

Classifying Accidental Continuous Symmetries in n HDMs



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Outline

- ▶ Construction of multi-Higgs Doublet Models (n HDMs)
- ▶ $\text{Sp}(2n)/Z_2$ as the Maximal Symmetry of n HDMs
- ▶ Continuous symmetries as subgroups of $\text{Sp}(2n)$
- ▶ Building the potential with Prime invariants
- ▶ The list of symmetries in 2HDM and 3HDM
- ▶ Summary and conclusions

Multi-Higgs Doublet Models (n HDMs)

- ▶ The n HDMs contain n doublet fields, ϕ_n ($n \geq 2$) with identical quantum numbers.
- ▶ General scalar potential with n doublets [Botella, Silva, '95]

$$V = \sum_{i,j=1}^n m_{ij}^2 (\Phi_i^\dagger \Phi_j) + \sum_{i,j,k,l=1}^n \lambda_{ijkl} (\Phi_i^\dagger \Phi_j) (\Phi_k^\dagger \Phi_l)$$

- ▶ The n HDMs potential contain n^2 physical mass terms along with $n^2(n^2 + 1)/2$ physical couplings.

Construction of n HDMs in the bilinear formalism

- ▶ In the bilinear scalar field space, fields are $4n$ -dimensional complex multiplets, realizing $GL(4n, \mathbb{C})$

$$\Phi_2 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_1^* \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_2^* \end{pmatrix}_{8\text{-Dim}}, \quad \Phi_3 = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_1^* \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_2^* \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_3^* \end{pmatrix}_{12\text{-Dim}}, \quad \dots, \quad \Phi_n = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \vdots \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_1^* \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_2^* \\ i\sigma^2 \phi_3^* \\ \vdots \end{pmatrix}_{4n\text{-Dim}}$$

- ▶ The Φ_n -multiplet is $SU(2)_L$ -covariant.
- ▶ The charge conjugation operator: $\Phi_n = C\Phi_n^*$, $C = \sigma^2 \otimes \mathbf{1}_n \otimes \sigma^2$.
- ▶ $U(1)_Y$ -violating parts do not appear in the potential.

Construction of the n HDMs in the bilinear formalism

Realizing $GL(4n, \mathbb{C}) \implies$ null $n(2n - 1)$ -vector $R_n^{\tilde{A}} = \Phi_n^\dagger \Sigma_n^{\tilde{A}} \Phi_n$

$$\Sigma_n^{\tilde{A}} = \left(\sigma^0 \otimes t_S^a \otimes \sigma^0, \quad \sigma^i \otimes t_A^b \otimes \sigma^0 \right), \quad \tilde{A} = 0, 1, 2, \dots, n(2n - 1)$$

$$R_n^{\tilde{A}} = \left(\begin{array}{l} \left. \Phi_n^\dagger (\sigma^0 \otimes \mathbf{1}_n \otimes \sigma^0) \Phi_n \right\} 1 \\ \left. \begin{array}{l} \Phi_n^\dagger (\sigma^0 \otimes \mathbf{t}_S^a \otimes \sigma^0) \Phi_n \\ \Phi_n^\dagger (\sigma^3 \otimes \mathbf{t}_A^b \otimes \sigma^0) \Phi_n \end{array} \right\} n^2 - 1 \\ \left. \Phi_n^\dagger (\sigma^{1,2} \otimes \mathbf{t}_A^b \otimes \sigma^0) \Phi_n \right\} n(n - 1) \end{array} \right) , \quad \mathbf{t}_{S,A} \in SU(n)$$

$n(2n-1)$ -Dim

The $R_n^{\tilde{A}}$ -vector for 2HDM and 3HDM

$$R_2^{\tilde{A}} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_1 \\ -i[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_1] \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 \\ -[\phi_1^T i\sigma^2 \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_1^*] \\ i[\phi_1^T i\sigma^2 \phi_2 + \phi_2^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_1^*] \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{6-Dim}$$

$$R_3^{\tilde{A}} = \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 + \phi_3^\dagger \phi_3 \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_1 \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_3 + \phi_3^\dagger \phi_1 \\ \phi_2^\dagger \phi_3 + \phi_3^\dagger \phi_2 \\ -i[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_1] \\ -i[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_3 - \phi_3^\dagger \phi_1] \\ -i[\phi_2^\dagger \phi_3 - \phi_3^\dagger \phi_2] \\ \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 - \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 \\ \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}[\phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 - 2\phi_3^\dagger \phi_3] \\ -[\phi_1^T i\sigma^2 \phi_2 - \phi_2^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_1^*] \\ -[\phi_1^T i\sigma^2 \phi_3 - \phi_3^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_1^*] \\ -[\phi_2^T i\sigma^2 \phi_3 - \phi_3^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_2^*] \\ i[\phi_1^T i\sigma^2 \phi_2 + \phi_2^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_1^*] \\ i[\phi_1^T i\sigma^2 \phi_3 + \phi_3^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_1^*] \\ i[\phi_2^T i\sigma^2 \phi_3 + \phi_3^\dagger i\sigma^2 \phi_2^*] \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{15-Dim}$$

