Searches for Dark Matter at ATLAS

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Outline



Normal Matter

Collider Production

Indirect Detection

Early Universe Annihilation

Direct Detectior

ark Matter

Motivation for Dark Matter @ LHC

- A thermal relic of the Early Universe → Detectors capable of measuring weak-scale interactions with SM
- Focus on WIMP model for dark matter: weakly interacting, massive (non relativistic), stable



Simplified Models at LHC [1507.00966]





Lagrangian parameters



	spin 0	spin 1
charge Q	Q = 0 for s-channel	
mass	unknown	
Mediator A	Н,Ф	γ,Ζ,Ζ'
Lorentz structure	scalar pseudoscalar	vector axial-vector
coupling	∝ mass	∝ charge
Example channel	DM+HF	Di-jet

g _q q̄qA	$g_{DM} \overline{\chi} \chi A$
matter-mediator	DM-mediator
$g_q m_q m_{med}$	$g_{\text{DM}}m_{\text{DM}}m_{\text{med}}$
	3 4 redundant

Matrix element = 4 parameters 2d exclusion plot must assume 2 other params

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 $\sigma_{DM-p}^{SD} \approx (g_q \cdot g_{DM} \cdot \frac{m_{DM}}{m_{end}^2})^2$

$CERN_LPCC_2016_001$

Complementarity

Generic features of results **non-**LHC vs LHC! [1703.05703]





Total Integrated Luminosity [fb^{-†}

50–

40

30

20

10

18/04



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Atlas detector and Run-II @ LHC

o LHC started run-2 in 2015 proton vs proton @ √s=13 TeV

ATLAS Online Luminosity

16/05 13/06 11/07 08/08 05/09

LHC Delivered ATLAS Recorded

Total Delivered: 38.9 fb⁻¹ Total Recorded: 36.0 fb⁻¹

 Parton luminosity for producing massive states is greatly enhanced -> great opportunity for searches!

√s = 13 TeV

Almost 40fb⁻¹ of data collected by the ATLAS experiment with excellent performance



03/10 31/10



How to look for dark matter?

- WIMPs can only be recognised as missing energy at the LHC
- $\circ \qquad \mbox{Need for a recoiling object: jets, W/Z} \\ \gamma, \mbox{Higgs boson}$
- Focus on simplified models and searches in event signatures denoted as Mono-X for:









Tools for Mono-X searches

It is indirect measurement of WIMP or $v \rightarrow very$ relevant for DM searches

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In these searches **missing transverse momentum** $\mathcal{E}_T \rightarrow p_T(\chi\chi)$, reconstruction of jets, identifications of bosons are the key ingredients

Missing transverse momentum (E_T) is the p_T imbalance of the reconstructed physics objetcts:

$$E_{x(y)}^{miss} = -p_{x(y)}^{e} - p_{x(y)}^{\gamma} - p_{x(y)}^{\tau_{had}} - p_{x(y)}^{jets} - p_{x(y)}^{\mu} - p_{x(y)}^{soft}$$

PUB-2015-02

CST E_T^{miss}: Algorithm

TST ET^{miss}: Algorithm using Track Soft Term

Track E_T^{miss}: Purely reconstructed from tracks



ATLAS_CONF_2016_056





Monophoton search

Search for $pp \rightarrow \chi \chi + \gamma$ for this channel $X = \gamma$

New results with 36.1 fb⁻¹ (<u>submitted to EPJC,</u> [1704.03848])

- 1 isolated photon (pT > 150 GeV) and no leptons
- Æ_T>150GeV, at most one jet with pT >30GeV
- Combination of purely data-driven methods for fake backgrounds and MC normalized to data in specific CRs: Dominant irriducible background Z(vv)γ normalised by Z(II)γ scale factors
- o fit to \mathcal{K}_T : W/Z γ backgrounds scale factors



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Monophoton search





Monojet

Results with 3.2 fb⁻¹ (Phys Rev D 94, 032005)

Search for an abundance of events with high \mathcal{E}_{T} + high p_{T} jet + 0 leptons

- \circ E_T > 250 GeV
- At most four jets (pT > 30 GeV)
- Leading jet pT > 250 GeV 0

