



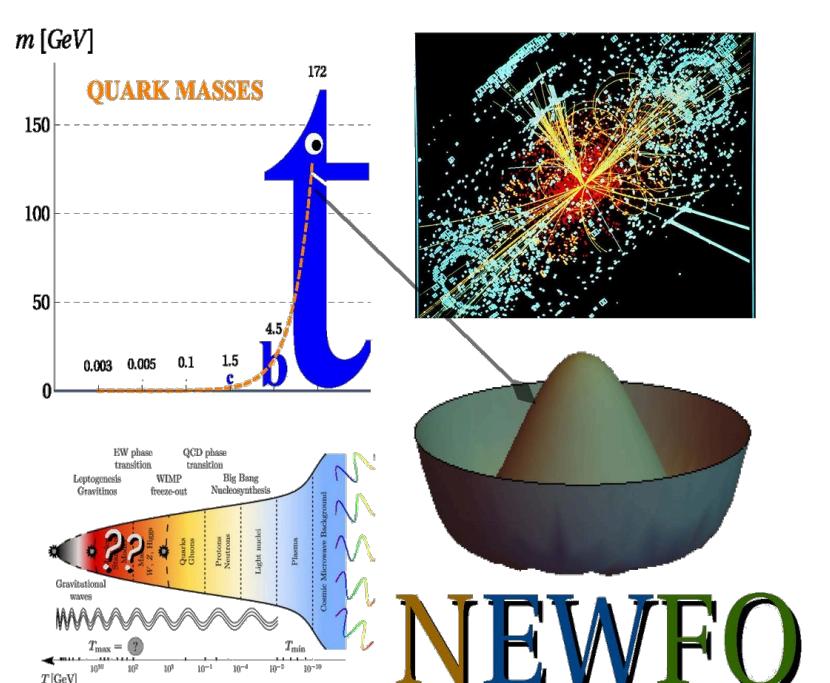
Conjugate Fermions

Restoring Naturalness in Composite Higgs Models

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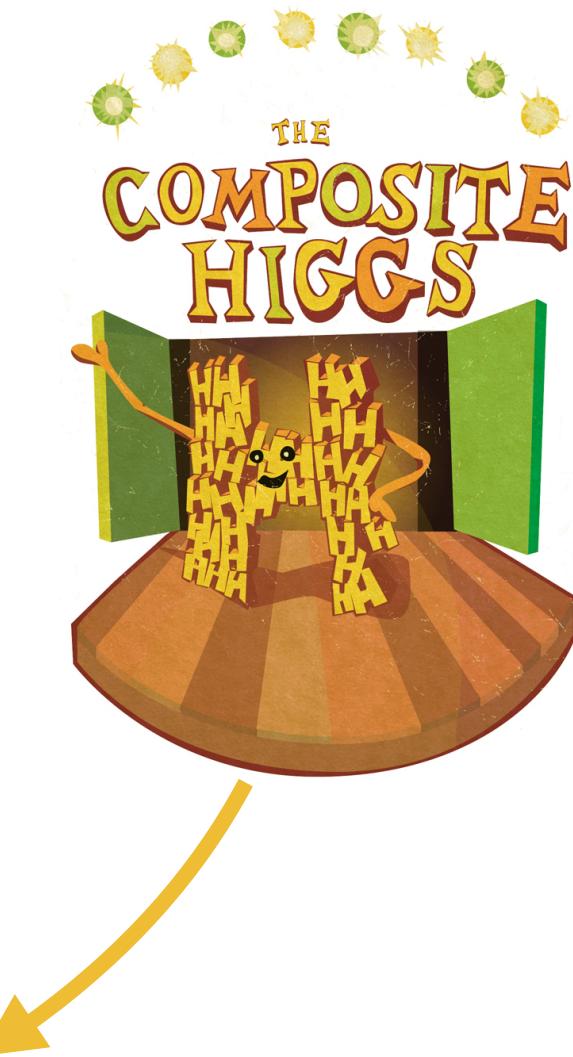
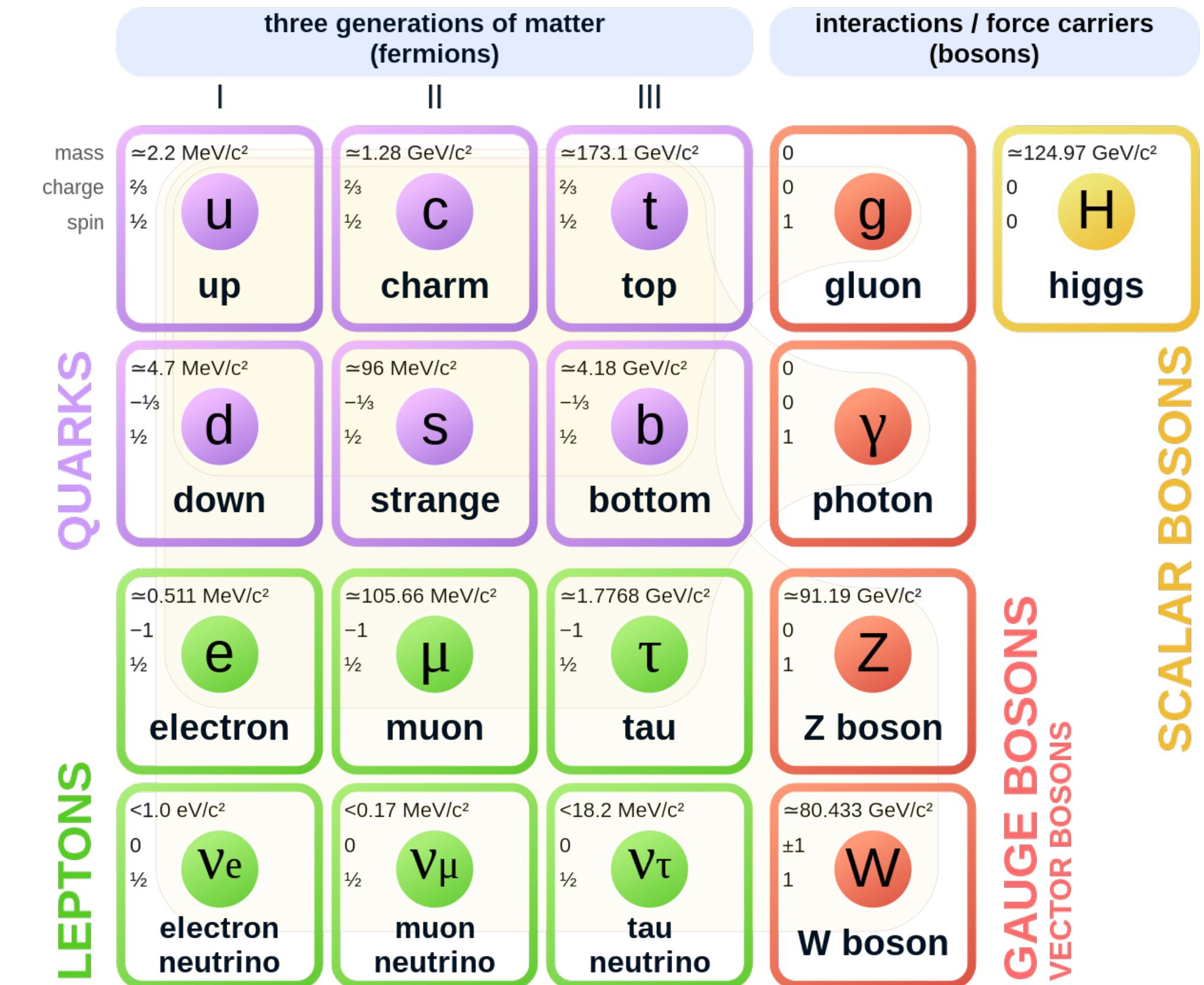
NEWFO

Content...

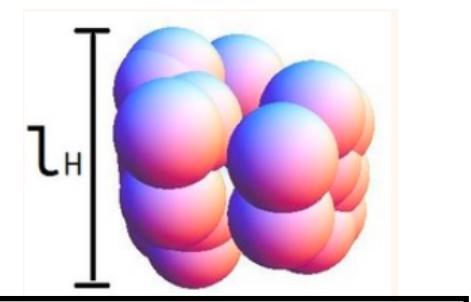
...of the talk:

- Composite Higgs
- Mirror Fermion Mechanism
- Explicit Model
- Numerical Scan
- Phenomenology of Exotics
- Outlook

...of the Standard Model:



Composite Higgs

Corrections @ $\mathcal{O}(\text{TeV})$ 

Analogue:
Pions in QCD

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \mathcal{L}_{\text{el}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{comp}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{mix}}$$

Higgs
↑

$$G^{\text{SSB}} \rightarrow H \supset G_{\text{SM}}$$

n degrees of freedom
(# broken generators)

