

Probing Inflationary PBHs for the LIGO GW events

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Based on **1611.06130** (to be published in PRD)

In collaboration with K.Inomata, M.Kawasaki, Y.Tada, T.T.Yanagida



Introduction

Introduction

■ What is “Primordial” BH?

- BH formed **before** any astrophysical objects exist (even in RD era).
- Need **large density perturbation** for the formation.

$$\rho \sim M R_s^{-3} \sim 10^{17} \text{ g/cm}^3 \left(\frac{M}{M_\odot} \right)^{-2} \quad \text{where } R_s \sim 3 \text{ km} \left(\frac{M}{M_\odot} \right)$$

($1 \text{ g} \simeq 5.6 \times 10^{23} \text{ GeV}$) ♣ Comparable to that of radiation at $T \sim \text{GeV}$.

■ Is there any motivation to study them?

- **Non-particle candidate of DM**

- Behave as cold matter, interact gravitationally, and quasi-stable for $M > 10^{15} \text{ g}$.

- **Candidate of gravitational wave events observed by LIGO**

- Merger of PBHs with $O(10)$ solarmasses may be responsible for the observed events.

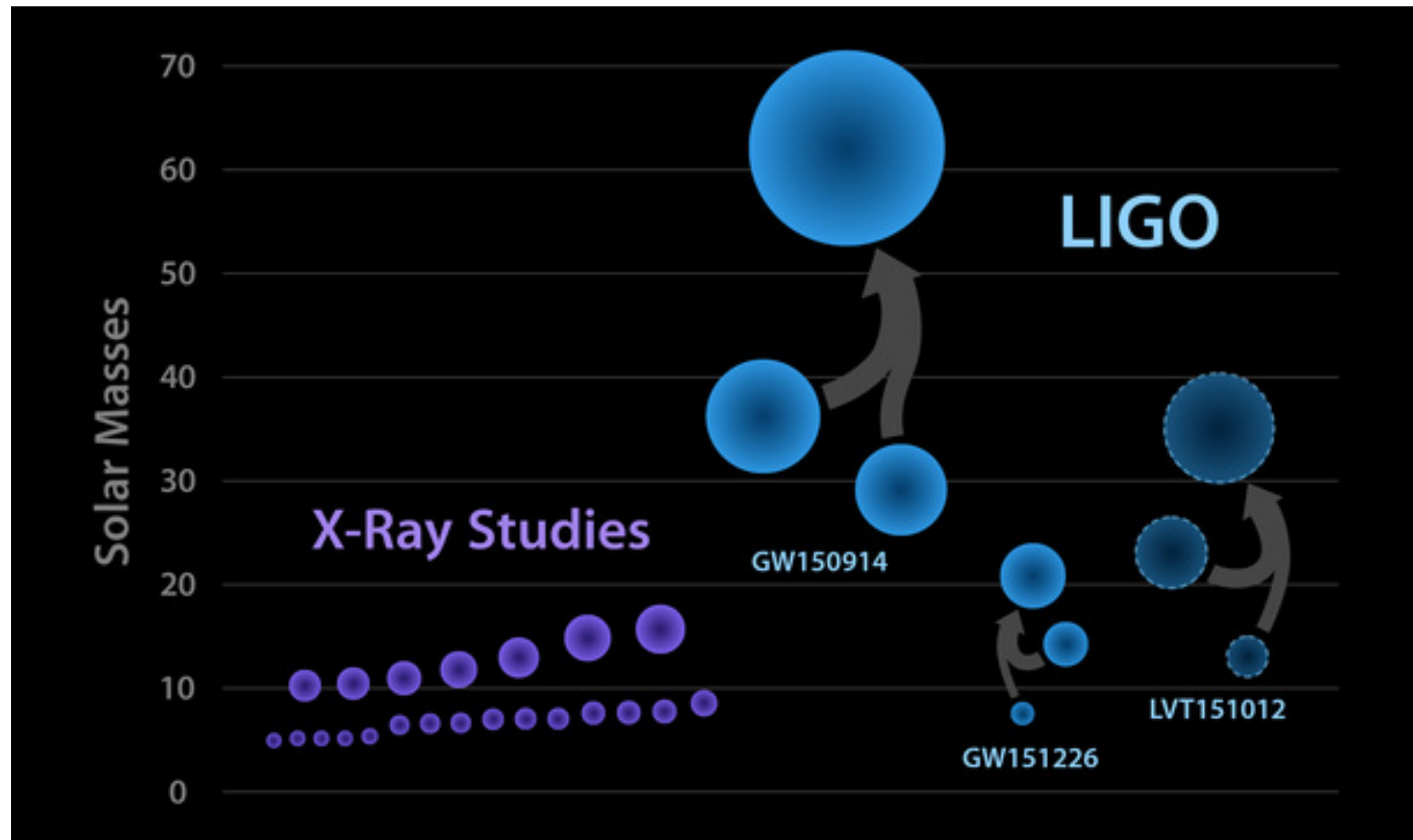
- **Constrain other DM models**

- e.g., constraining **WIMP** via Ultra Compact Mini Halo, (axion via superradiance, ...)

