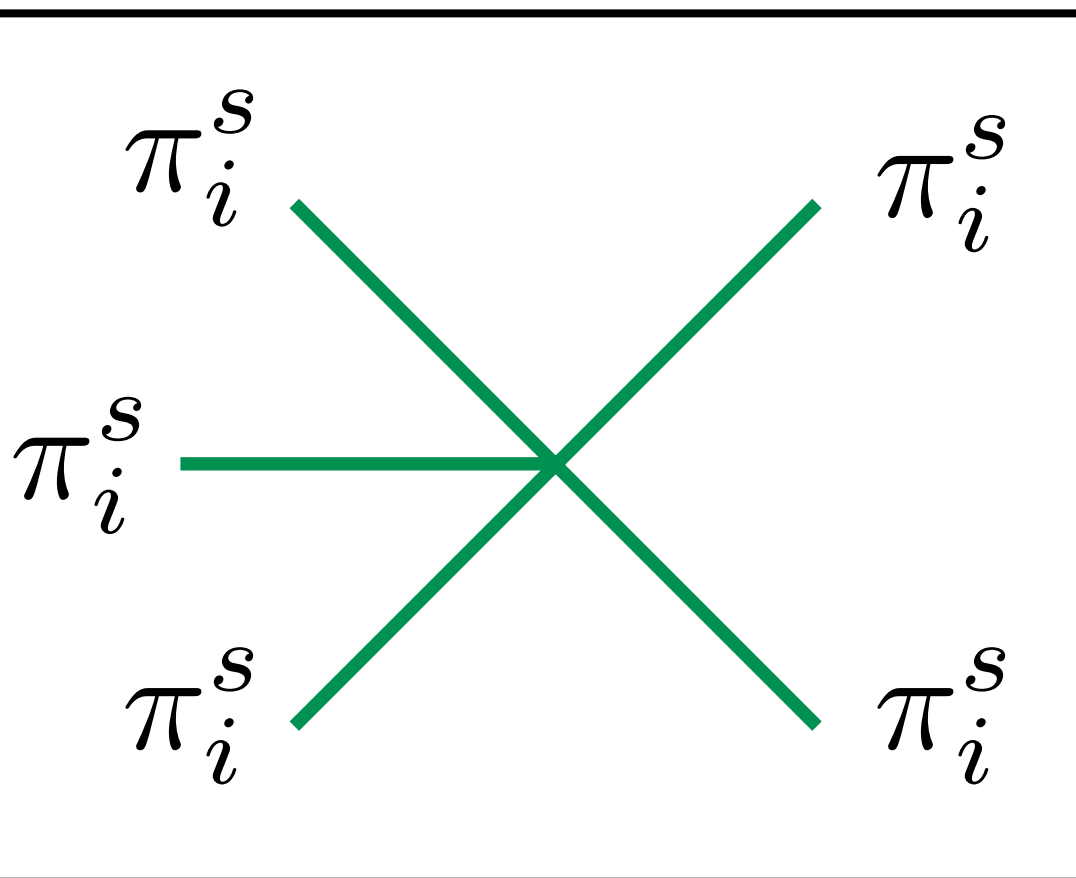


The model

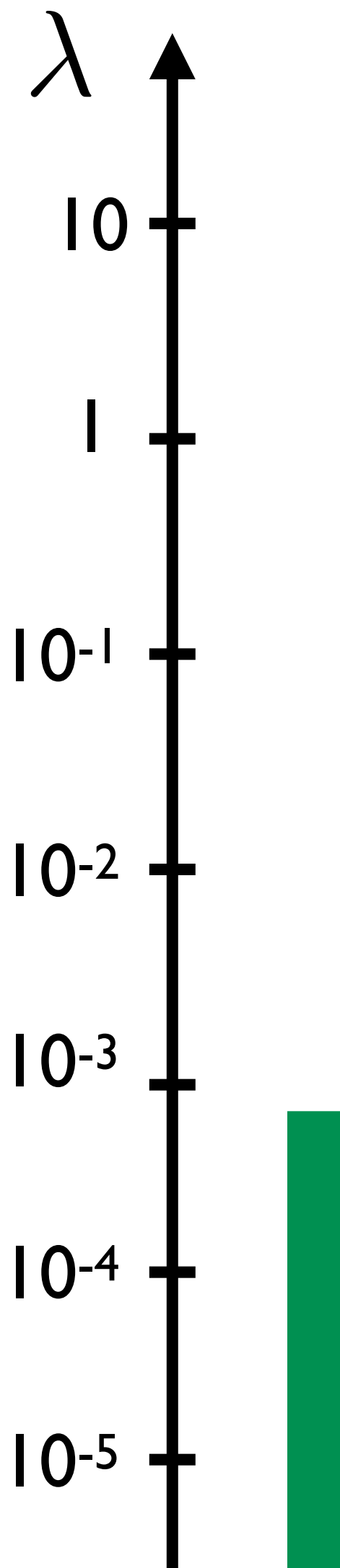
$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{2N_c}{15\pi^2 f_{\pi_D}^5} \epsilon^{\mu\nu\rho\sigma} \text{Tr}[\Pi \partial_\mu \Pi \partial_\nu \Pi \partial_\rho \Pi \partial_\sigma \Pi] + i \frac{\lambda^2}{m_X^2} (\pi_i^s \partial_\mu \bar{\pi}_i^s - \bar{\pi}_i^s \partial_\mu \pi_i^s) \bar{f} \gamma^\mu f$$