The n HDM potential and the maximal symmetry

- ▶ The n HDM potential base on the *null* $n(2n - 1)$ -vector $R_n^{\tilde{A}}$

$$V = -\frac{1}{2}M_{\tilde{A}}R^{\tilde{A}} + \frac{1}{4}L_{\tilde{A}\tilde{A}'}R^{\tilde{A}}R^{\tilde{A}'}$$

[Maniatis, '06; Nishi, '06; Ivanov, '06; Batty, Pilaftsis'11]

- ▶ The gauge-kinetic term:

$$T = \frac{1}{2}(D_\mu \Phi_n)^\dagger (D^\mu \Phi_n), \quad D_\mu = \sigma^0 \otimes \mathbf{1}_n \otimes (\sigma^0 \partial_\mu^0 + ig_w W_\mu^i \sigma^i / 2)$$

- ▶ To leave the $SU(2)_L$ gauge-kinetic term canonical:

$$\mathbf{GL}(4n, \mathbb{C}) \xrightarrow{\text{reduces to}} \mathbf{Sp}(2n)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \text{ Symplectic group}$$

The maximal symmetry group: $\mathbf{Sp}(2n)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \otimes \mathbf{SU}(2)_L$

Co-adjoint reps of $\text{Sp}(2n)$

- ▶ The reps of $\text{Sp}(2n)/Z_2$ group in the Φ_n -basis:

$$K_n^{\tilde{B}} = \left(\sigma^0 \otimes t_A^b \otimes \sigma^0, \quad \sigma^i \otimes t_S^a \otimes \sigma^0 \right)$$

- ▶ The Lie commutation structure between Σ_n^A and $K_n^{\tilde{B}}$ generators:

$$[K_n^{\tilde{B}}, \Sigma_n^A] = 2i f_n^{\tilde{B}AA'} \Sigma_n^{A'}$$

- ▶ The infinitesimal $\text{Sp}(2n)/Z_2$ transformations of the $R_n^{\tilde{A}}$ vector:

[Pilaftsis, '11]

$$\delta R_n^A = i\theta^{\tilde{B}} \Phi_n^\dagger [\Sigma_n^A, K_n^{\tilde{B}}] \Phi_n = 2\theta^{\tilde{B}} f_n^{\tilde{B}AA'} R_n^{A'}$$

- ▶ The **Co-adjoint reps** of $\text{Sp}(2n)/Z_2$:

$$T_{n_{AB}}^{\tilde{B}} = -\frac{1}{2} i f_n^{\tilde{B}AA'} = \frac{1}{2} \text{Tr}([\Sigma_n^A, K_n^{\tilde{B}}] \Sigma_n^{A'})$$

Continuous symmetries as subgroups of $\text{Sp}(2n)$

- ▶ The symplectic subgroup:

$$\text{Sp}(2n) \supset \text{Sp}(2p) \otimes \text{Sp}(2q) \quad \text{with } p + q = n$$

- ▶ The $\text{SU}(n)$ maximal subgroups:

$$\supset \text{SU}(n) \otimes \text{U}(1)$$

- ▶ $\text{SU}(n)$ and $\text{SO}(n)$ symmetry subgroups:

$$\text{SU}(n) \supset \text{SU}(p) \otimes \text{SU}(q) \otimes \text{U}(1) \quad \text{with } p + q = n$$

$$\supset \text{Sp}(n) \quad (\text{for even } n)$$

$$\supset \text{SO}(n)$$

$$\text{SO}(n) \supset \text{SO}(p) \otimes \text{SO}(q) \quad \text{with } p + q = n$$