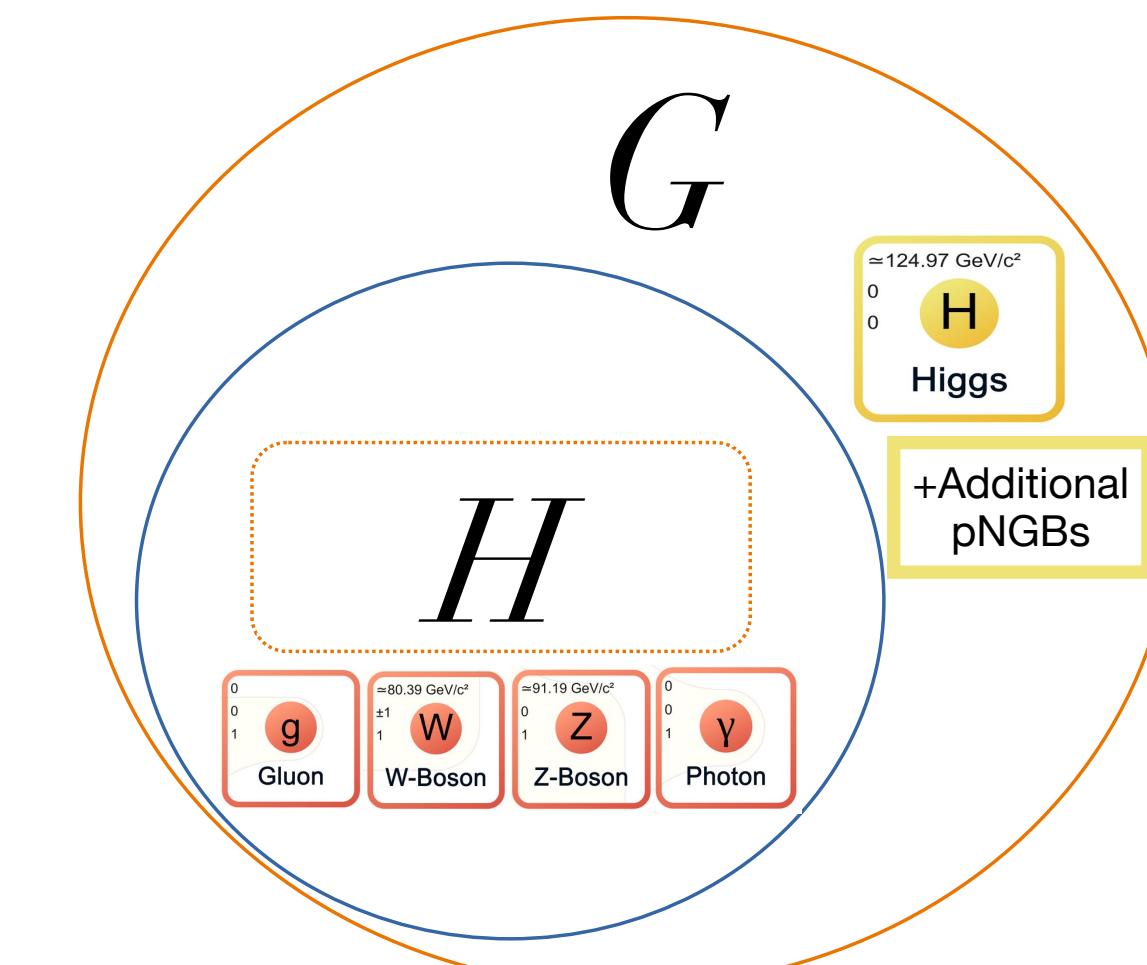


Higgs Doublet H
 $(1, 2)_{1/2}$

additional pNGBs

(4 dof)

(n-4 dof)



Higgs as a pseudo-Nambu Goldstone Boson

No tree-level potential \Rightarrow naturally light Higgs
(protected by shift symmetry & compositeness)

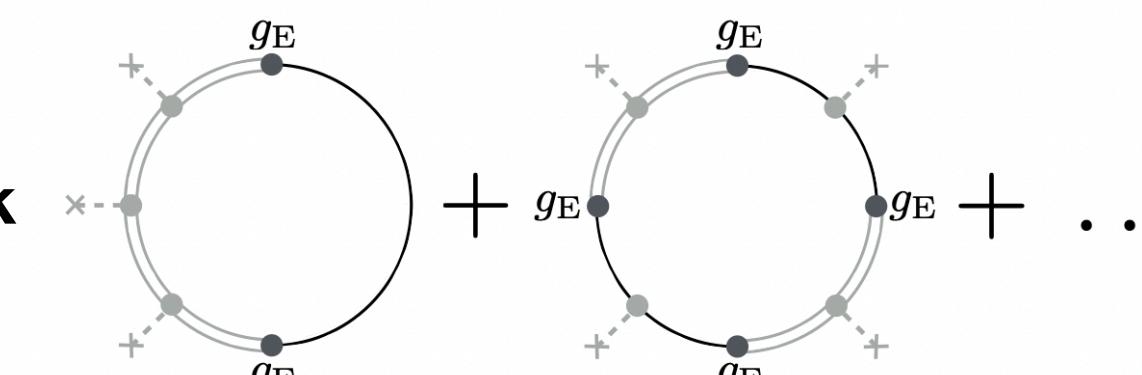
Partial Compositeness

Lightest Mass Eigenstates:
SM Fields

Other Mass Eigenstates:
Composite Partners

Explicit Breaking of global symmetry
by SM fields which transform under
 G_{SM} but not G

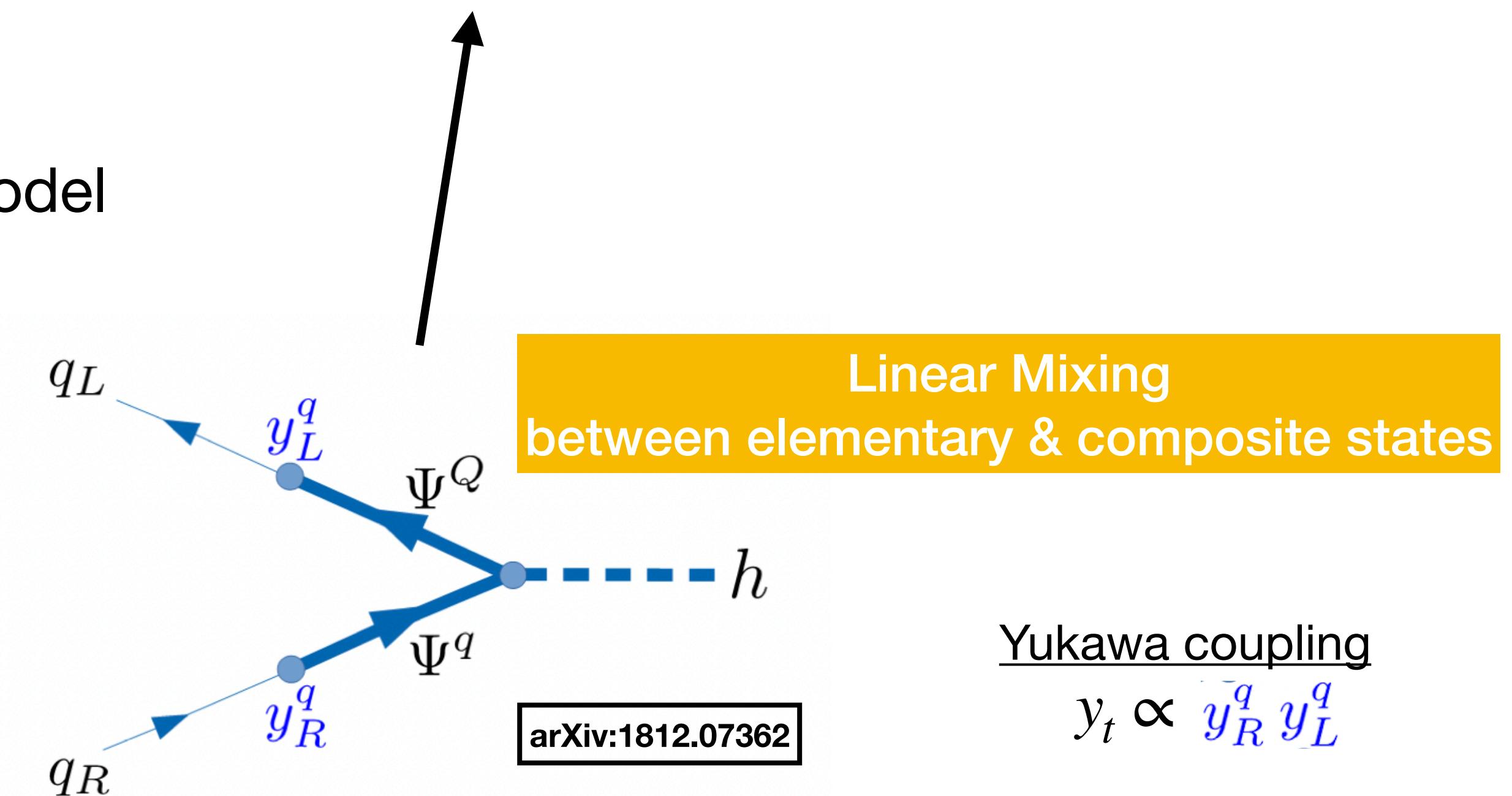
main source: top quark



arXiv:1506.01961

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \mathcal{L}_{\text{el}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{comp}} + \mathcal{L}_{\text{mix}}$$