$$+ g_i \bar{\pi}_i^s \pi_i^s \bar{\pi}_j^u \pi_k^u + \frac{f_{\pi_D} \lambda^2}{m_X^2} \partial_\mu \pi_i^u \bar{f} \gamma^\mu f + \dots$$

NB: qualitative Lagrangian, some terms have missing numerical factors, momentum dependence, etc. etc.



DM production mechanism



For $\lambda \rightarrow 0$:

- Strongly Interacting Massive Particle

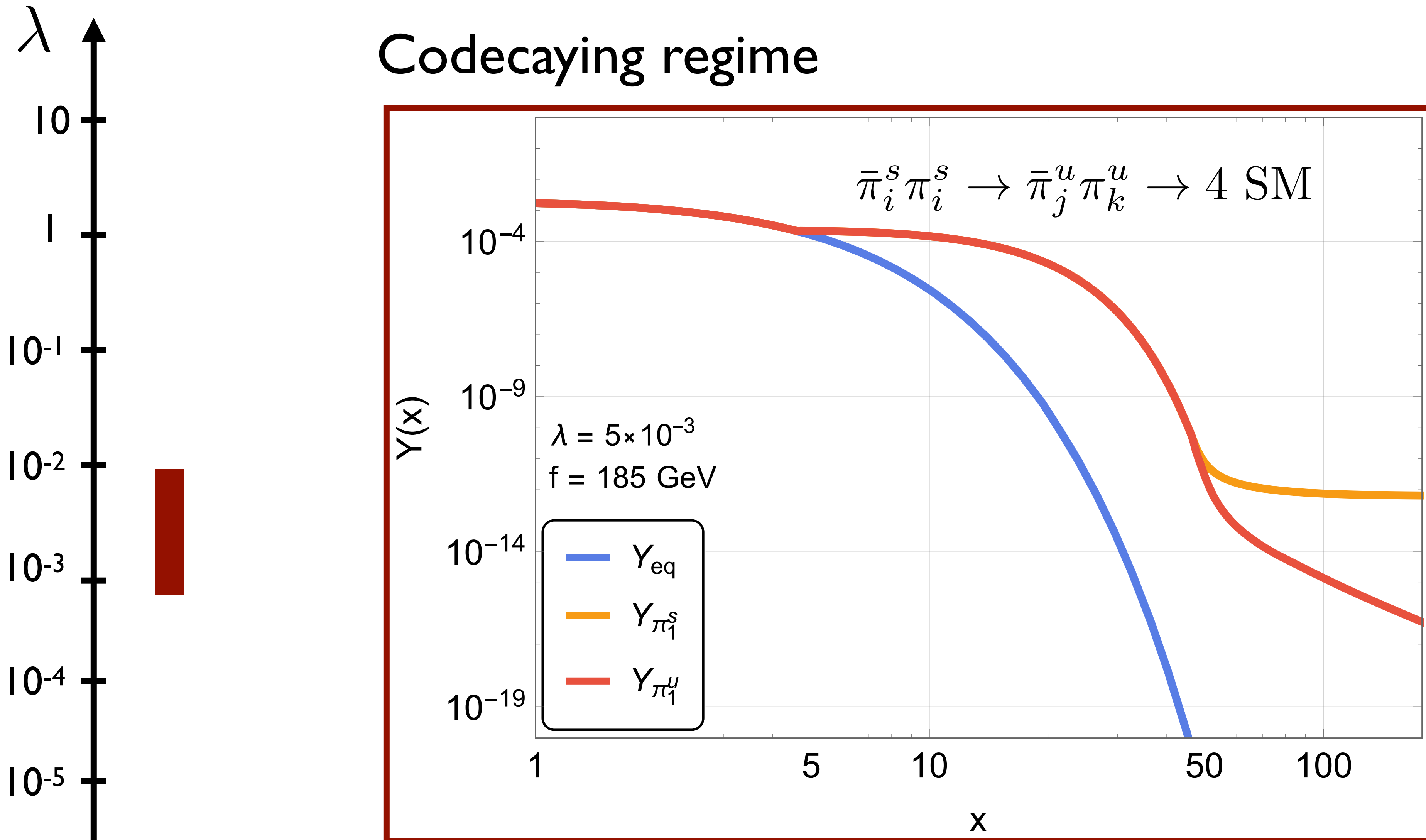
[Hochberg et al. '14,...]