Dominant background: **Z(vv)+jets**: normalised via $W(\mu v)$ +jets scale factor, theory transfer uncertainty applied in signal region



Simultaneous fit to \mathcal{E}_{T} : $\rightarrow \mathcal{E}_{T}$ dependent scale factors for background normalisation





Monojet

Exclusion plot in (m_{DM}, m_{med}) and $(\sigma_{DM-proton}, m_{DM})$ 2d plane $(g_q = 0.25 g_{DM} = 1)$



Reconstruction

Tools for Mono-X searches

Run-I analysis used anti- k_T jets with **R=0.4**

Boosted topologies: two-jets overlap and form a fat-jet (R=1.0)

Jet grooming to reduce the impact of pile-up in ATLAS→ jet **trimming**:

- k_T algorithm to create sub-jets with R=0.2
- sub-jets with p_Tⁱ/p_T^{jet} < 5% are removed





Cut on substructure variables e.g. D2 (energy correlation ratio; offers separation for 1- & 2-prong decays) is applied to reduce the multijet bkg





Mono-V($V \rightarrow hadrons$)

Search for $pp \rightarrow \chi \chi + \gamma$ for this channel $\chi = W, Z$ <u>Results with 3.2 fb⁻¹</u> (Phys. Lett. B 763 (2016) <u>251</u>)

Analysis similar to monojet search but with focus on large-R jets



- Background: Z(vv) + jets, W(lv) + jets, W(lv) from top
- Select events with MET>250 GeV and boosted W/Z (pT>200 GeV)
- Require large-R jets: both decay products of W/Z contained inside large jet (R = 1.0, anti- k_t)
- large-R jet substructure described by jet mass and D2 variable (two distinct energy concentrations)







ATLAS

signal region

 10^{2}

10

10

10⁻²

10⁻³

2 1.5

 $\sqrt{s} = 13 \text{ TeV} \int Ldt = 3.2 \text{ fb}^{-1}$



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E_T^{miss}+W/Z: vector model m_{DM}=10 GeV, m_{med}=10 TeV

Data 2015

Z+iets

W∔jets Single top

Diboson

Uncertainty

Pre-fit background



No excess over SM prediction observed Results interpreted in:

EFT model

(mass scale of the model vs DM mass)

Simplified model

(observed limit on the signal strength in 2D plane of m_{med} and m_{DM})





 $Mono-Z(Z \rightarrow II)$

Search for $pp \rightarrow \chi \chi + l^+ l^-$ for this channel $\chi = Z$ <u>Results with 13.3 fb⁻¹ (ATLAS_CONF_2016_056</u>)

Signature: opposite sign leptons and $\boldsymbol{\textit{E}}_{\mathsf{T}}$

- Æ_T > 90 GeV
- boosted Z-boson with $\Delta R(II) < 1.8$, b-veto

Dominant background $ZZ \rightarrow IIvv$ from MC corrected to NNLO QCD and NLO EW calculation.

- WZ and Z+jets (small) normalised via CRs using scale factor.
- Bkg uncertainty dominated by Z+jets

Limit on DM production in simplified model for vector mediator



MonoHiggs $(H \rightarrow bb)$ Search for $pp \rightarrow \chi\chi + bb$ for this channel X = H<u>New Results with 36.1 fb⁻¹ (ATLAS_CONF_2017_028)</u>

Higgs involved in WIMP production in different models:

- coupling to heavy mediator Z'
- coupling to Z' and pseudo-scalar A (2HDM)
- Heavy scalar model
- E_T < 500 GeV: Resolved region \rightarrow two distinct b-jets
- $\mathcal{E}_{T} > 500 \text{ GeV}$: boosted Higgs \rightarrow large-R jet with substructure (as in mono-V)
- Main backgrounds: W/Z+jets, tt
- Shape-fit to mjj or mJ (boosted region) in different *E*_T bins and #b-jets







MonoHiggs $(H \rightarrow_{YY})$

Search for $pp \rightarrow \chi\chi$ + bb for this channel X = H New Results with 36.1 fb⁻¹ (ATLAS_CONF_2017_024)