Building the potential with Prime invariants

$$\blacktriangleright \text{Maximal block: } \left\{ \begin{array}{lll} \text{Sp}(2n)/Z_2 : & S_n = \Phi^\dagger \Phi & \text{with } \Phi = \begin{pmatrix} \Phi \\ i\sigma^2 \Phi^* \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{SU}(n) \times U(1) : & D_n^a = \Phi^\dagger \sigma^a \Phi & \text{with } \Phi = (\phi_1, \phi_2, \dots, \phi_n)^T \\ \text{SO}(n) : & T_n = \Phi \Phi^T & \text{with } \Phi = (\phi_1, \phi_2, \dots, \phi_n)^T \end{array} \right.$$

$$\blacktriangleright \text{Minimal block: } \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} \text{Sp}(2)/Z_2 : & \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} S_{(11)} = \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 & \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \tilde{\phi}_1 \end{pmatrix} \\ S'_{(12)} = \phi_1^\dagger \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \phi_2 = S'_{(21)} = S & \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \tilde{\phi}_2 \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right. \\ \text{SU}(2) \times U(1) : & \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} D_{(12)}^a = \phi_1^\dagger \sigma^a \phi_1 + \phi_2^\dagger \sigma^a \phi_2 = D_{(21)}^a & \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \end{pmatrix} \\ D'^a_{(12)} = \phi_1^\dagger \sigma^a \phi_1 + \tilde{\phi}_2 \sigma^a \tilde{\phi}_2 = -D'^a_{(21)} & \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \tilde{\phi}_2 \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right. \\ \text{SO}(2) : & \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} T_{(12)} = \phi_1 \phi_1^T + \phi_2 \phi_2^T = T_{(21)} & \text{for } \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \end{pmatrix} \end{array} \right. \end{array} \right.$$

Symmetric part of the scalar potential: $V = -\mu^2 S + \lambda_s S^2 + \lambda_D D^a D^a + \lambda_T \text{Tr}(TT^*)$

Two Higgs Doublet Model

The maximal symmetry of 2HDM: $\mathbf{Sp}(4)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \otimes \mathbf{SU}(2)_L$

- ▶ All continuous symmetries in 2HDM:

$$(i) \mathbf{Sp}(4)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \cong \mathbf{SO}(5),$$

$$(m) \mathbf{O}(2) \otimes \mathbf{O}(3),$$

$$(j) \mathbf{Sp}(2)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \otimes \mathbf{Sp}(2)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \cong \mathbf{SO}(4),$$

$$(n) \mathbf{O}(2) \otimes \mathbf{O}(2),$$

$$(k) \mathbf{SO}(3),$$

$$(o) \mathbf{O}(2)$$

$$(l) \mathbf{O}(3) \otimes \mathbf{O}(2),$$

- ▶ The 2HDM $\mathbf{Sp}(4)/\mathbf{Z}_2$ -invariant potential (MS-2HDM):

$$V_{\text{MS-2HDM}} = -\mu^2 \left(|\Phi_1|^2 + |\Phi_2|^2 \right) + \lambda \left(|\Phi_1|^2 + |\Phi_2|^2 \right)^2$$

with the parameters:

$$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu^2, \quad m_{12}^2 = 0, \quad 2\lambda_2 = 2\lambda_1 = \lambda_3 = 2\lambda, \quad \lambda_4 = \text{Re}(\lambda_5) = \lambda_6 = \lambda_7 = 0$$

The list of accidental symmetries of 2HDM potential

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameter space of 2HDM
1	CP1	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6) = \text{Re}(\lambda_7)$
2	Z_2	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \text{Re}(\lambda_5)$
3	CP2	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \text{Re}(\lambda_5)$
4	$U(1)_{PQ}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4$
5	$CP1 \otimes SO(2)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \lambda_5 = 2\lambda_1 - \lambda_3$
6	$SU(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = 2\lambda_1 - \lambda_3$
7	$Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6) = \text{Re}(\lambda_7)$
8	$(CP1 \times S_2) \otimes Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4 = \text{Re}(\lambda_5), \text{Re}(\lambda_6) = \text{Re}(\lambda_7)$
9	$(S_2 \times Z_2) \otimes Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3, \lambda_4, \text{Re}(\lambda_5) = \pm \lambda_4$
10	$U(1)_{PQ} \otimes Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_3, \lambda_4$
11	$Sp(2) \otimes Sp(2)$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \lambda_1, \lambda_2, \lambda_3$
12	$S_2 \otimes Sp(2) \otimes Sp(2)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2, \lambda_3$
13	$Sp(4)/Z_2$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \lambda_1 = \lambda_2 = \frac{1}{2}\lambda_3$

[Pilaftsis, '11]

Three Higgs Doublet Model

The maximal symmetry of 3HDM: $\mathbf{Sp}(6)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \otimes \mathbf{SU}(2)_L$