- ELastic DEcoupling Relic

[Kuflik et al. '15,...]

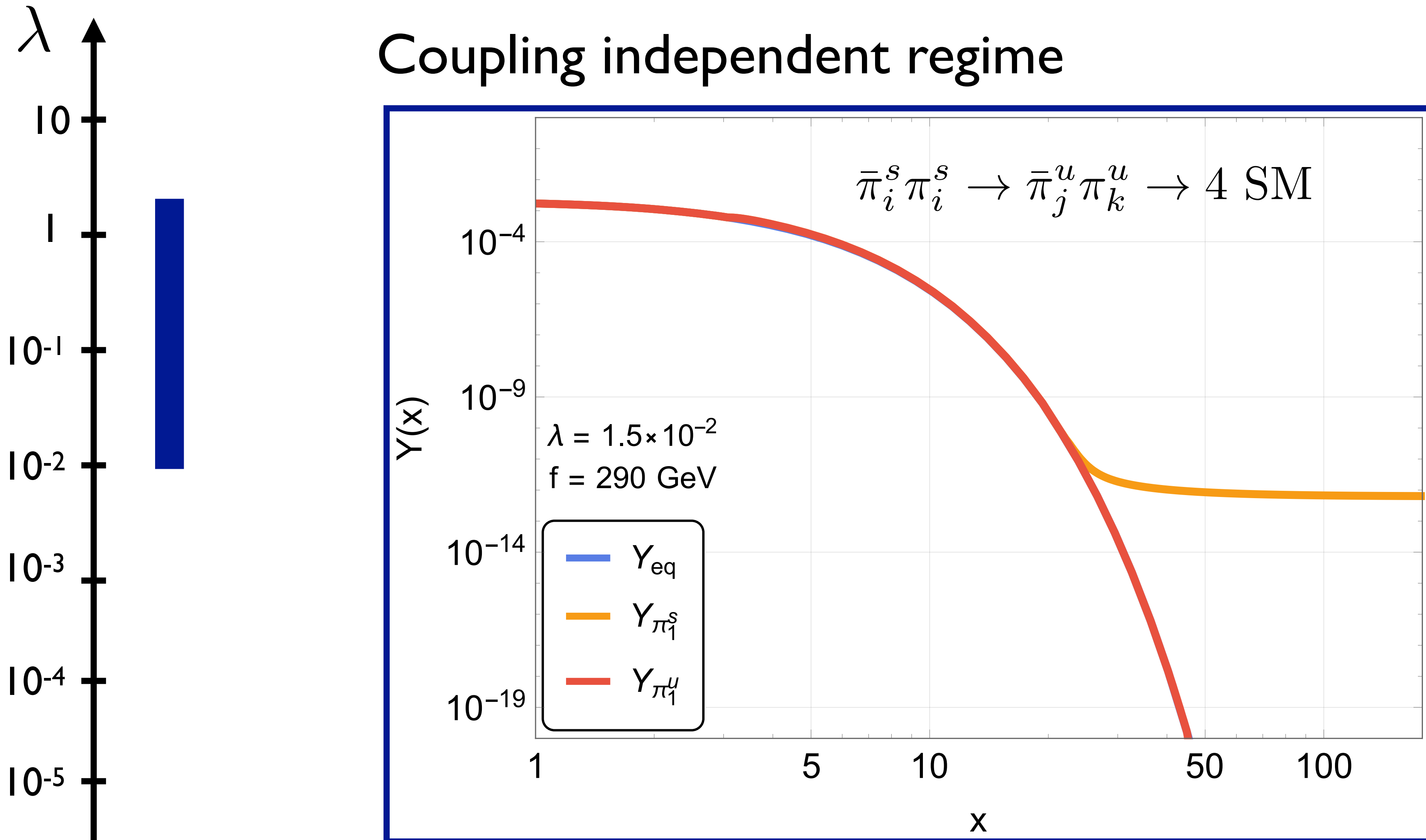
DM production mechanism

Codecaying regime



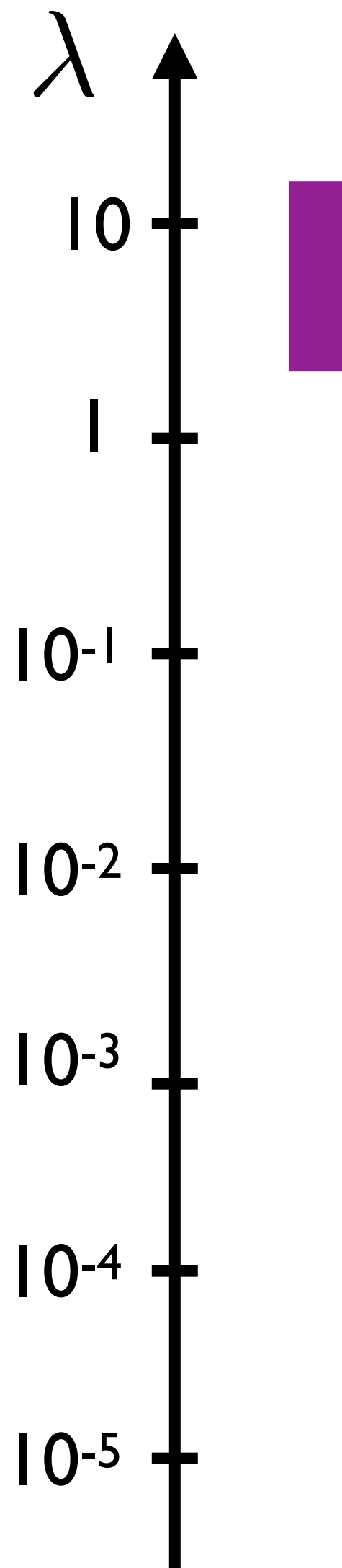