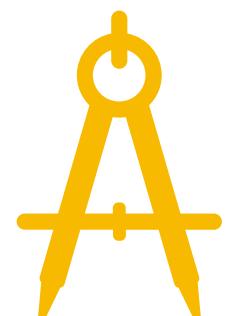
Standard Model

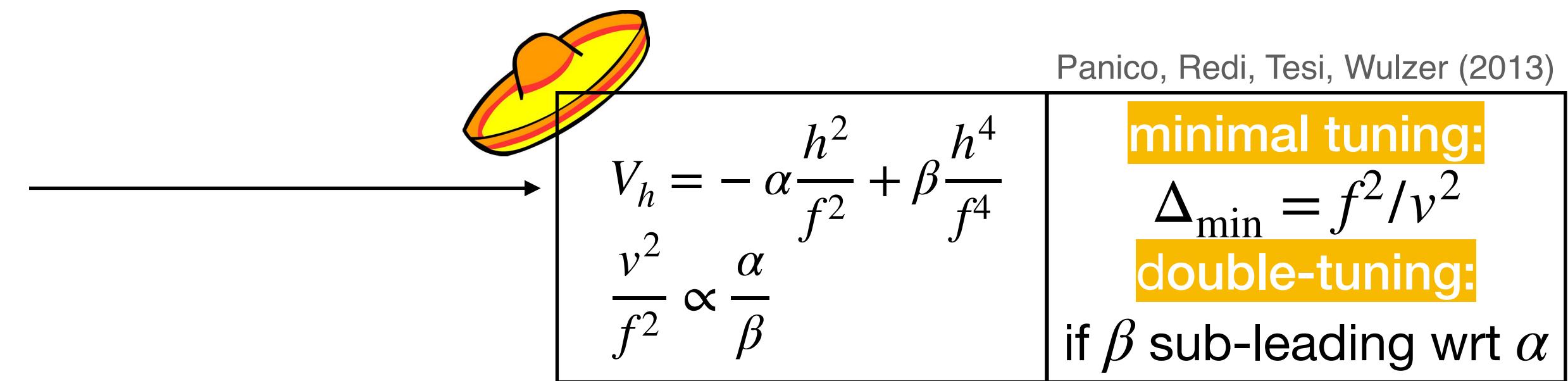


$$|\text{SM}_n\rangle = \cos \varphi_n |\text{elementary}_n\rangle + \sin \varphi_n |\text{composite}_n\rangle$$

After **EWSB**: masses for SM fermions induced

Common CH Problems

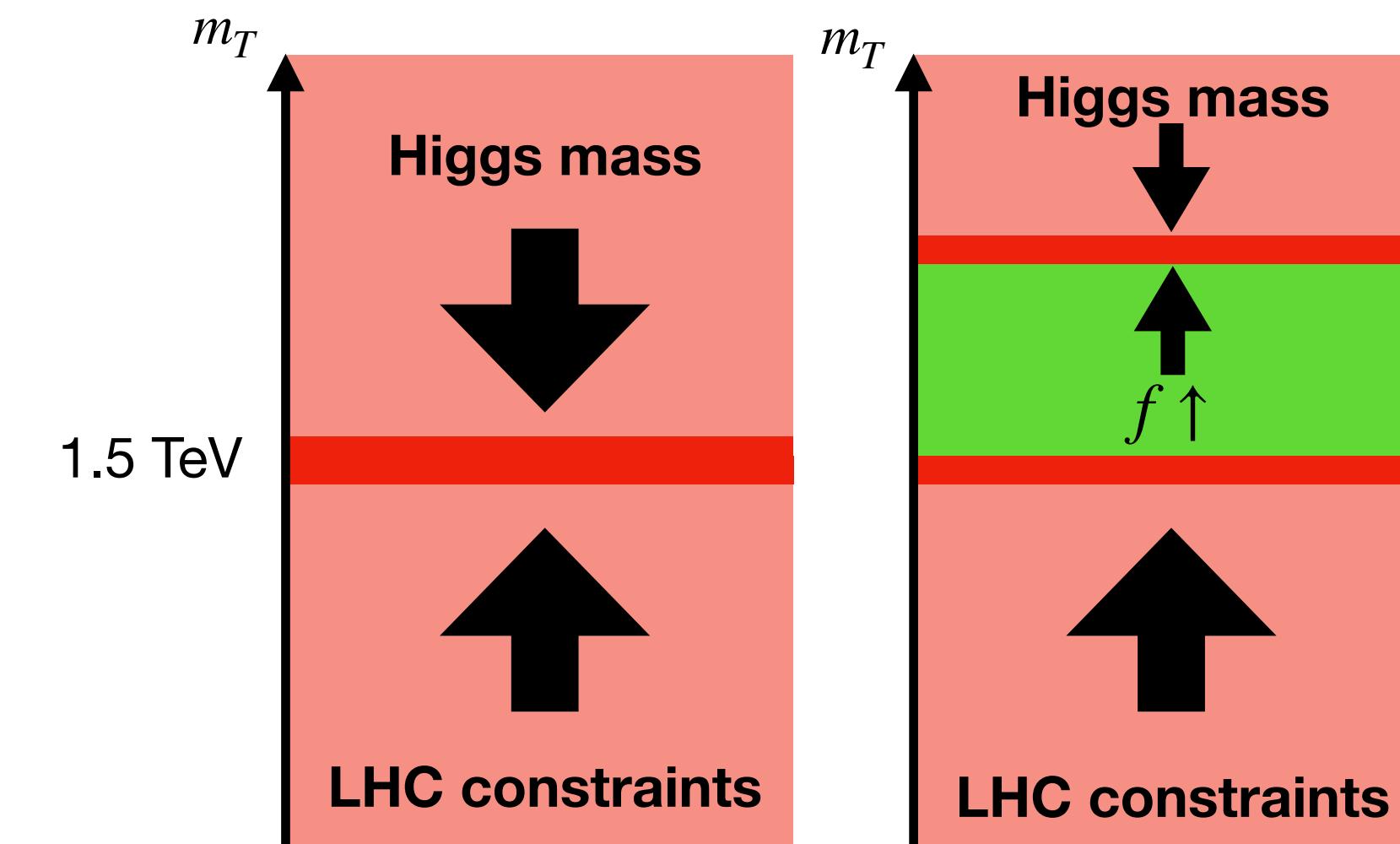
-  tuning Higgs potential
-  LHC constraints
on light composite resonances



CMS, arXiv:2209.0737;
ATLAS, arXiv:2210.15413;
+many more!

Composite partners decay
preferably to heavy SM fields
 \Rightarrow Sensitive to collider searches:
top partner mass ≥ 1.5 TeV

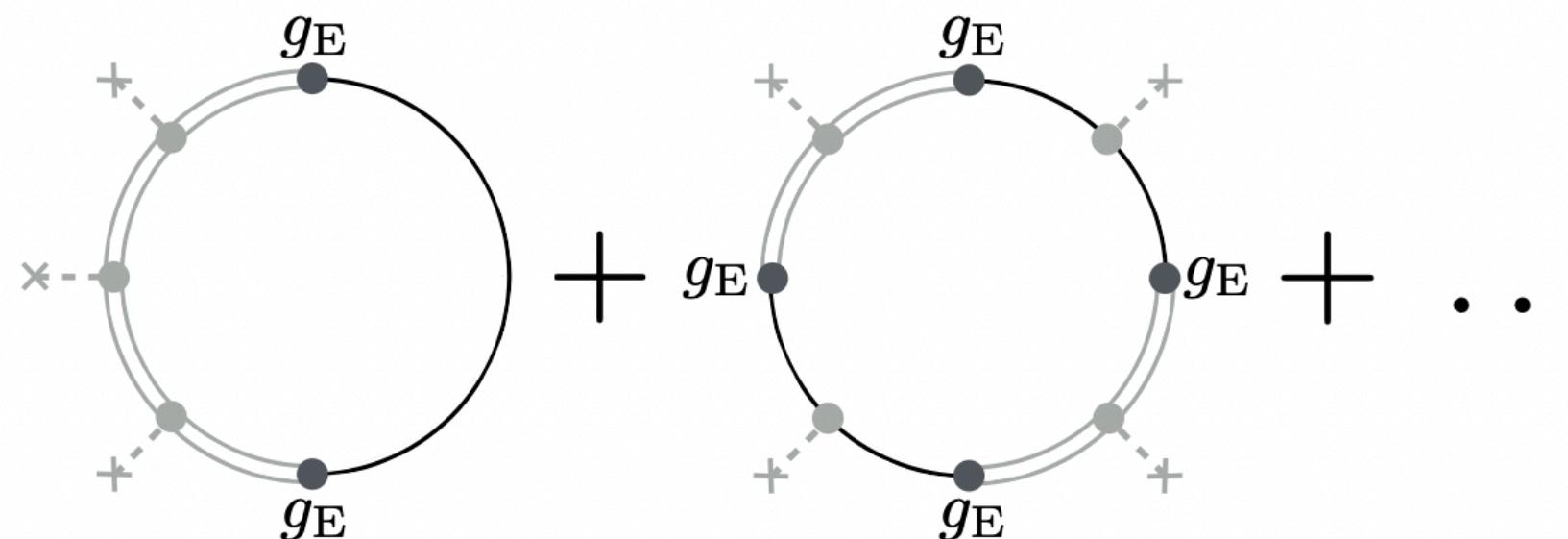
$$m_H \propto \frac{\min(m_T)}{f} m_t$$



Mirror Fermions

Mechanism

The quadratic contribution of a chiral fermion ψ to the pNGB potential of a coset G/H is cancelled when a new chiral fermion ψ' with conjugated gauge quantum numbers is added, called mirror fermion, if the fermions talk to the same composite operator in a real representation \mathbf{R} of the group G which decomposes as $\mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{C}}$ under H , with \mathbf{C} a complex representation and $\bar{\mathbf{C}}$ its complex conjugate.



Explicitly:
We can cancel the quadratic contribution
of the top quark to the Higgs potential!