Signature: Two photons with m_{γγ} in [105,160] GeV and Æ_T



- **5 categories** formed based on \mathcal{E}_T significance ($\mathcal{E}_T/\sqrt{\Sigma}E_T$) and $p_T(\gamma\gamma)$, p_T^{hard} , # of leptons and $|z_{PV}^{hard} z_{PV}^{\gamma\gamma}|$ with different sensitivity:
 - \rightarrow First category for vector Z' and 2HDM models
 - \rightarrow All categories for heavy resonce H
- Background in $m_{\gamma\gamma}$ fitted with exponential function+double sided crystal ball \rightarrow for SM Higgs resonance



Higgs \rightarrow invisible

- Direct searches for H→invisible (Vector-boson fusion,associated VH production)
- Higgs production and decay rates:

 $bb, \gamma\gamma, ZZ, WW, \mu\mu, \tau\tau$

Combined upper limit on BR(Higgs→invisible)<22%





Vector boson fusion (VBF) 20.3 fb⁻¹@ 8 TeV (JHEP01(2016)172



Higgs Strahlung (VH) 13.3 fb⁻¹@ 13 TeV (ATLAS-CONF-2016-056)



DM + Heavy Flavour Searches

Searches for bb $+ \not E_T$ and $t \not t + \not E_T$ production: \rightarrow sensitive to (pseudo-)scalar mediator

DM+bb: (ATLAS_CONF_2016_086) Results with 13.3 fb⁻¹

Signature:

Exactly two b-jets, 3rd jet veto, no leptons and \mathcal{E}_{T}

- Dominant background Z(vv) + b-jets reduced by cut Ο requiring well separated b-jets $\Delta R(b_1, b_2)$ and momentum imbalance between b-jets (Imb(b1,b2)
- Background normalization using 3 CRs: Z(vv) + bjets constrained from Z(II) + b

Limits on DM+ bb with pseudoscalar mediator (similar results for scalar mediator)



DM + Heavy Flavour Searches

DM+tt : Results for 13.2 fb⁻¹

<u>ATLAS_CONF_2016_077, 2016_050, 2016_076</u>

- In SUSY searches for stops with 0, 1 or 2 charged leptons produced limits also on DM for scalar/pseudoscalar mediator
- Many SRs, based on kinematics/topological discriminating variables, have regions dedicated to DM searches

• Similar sensitivities for 0,1,2 leptons channel







Di-jet resonance search

NEW Results with 37 fb⁻¹ ([1703.09127])

Search for resonances on m_{ii} spectrum

- Limits are set on excited quarks q*, quantum black holes, W',Z',W*, generic Gauss-shaped resonances
- $\circ~$ For simplified models: limit on coupling g_q to standard model particles as a function of the mediator mass mZ'





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Use new approaches to cover the low mass region!!

- Trigger Level Analysis (TLA) partial info stored
- Di-jet + ISR

Full Event O(1-2MB) → trigger rate too high for dijet event ATLAS **TLA**: store only jet related info (1-10 kB)



Simplified Models: Combination of Exclusion

<u>Combining dark matter searches</u> in terms of simplified models with an axial-vector mediator model:



Simplified Models: Combination of Exclusion

With non-zero coupling to leptons $g_1=0.01$ and less 'optimistic' coupling to standard model quarks: $g_q = 0.1$:



Simplified Models: Combination of Exclusion

Limit on spin-dependent WIMP-proton scattering cross section:



Summary and Outlook



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- A variety of dark matter searches carried out throughout 2015 and 2016 Run-II data taking
 - New results with full 2015+2016 dataset > Run 1
 - Many others to come soon with full 2015+2016 data set
- Interpretations focused on Simplified models:
 - DM production via heavy mediator (mono-X)
 - Model dependent approach
 - Complementary sensitivity compared to direct dark matter searches
 - Constraints from di-jet resonance searches
- Many ways to improve:
 - Experimental techniques: fitting strategies, jet substructure, flavour tagging, ...
 - Interaction with theorists: higher-order prediction for bkg, better control of theoretical uncertainties (relevant for many measurement), ...