DM production mechanism

Coupling independent regime



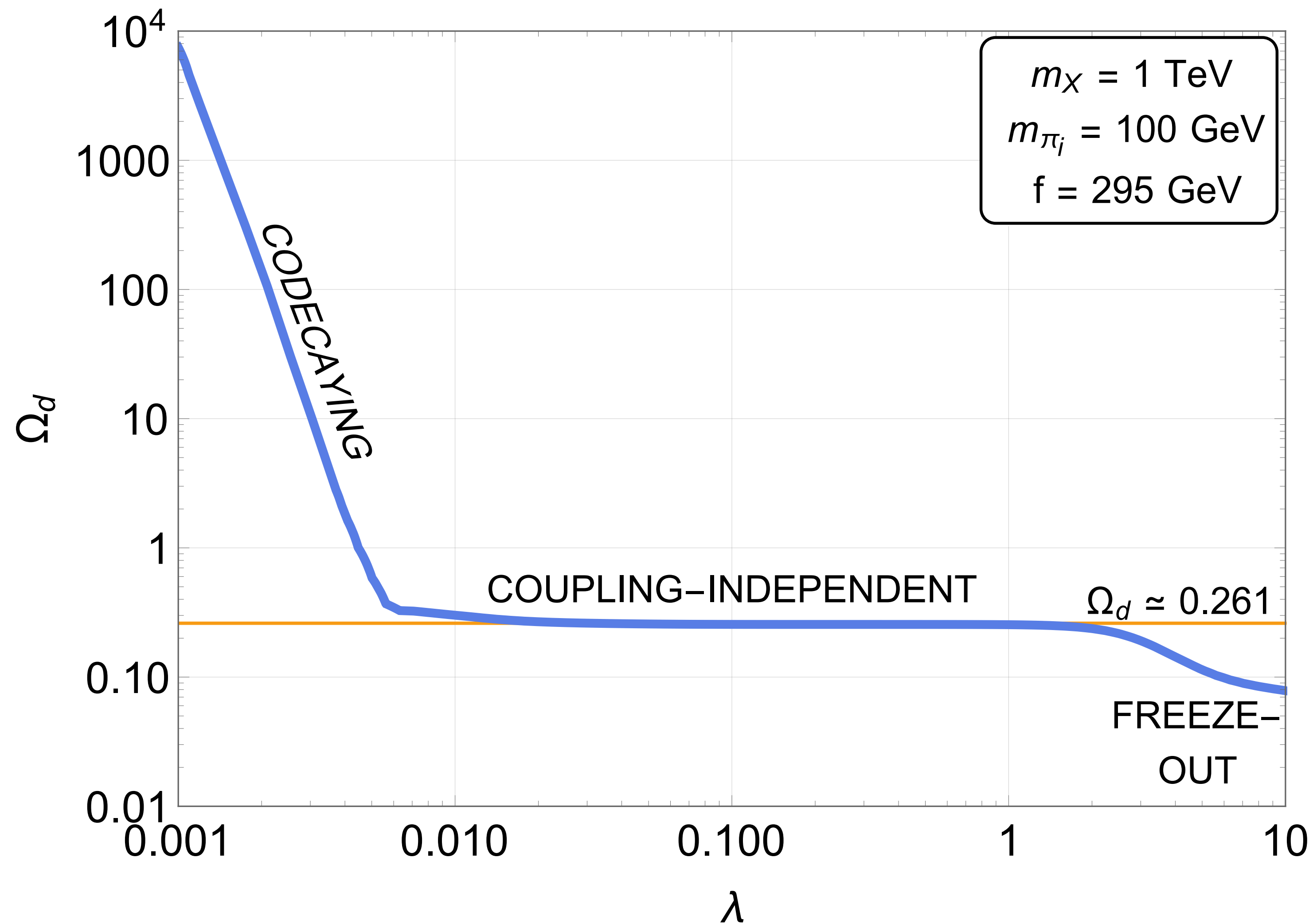
DM production mechanism

Thermal freeze-out



$$\bar{\pi}_i^s \pi_i^s \rightarrow \text{SM SM}$$

DM production mechanism



Overview of constraints

Direct Detection

Xenon IT bounds [Xenon Coll. '17]

Running effects [Crivellin et al. '14,
D'Eramo et al. '15, '16]