Mirror Fermions

Proof

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{PC}} = \lambda \bar{\psi} \Delta \mathcal{O}^{\mathbf{R}} + \lambda' \bar{\psi}' \Delta' \mathcal{O}^{\mathbf{R}} + \text{h.c.}$$

CCWZ mechanism: Callan, Coleman, Wess, Zumino (1969)

how to write general low-energy effective Lagrangians

spurions: elementary fields embedded in incomplete G multiplets

$$\Delta^{(i)}_D = \begin{cases} 1 & i \in \{\alpha\} \quad (i \in \{\dot{\alpha}\}) \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$U^\dagger \Delta \equiv (\Delta_D^C, \Delta_{\bar{D}}^{\bar{C}})$ „dressed“ spurions

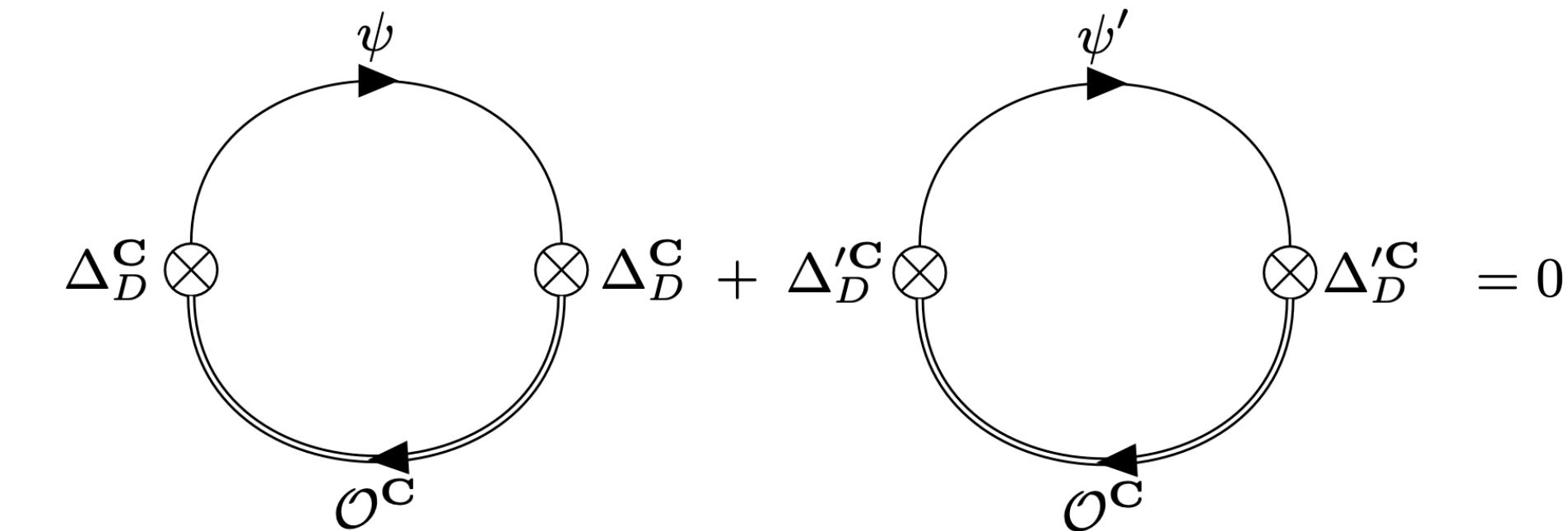
$$\mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{C}}$$

$$i \quad \alpha \quad \dot{\alpha}$$

Goldstone matrix:
 $U = \exp(i\Pi_{\hat{a}} T^{\hat{a}})$

Three ingredients why the cancellation works!

$$\mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{C}} \quad , \quad \lambda = \lambda' \quad , \quad m_E \ll m_*$$



C contribution to Higgs potential: ($\bar{\mathbf{C}}$ contribution analogously)

$$V^C \propto \lambda^2 (\Delta_D^C)^\dagger \Delta_D^C + \lambda'^2 (\Delta'_D^C)^\dagger \Delta'_D^C$$

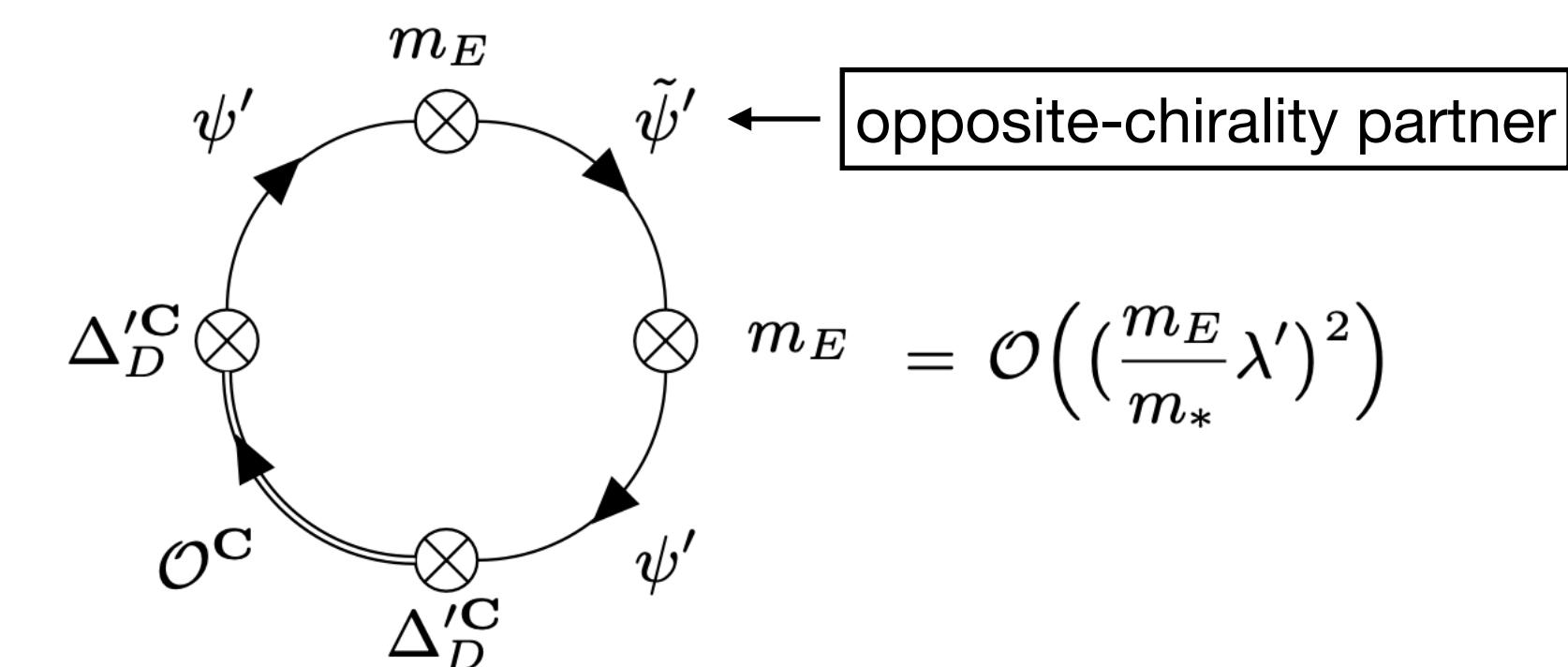
$$(\Delta_D^C)^\dagger \Delta_D^C = (\Delta'_D^C)^\dagger \Delta'_D^C \quad \mathbf{R} \rightarrow \mathbf{C} \oplus \bar{\mathbf{C}}$$

$\lambda = \lambda'$
Unitarity of U

$$\propto \lambda^2 (\Delta_D^C)^\dagger \Delta_D^C + \lambda'^2 (\Delta_{\bar{D}}^{\bar{C}})^\dagger \Delta_{\bar{D}}^{\bar{C}} \propto \lambda^2 \Delta^\dagger U U^\dagger \Delta \stackrel{!}{=} \lambda^2 N$$

No contribution at leading order to Higgs potential!

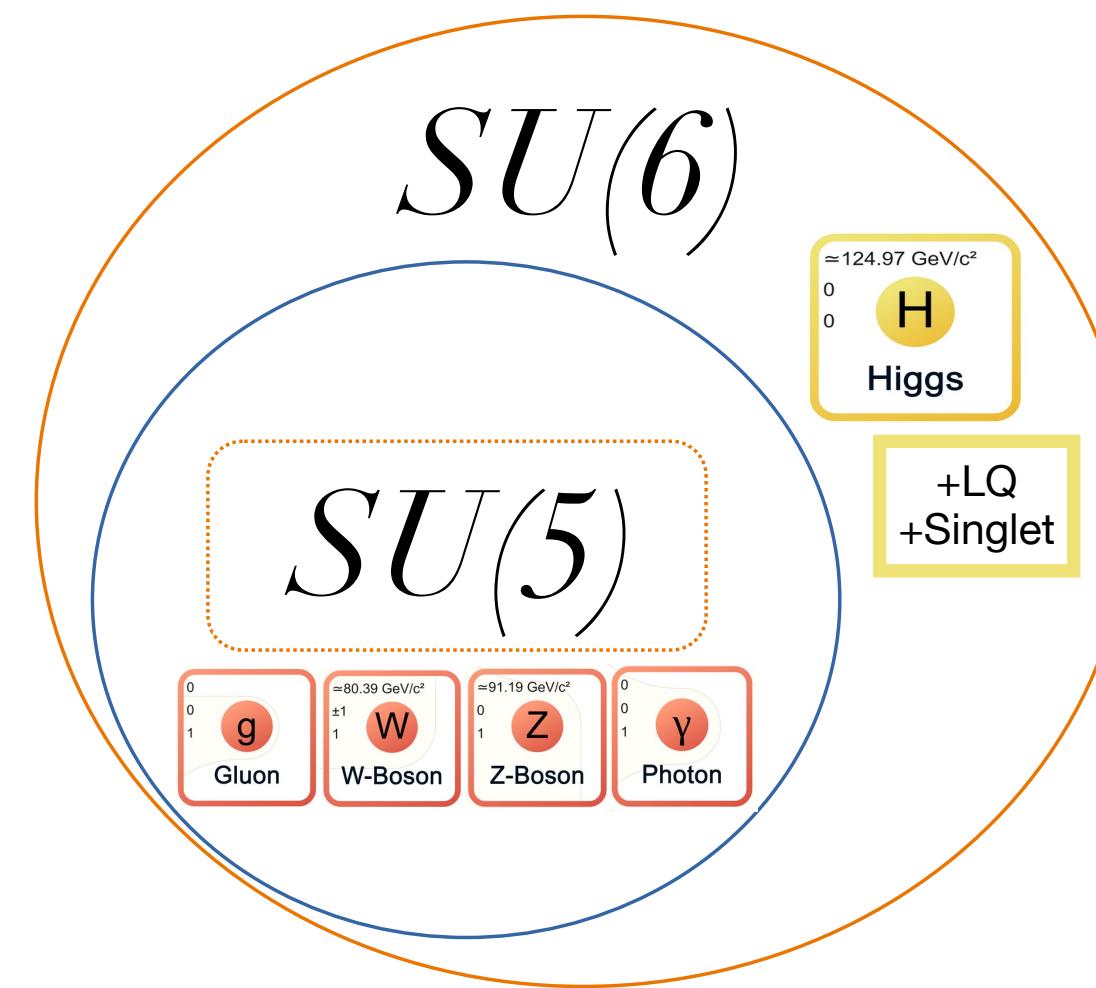
Dirac mass for mirror fermion necessary
 \Rightarrow additional contribution to potential