- ▶ In addition to 2HDM continuous symmetries, there are:

$$(p) \mathbf{Sp}(6)/\mathbf{Z}_2,$$

$$(q) \mathbf{Sp}(4)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \otimes \mathbf{Sp}(2),$$

$$(r) \mathbf{Sp}(2)/\mathbf{Z}_2 \otimes \mathbf{Sp}(2) \otimes \mathbf{Sp}(2),$$

$$(s) \mathbf{SU}(3) \otimes \mathbf{U}(1)$$

- ▶ The 3HDM $\mathbf{Sp}(6)/\mathbf{Z}_2$ -invariant potential (MS-3HDM):

$$V_{\text{MS-3HDM}} = -\mu^2 \left(|\Phi_1|^2 + |\Phi_2|^2 + |\Phi_3|^2 \right) + \lambda \left(|\Phi_1|^2 + |\Phi_2|^2 + |\Phi_3|^2 \right)^2$$

with these relations between non zero parameters:

$$\mu_1 = \mu_2 = \mu_3 = \mu, \quad \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33} = 2\lambda_{1122} = 2\lambda_{1133} = 2\lambda_{2233} = 2\lambda$$

The preliminary list of accidental symmetries of 3HDM potential

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameter space of 3HDM
1	CP1	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \text{Re}(m_{13}^2), \text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2113}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2123}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1332}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3313}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323})$
2	Z_2	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{m_{13}^2, \lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{2323}, \lambda_{1232}, \lambda_{1113}, \lambda_{2213}, \lambda_{3313} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
2'	Z_2'	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{m_{23}^2, \lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{2323}, \lambda_{1213}, \lambda_{1123}, \lambda_{2223}, \lambda_{3323} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
3	$Z_2 \otimes Z_2'$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313}, \lambda_{2323} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
4	Z_3	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1213}, \lambda_{1323}, \lambda_{2123} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
5	Z_4	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1323} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
6	$U(1)_{PQ}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1323} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
6'	$U(1)'_{PQ}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}, \{m_{23}^2, \lambda_{2323}, \lambda_{1123}, \lambda_{2223}, \lambda_{3323} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
7	$U(1)_{PQ} \otimes U(1)'_{PQ}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332}$

The preliminary list of accidental symmetries of 3HDM potential

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameter space of 3HDM
8	$Z_2 \otimes U(1)'_{PQ}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331}, \lambda_{2332},$ $\{ \lambda_{2323} \text{ and h.c.} \}$
9	CP2	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332},$ $\lambda_{1212}, \lambda_{1313} = \lambda_{2323}, \{ \lambda_{1112} = -\lambda_{2212} \text{ and h.c.} \}$
10	$CP1 \otimes SO(2)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1212} = 2\lambda_{11} - (\lambda_{1122} + \lambda_{1221}),$ $\lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \lambda_{1313} = \lambda_{2323},$
11	D_3	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221},$ $\{ \lambda_{2131} = -\lambda_{1232}, \lambda_{1323} \text{ and h.c.} \}$
12	D_4	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1212},$ $\lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \lambda_{3231}$
13	$SU(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = 2\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221},$ $\lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}$
14	$Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \text{Re}(m_{13}^2), \text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}), \lambda_{1331} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}), \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2113}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2123}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1332}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3313}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323})$

The preliminary list of accidental symmetries of 3HDM potential

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameter space of 3HDM
15	$(\text{CP1} \times S_2) \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\text{HF}}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \text{Re}(m_{12}^2), \text{Re}(m_{13}^2) = \text{Re}(m_{23}^2), \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122},$ $\lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212})$ $\lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}), \text{Re}(\lambda_{1323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1332}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2123}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2113}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1112}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2212}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3312}),$ $\text{Re}(\lambda_{1113}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2213}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1123}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2223}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{3323})$
16	$(S_2 \times Z_2) \otimes \text{Sp}(2)_{\text{HF}}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212}),$ $\lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323})$
17	A_4	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \{\lambda_{1212} = \lambda_{1313} = \lambda_{2323} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
18	S_4	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \lambda_{1212} = \lambda_{1313} = \lambda_{2323}$
19	$\Delta(54)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \lambda_{11} - 2\lambda_{1122}, \{\lambda_{1213} = \lambda_{2123} = \lambda_{3231} \text{ and h.c.}\}$
20	$\Sigma(36)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233},$ $\lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \lambda_{1213} = \lambda_{1323} = \lambda_{1232}$