Indirect Detection

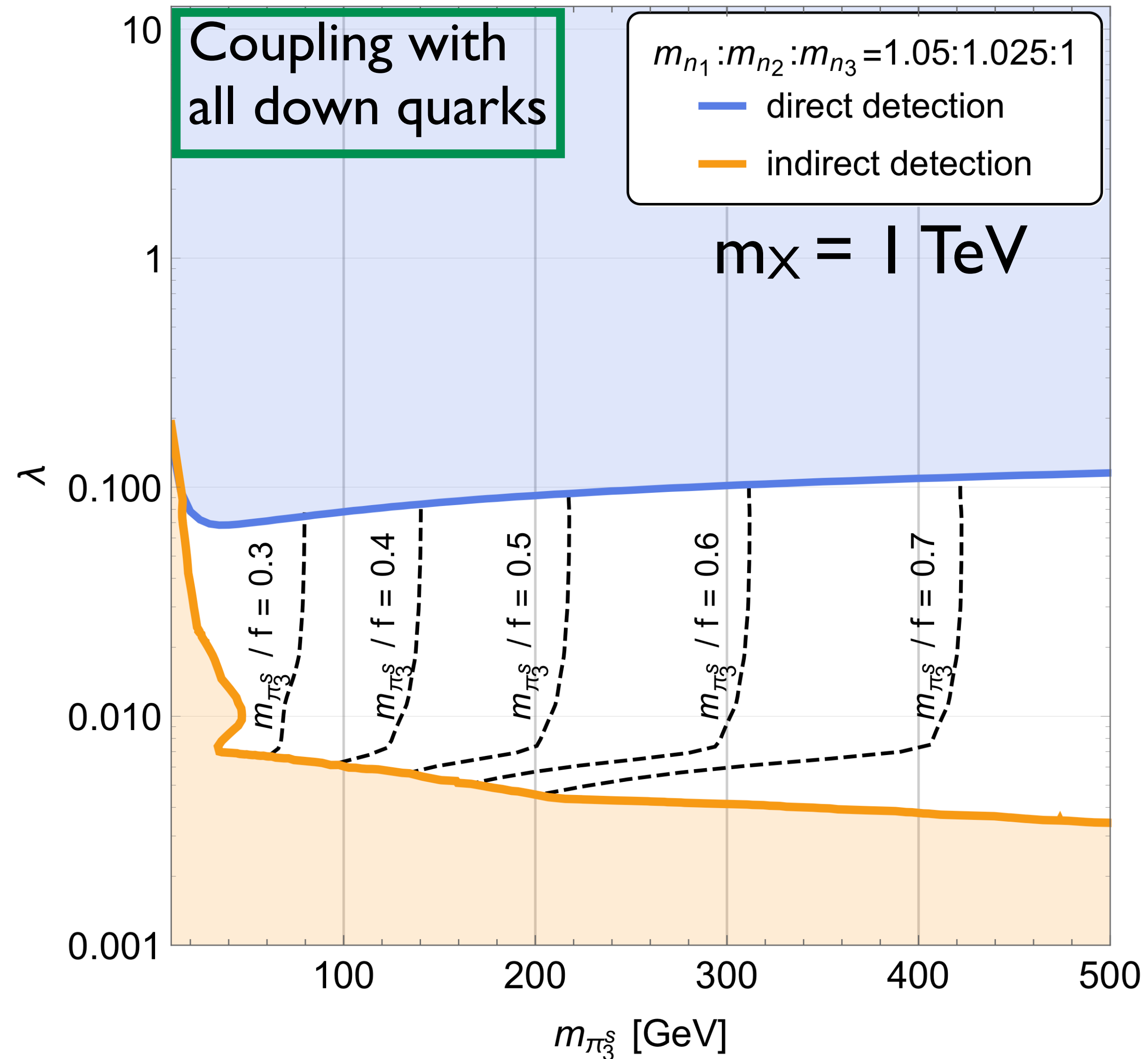
Cascade decays: [Elor et al. '15]

1) CMB from Planck [Planck Coll. '15]