Mirror Fermions

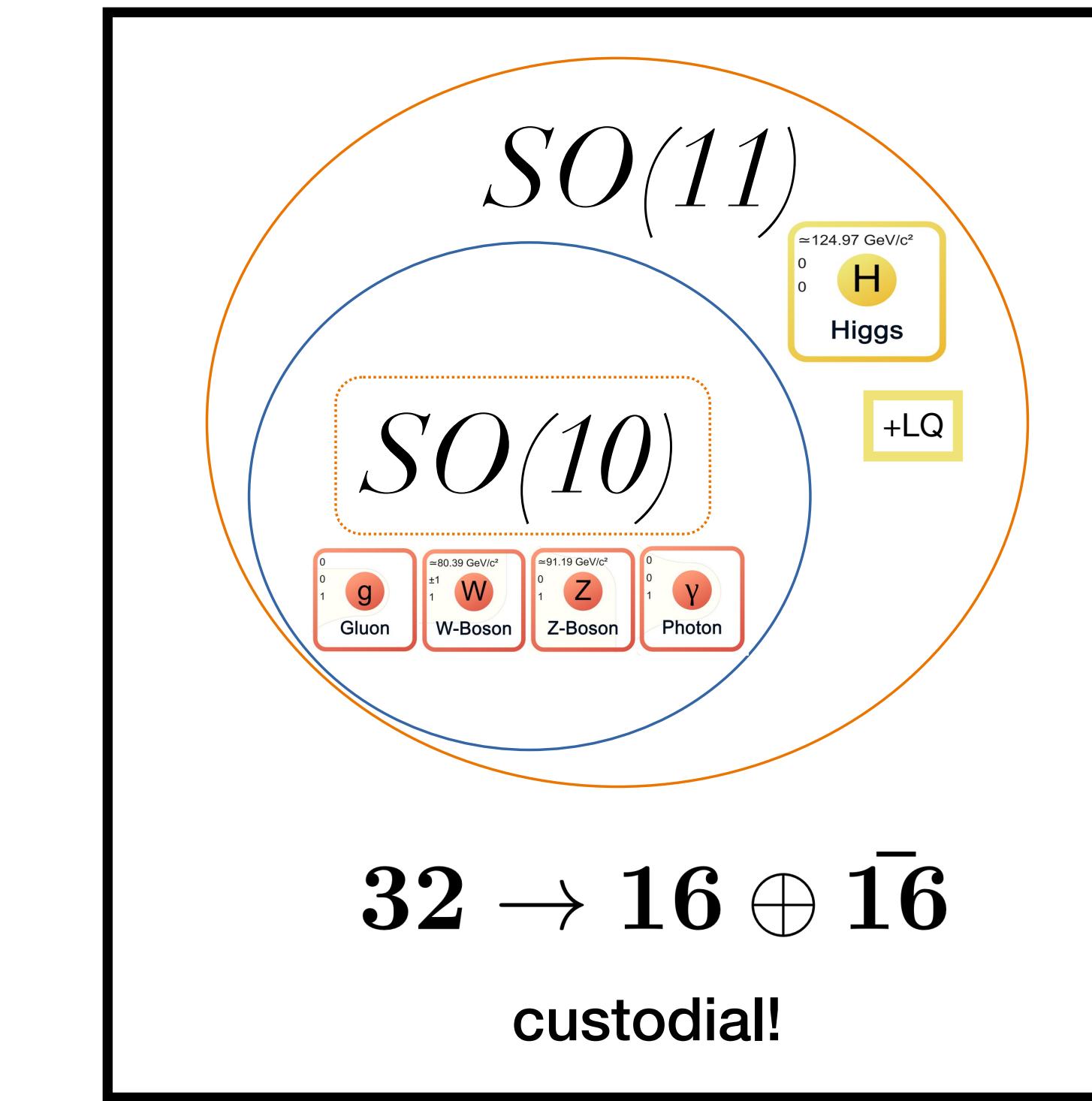
Explicit Model - Composite Grand Unified Theories

minimal:



$$20 \rightarrow 10 \oplus \bar{10}$$

non-custodial \Rightarrow tree-level corrections to T parameter



q_L

ω_R

$$10 \rightarrow (3, 2)_{1/6} \oplus (3^*, 1)_{-2/3} \oplus (1, 1)_1$$

$$10^* \rightarrow (3^*, 2)_{-1/6} \oplus (3, 1)_{2/3} \oplus (1, 1)_{-1}$$

θ_L

t_R

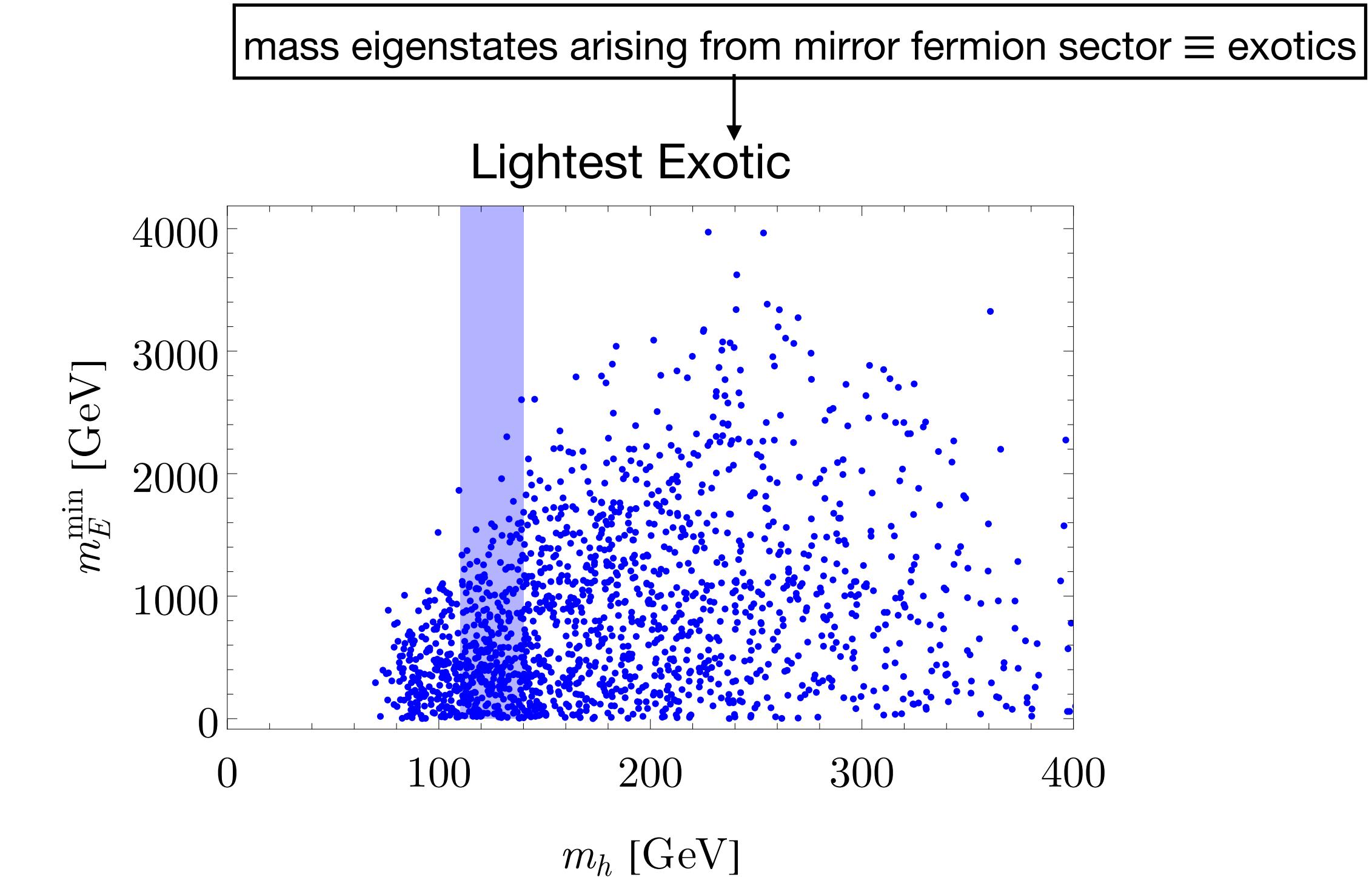
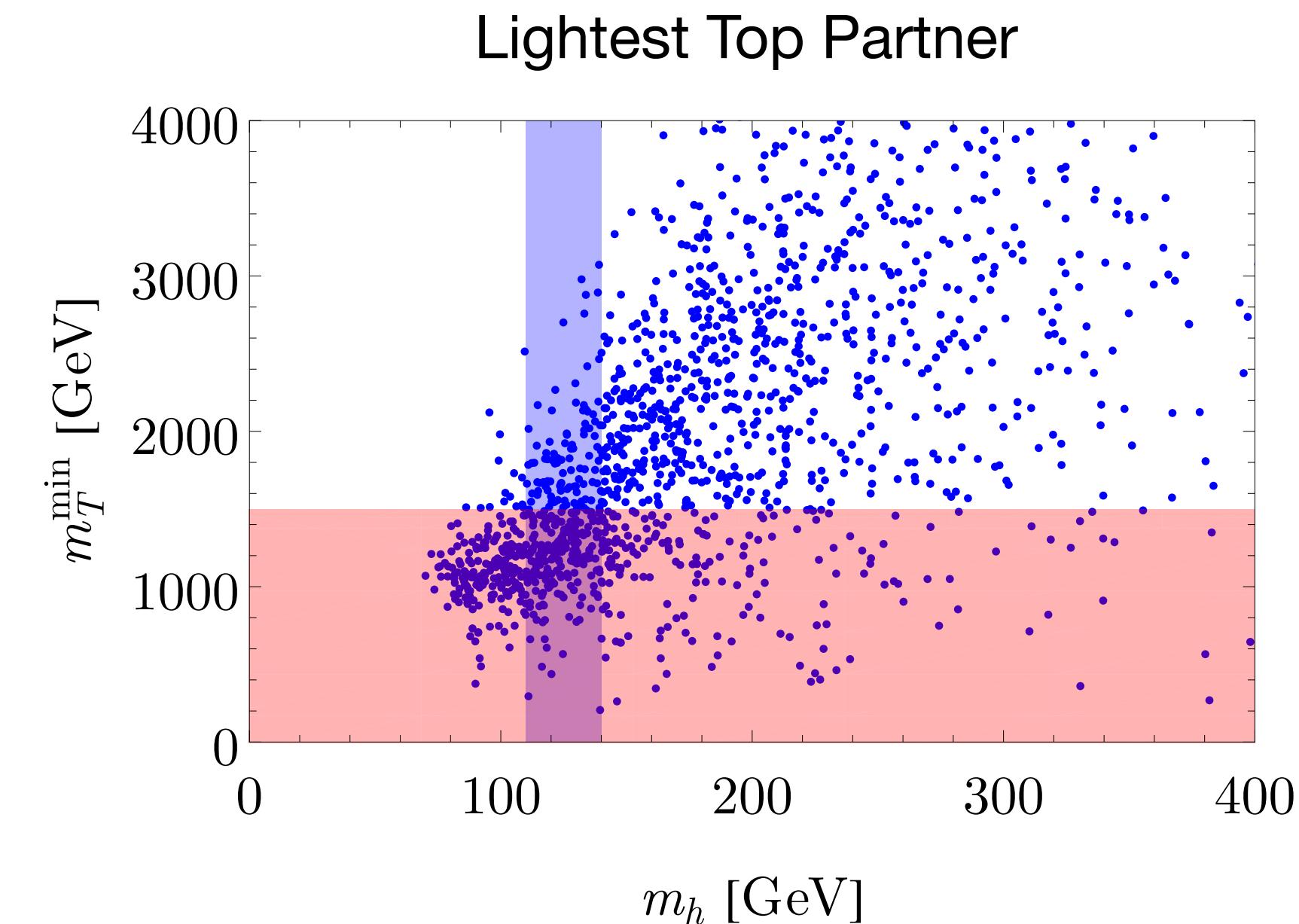
Scan:
 $f = 1600 \text{ GeV}$
 $\lambda_L = \lambda_R$
 $m_t(f) \sim 150 \text{ GeV}$
 parameter range [-5 f, 5 f]
 b_R included

Anglescu, Bally, Goertz, MH
 arXiv:2309.05698

Mirror Fermions

Numerical Scan

Top Partner $\geq 1500 \text{ GeV}$
 CMS, arXiv:2209.0737;
 ATLAS, arXiv:2210.15413;
 +many more!



Coleman-Weinberg potential

$$V(H) = -\frac{2N_c}{8\pi^2} \int dp p^3 \log \left[\prod_i (p^2 + m_i^2(H)) \right]$$

in 3-site model

Arkani-Hamed, Cohen, Georgi (2001); Panico, Wulzer (2011)



Top Partners can be heavy
 \Rightarrow no conflict with LHC limits

Scan:
 $f = 1600 \text{ GeV}$
 $\lambda_L = \lambda_R$
 $m_t(f) \sim 150 \text{ GeV}$
 parameter range $[-5f, 5f]$
 b_R included

Anglescu, Bally, Goertz, MH
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Mirror Fermions

Fine-Tuning

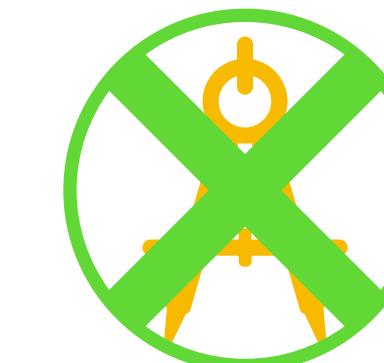
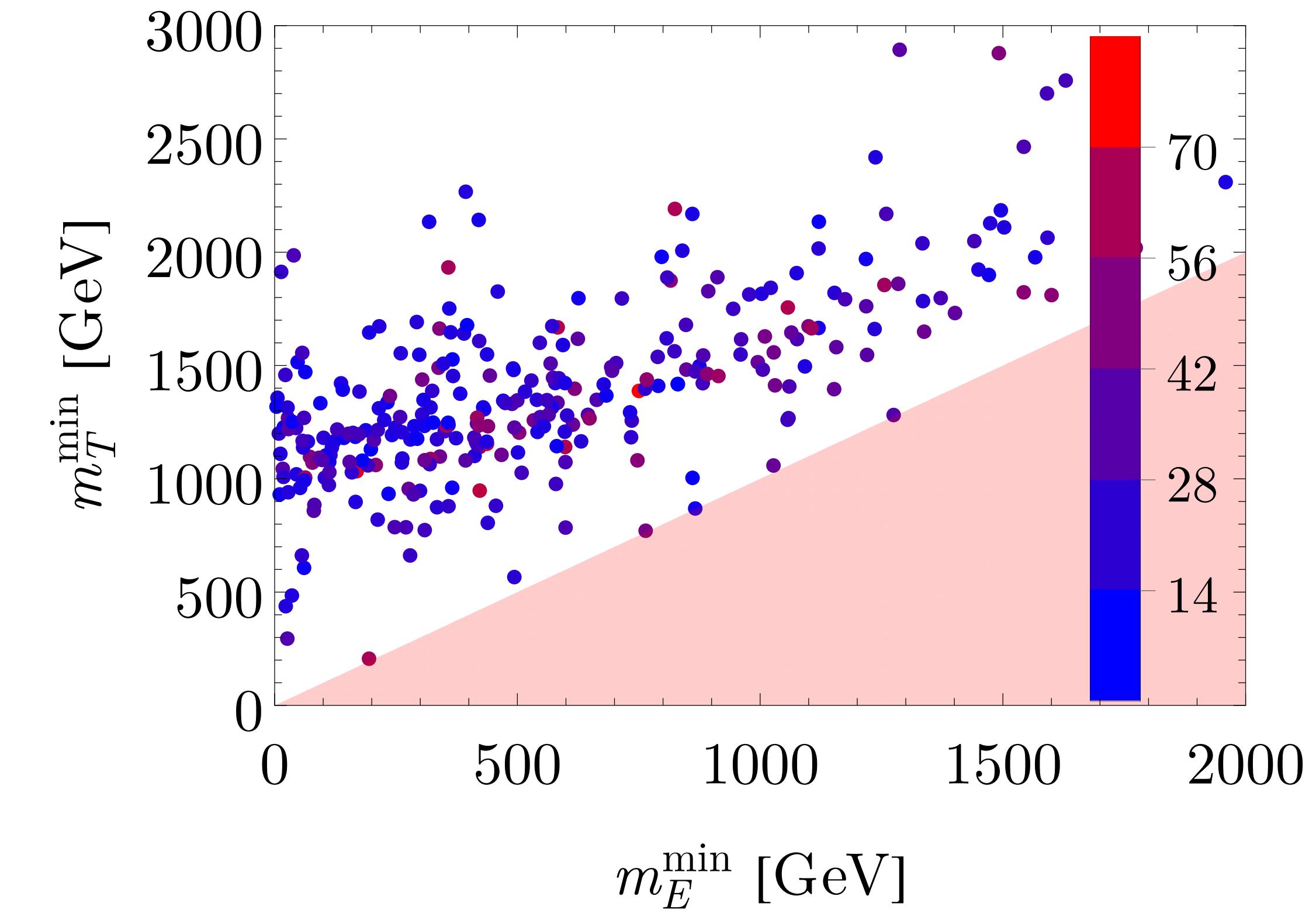
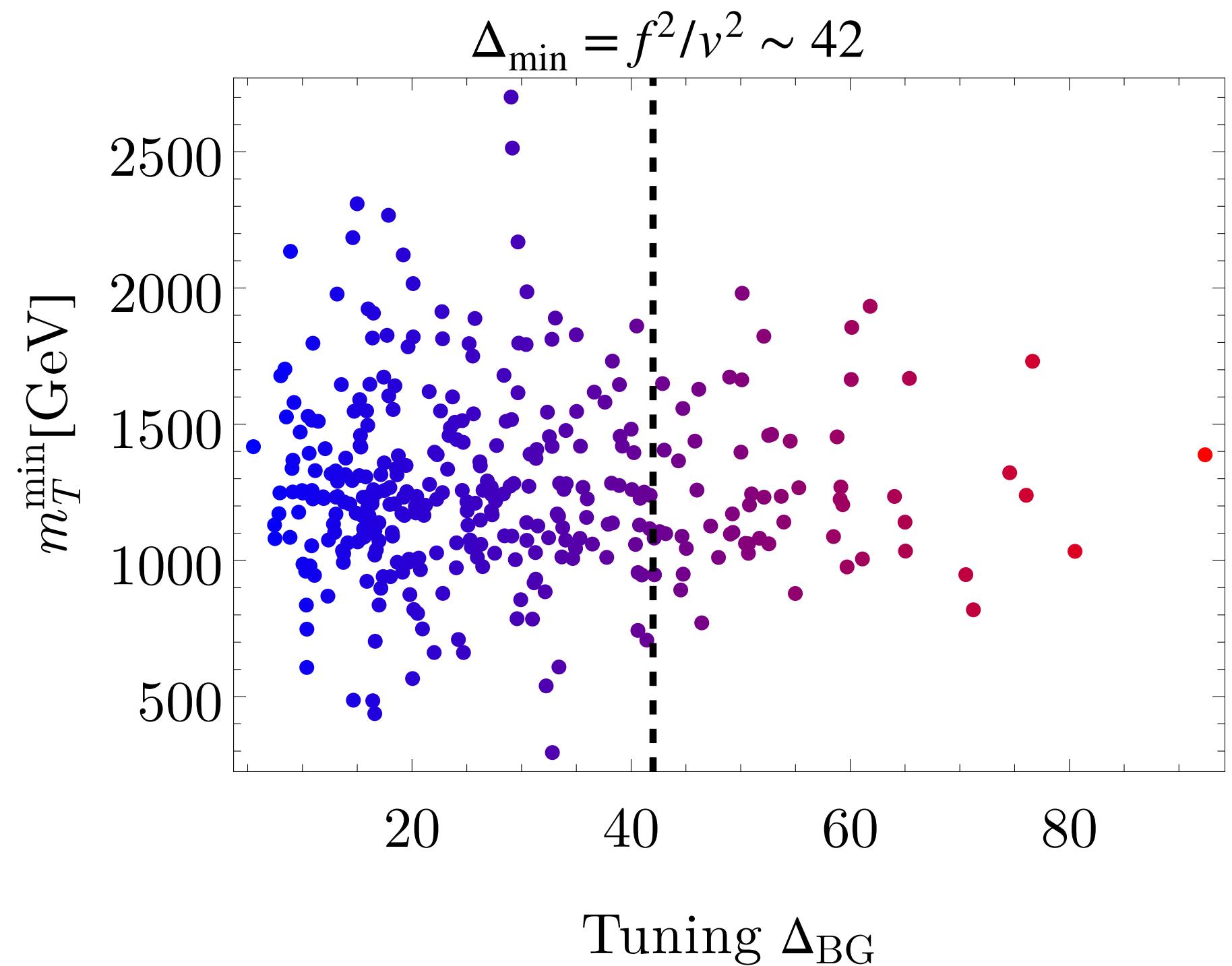
Top Partner $\geq 1500 \text{ GeV}$