The preliminary list of accidental symmetries of 3HDM potential

No.	Symmetry	Non-zero parameter space of 3HDM
21	$U(1)_{PQ} \otimes Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221}, \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}$
22	$Sp(2) \otimes Sp(2) \otimes Sp(2)$	$\mu_1^2, \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11}, \lambda_{22}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{1133}, \lambda_{2233}$
23	$Sp(4)/Z_2$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2, \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \frac{1}{2} \lambda_{1122}, \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}$
24	$CP1 \times SO(3)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332}, \lambda_{1212} = \lambda_{1313} = \lambda_{2323} = 2\lambda_{11} - (\lambda_{1122} + \lambda_{1221})$
25	$(CP1 \times S_4) \otimes Sp(2)_{HF}$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1313}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{2323}) = \text{Re}(\lambda_{1212})$
26	$SU(3) \times U(1)$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33}, \lambda_{1122} = \lambda_{1133} = \lambda_{2233}, \lambda_{1221} = \lambda_{1331} = \lambda_{2332} = 2\lambda_{11} - \lambda_{1122}$
27	$Sp(6)/Z_2$	$\mu_1^2 = \mu_2^2 = \mu_3^2, \lambda_{11} = \lambda_{22} = \lambda_{33} = 2\lambda_{1122} = 2\lambda_{1133} = 2\lambda_{2233}$

[Ivanov, Vdeovin, '12; Keus et al, '13; Ivanov, Varzielas, '19; ...] → Discrete symmetries in 3HDM

[Pilaftsis, '16] → Continuous symmetries in n HDM

[ND, Pilaftsis, '19 in preparation] → The complete list of symmetries

Phenomenological implications MS-nHDM

Maximal symmetry $\text{Sp}(2n)/Z_2 \rightarrow$ **Natural alignment**

- ▶ Natural SM alignment: alignment limit without decoupling and also without fine-tuning among the quartic couplings.

[See A. Pilaftsis's talk]

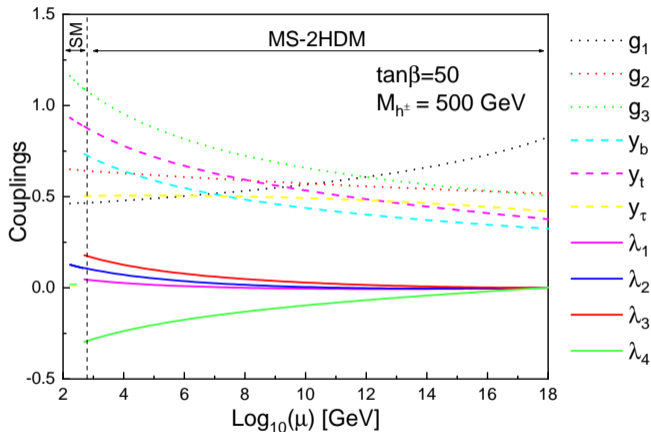
- ▶ For example: In MS-2HDM considering soft-term and two loops RGEs effects:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Sp}(4)/Z_2 \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L &\xrightarrow{g' \neq 0} \text{O}(3) \otimes \text{O}(2) \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \sim \text{O}(3) \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\ &\xrightarrow{\text{Yukawa}} \text{O}(2) \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \sim \text{U}(1)_{\text{PQ}} \otimes \text{U}(1)_Y \otimes \text{SU}(2)_L \\ &\xrightarrow{\langle \Phi_{1,2} \rangle \neq 0} \text{U}(1)_{\text{em}} \end{aligned}$$

[Dev, Pilaftsis, '14; ND, Pilaftsis, '19]

Phenomenological implications of MS-nHDM

- ▶ The $Sp(2n)/Z_2$ symmetry is realized at high scale $\mu_{X_2} = 10^{18}$ GeV
- ▶ At the threshold scale SM is realized
- ▶ Misalignment predictions are consistent with experimental constraints



[See A. Pilaftsis's talk]

Summary and conclusions

- ▶ Multi-Higgs Doublet Models (n HDMs) have large number of accidental symmetries as subgroup of $\text{Sp}(2n)$.
- ▶ The maximal symmetry of n HDM provides the natural SM alignment with quartic coupling unification.
- ▶ The preliminary listing of accidental symmetries as subgroups of $\text{Sp}(2n)$ in n HDMs potentials presented.
- ▶ Prime invariants to construct the scalar sector of n HDM potentials introduced.
- ▶ We have recovered the maximum of 13 accidental symmetries for the 2HDM potential and identified 27 accidental symmetries for the 3HDM potential along with their allowed parameter spaces.

Thank you!