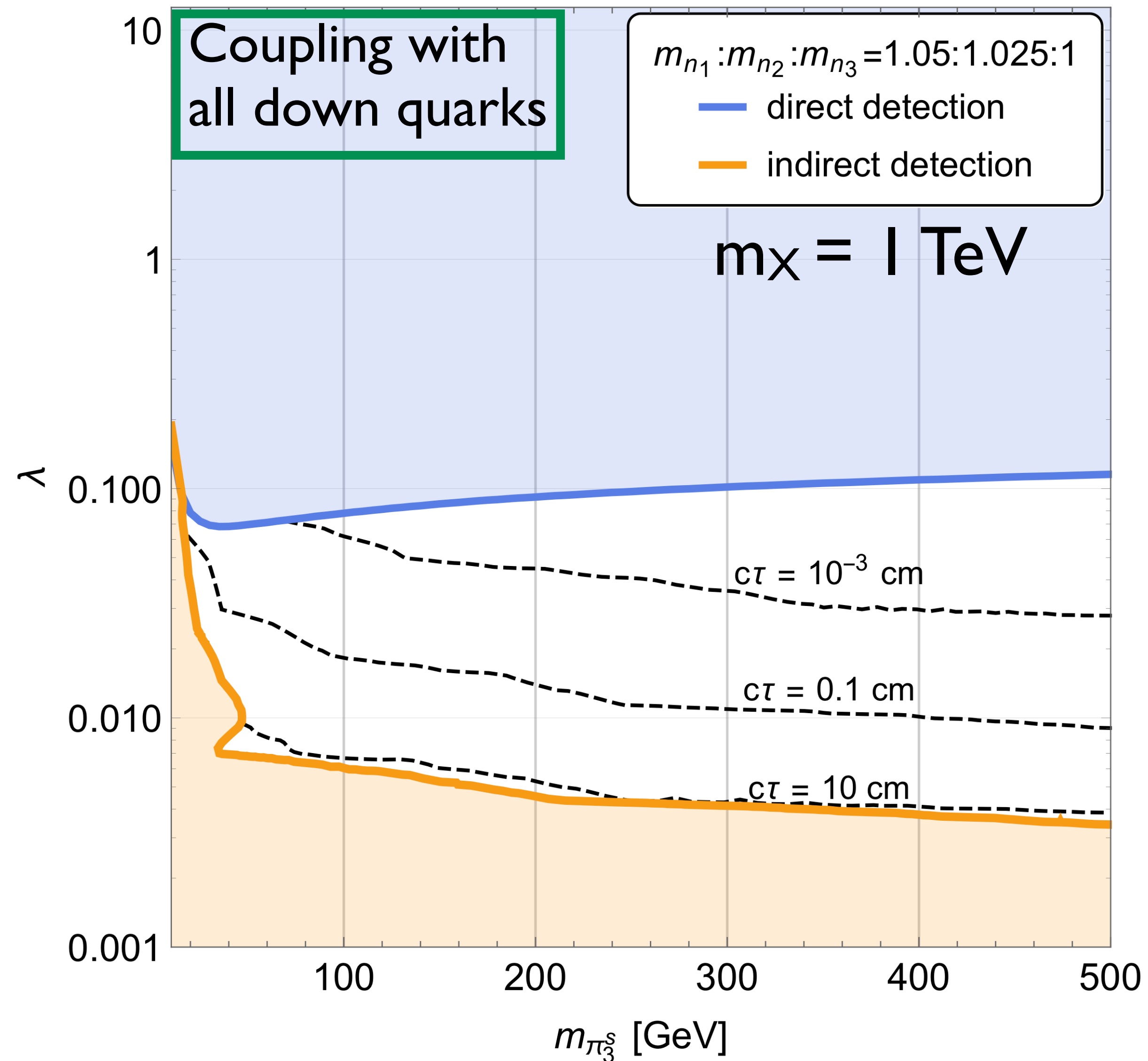
2) dwarf galaxies from Fermi-LAT [Fermi Coll. '15]

3) Positrons from AMS [AMS Coll. '14]