CMS, arXiv:2209.0737; ATLAS, arXiv:2210.15413;...
+many more!

maximum sensitivity of observables to parameters
 Higgs mass + vev parameters 3-site model

$$\Delta_{\text{BG}} = \max_i \left| \frac{\partial \log O(x_i)}{\partial \log x_i} \right|$$

Barbieri & Giudice (1988)



$\Delta_{\text{BG}} \ll \Delta_{\min}$
 \Rightarrow small tuning

Mirror Fermions

Phenomenology Exotics

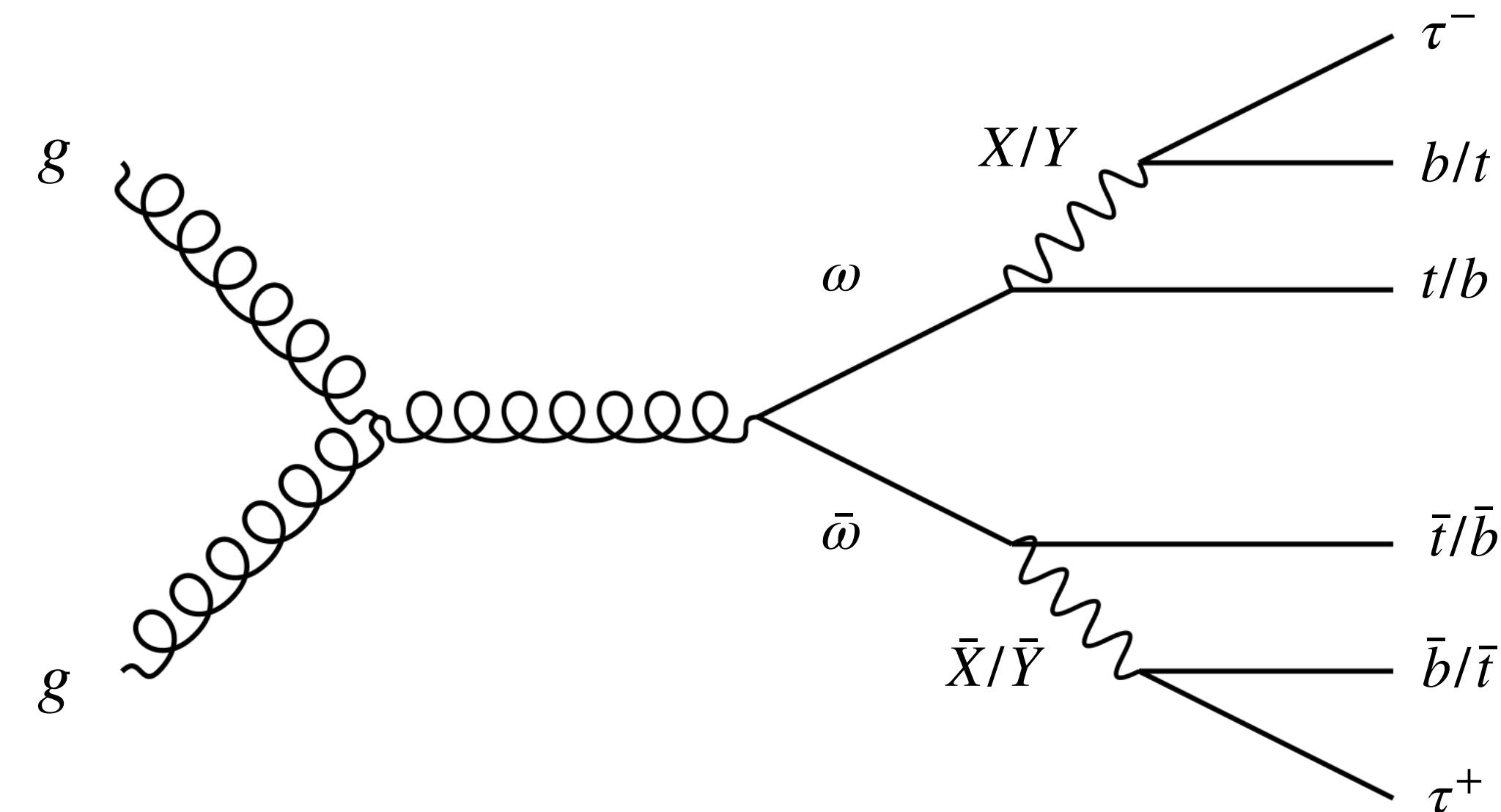
no perfect fermion unification

- accidental baryon number symmetry \Rightarrow exotics ω carry **B = 2/3!** + no proton decay

see: Angelescu, Bally, Blasi, Goertz (2021); Hosotani, Yamatsu (2015)

- baryon number & electromagnetic charge conservation lead to **6 particle final state!**

$$\omega\bar{\omega} \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}\tau^+\tau^-$$



- To the best of our knowledge: no dedicated search at LHC



baryon number is global symmetry
 \Rightarrow no proton decay



unexplored signature for exotic decay
 \Rightarrow no existing LHC limits

Conclusion

Hope for Naturalness at the LHC!