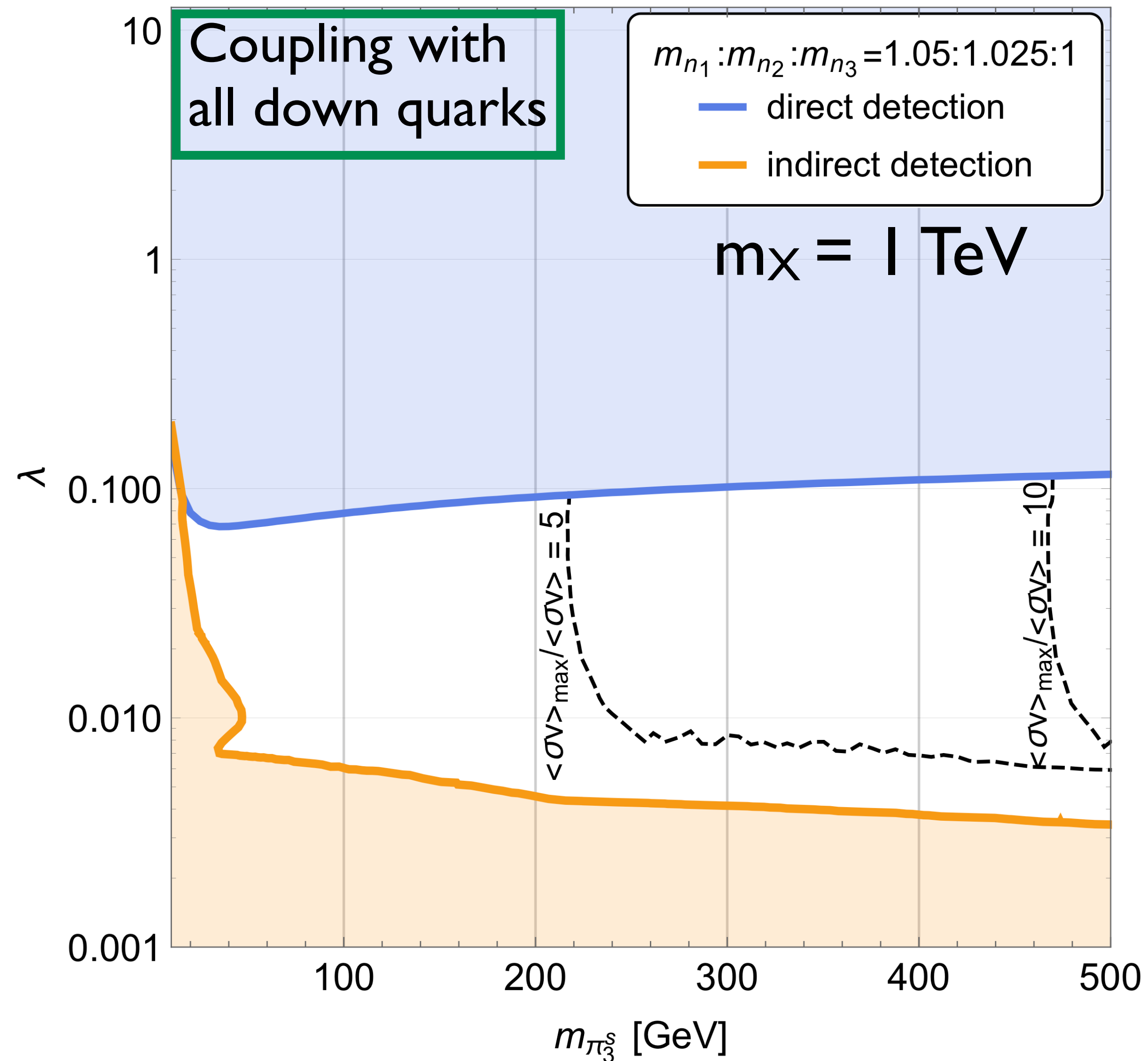
Benchmark model



Benchmark model



Benchmark model



Conclusions

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- Hidden confining dark sectors arise in many new physics models (Twin Higgs, Folded SUSY, Relaxion, DM) and lead to interesting collider signatures, such as emerging/semivisible jets.
- Stable Dark Mesons of confining sectors can be suitable DM candidates. Their parameter space can be mapped to possible exotic signatures at colliders and future indirect detection experiments.