- Novel mechanism to cancel quadratic contribution to the Higgs potential with unexplored signatures

$$R \rightarrow C \oplus \bar{C}$$

- Common Problems solved

- CH {
-  tuning Higgs potential
 -  LHC constraints on light composite resonances
 -  proton decay

Mirror Fermion Mechanism

Top partners can be heavy
+ Unexplored signature of exotic decay

Baryon Number Conservation

Backup Slides

SU(6)

$$A_\mu = \left(\begin{array}{cc|cc|cc|c} (++) & (++) & (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (-) \\ (++) & (++) & (+-) & (+-) & (+-) & (-) \\ \hline (+-) & (+-) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (-) \\ (+-) & (+-) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (-) \\ (+-) & (+-) & (++) & (++) & (++) & (-) \\ \hline (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) & (-) \end{array} \right)$$

Anglescu, Bally, Goertz, MH
arXiv:2309.05698

Mirror Fermions

Holographic Completion

- Higgs: 5th component of 5D gauge field in warped space-time

$$A_M^A = \begin{pmatrix} A_\mu^A \\ A_5^A \end{pmatrix}$$

Gluon	$\approx 80.39 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 91.19 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	Photon
W-Boson	± 1	0	
Z-Boson	1	0	
Higgs	$\approx 124.97 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	

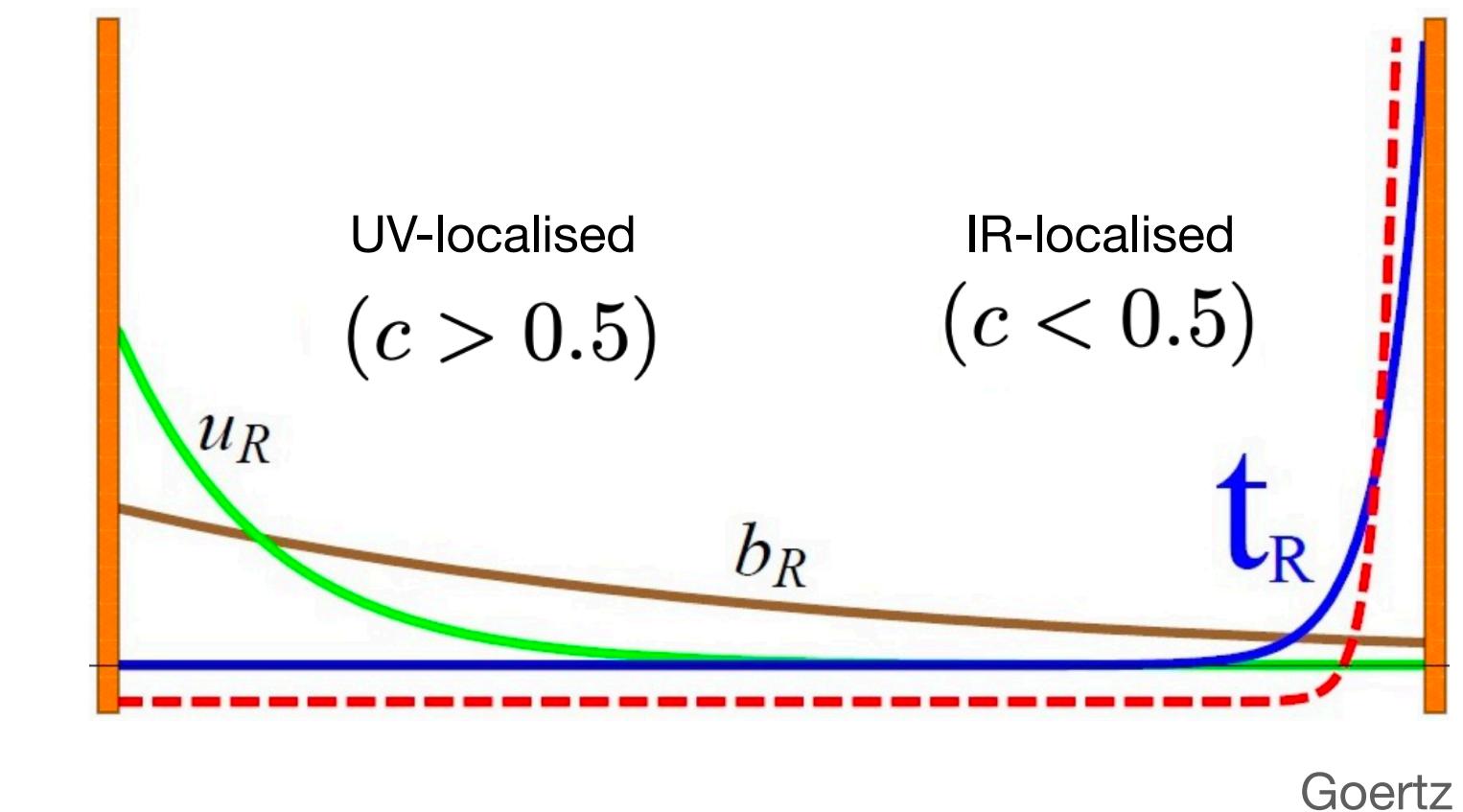
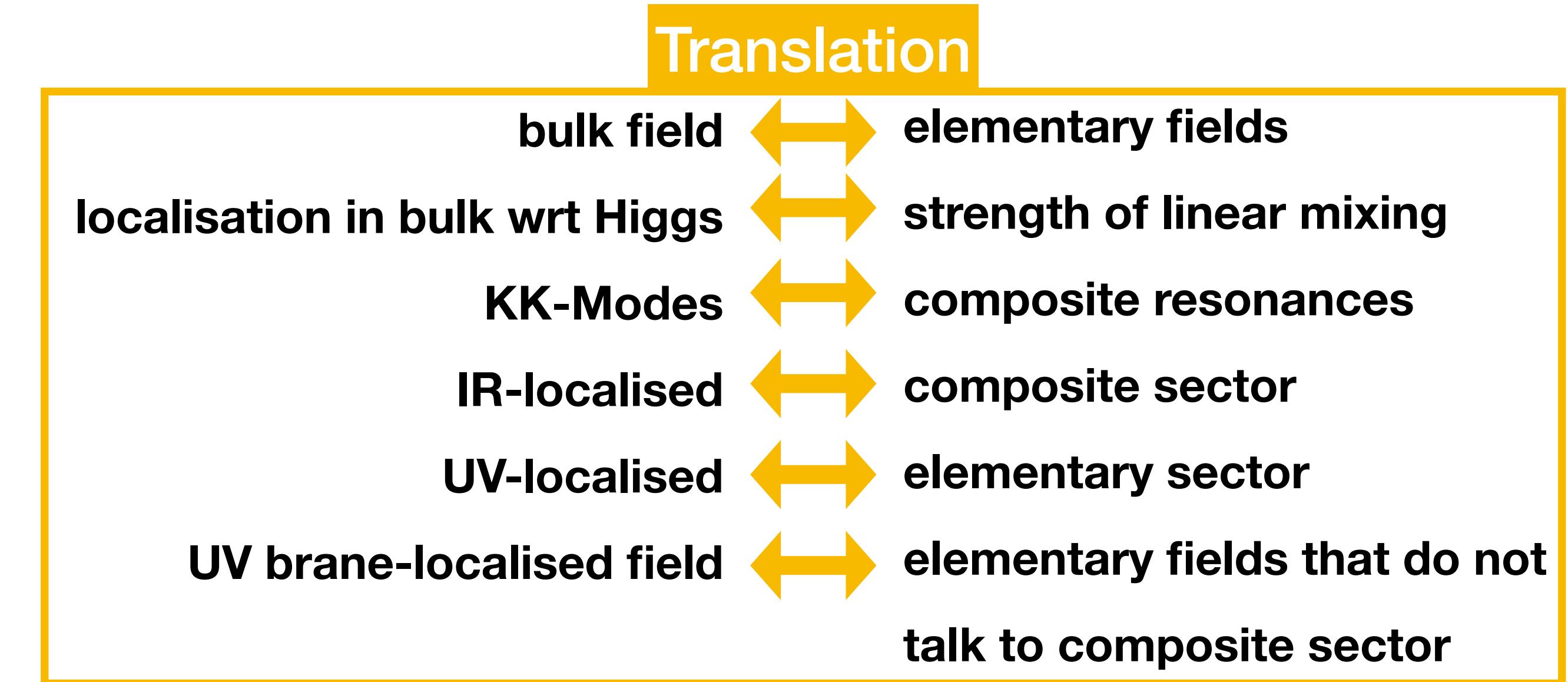
- t_R IR-localised $\Rightarrow m_E$ small

$$m_E \sim \frac{M_{\text{UV}}}{R} \times \begin{cases} 1 & (c > 0.5) \\ (R'/R)^{c-1/2} (1 - c) & (c < 0.5) \end{cases}$$

- fermion & mirror fermion in same bulk field \Rightarrow same localisation $\Rightarrow \lambda = \lambda'$

Metric

$$ds^2 = (R/z)^2 (\eta_{\mu\nu} dx^\mu dx^\nu - dz^2)$$



Conserved Baryon Number

- q_L and u_R in separate H multiplets
 \Rightarrow interaction via X/Y not possible $\Rightarrow p \rightarrow \pi_0 + e^+$ not possible
- hidden baryon symmetry: B conserved at each vertex \Rightarrow proton stable to all orders in perturbation theory
- consistently assigning baryon number to SM fields $\Rightarrow B = 2/3$ for exotics!
- symmetry is anomalous, but can be gauged Agashe, Servant (2004); Agashe, Servant (2005)

Higgs-Gluon Coupling

Contribution from Exotics

- loop corrections to Higgs-gluon coupling

Ellis, Gaillard, Nanopoulos (1976)

$$\delta g_{Hgg} \propto \sum_{M_i > m_H} \frac{Y_{ii}}{M_i}$$

from new heavy fermions with $M_i > m_H$: Azatov, Galloway (2012)

$$\delta g_{Hgg}^{\text{ex}} \sim \frac{\partial \log(\det M_{\text{ex}})}{\partial v} = 0$$

not trivial! reason: opposite-chirality partners do not talk directly to Higgs