Introduction

■ Merging of Binary BH observed by LIGO

[Ref. <https://www.ligo.caltech.edu>]

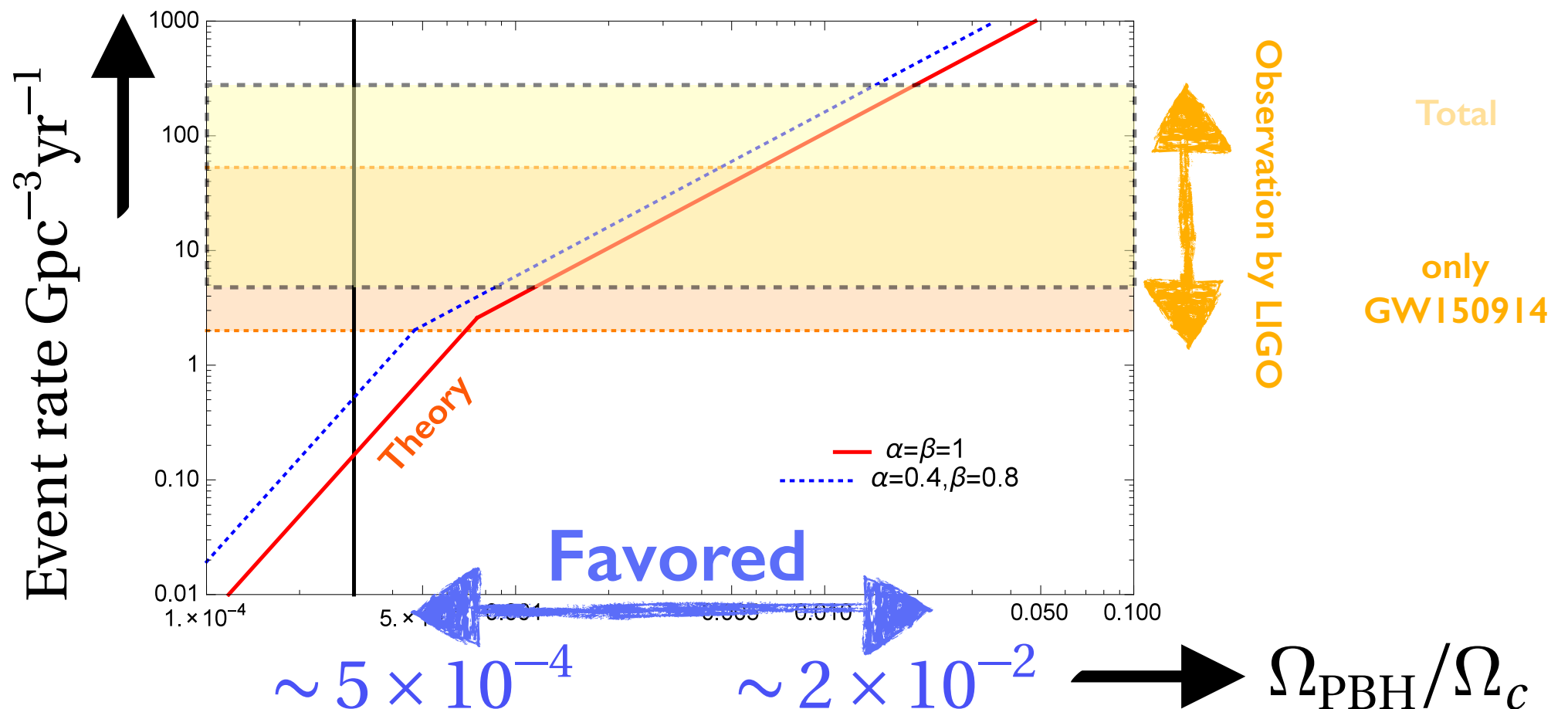


- Masses of BHs: **GW150914** ($36^{+5}_{-4} M_{\odot}, 29^{+4}_{-4} M_{\odot}$), **GW151226** ($14.2^{+8.3}_{-3.7} M_{\odot}, 7.5^{+2.3}_{-2.3} M_{\odot}$)
- Estimated event rate: **GW150914** $2-53 \text{Gpc}^{-3} \text{yr}^{-1}$, **Total** $9-240 \text{Gpc}^{-3} \text{yr}^{-1}$

Introduction

■ Indicated PBH abundance: $f = \Omega_{\text{PBH}}/\Omega_c \sim \mathcal{O}(10^{-4} - 10^{-2})$

- Merger rate as a function of PBH fraction estimated in [Sasaki et al. 1603.08338](#)



• Possible corrections?

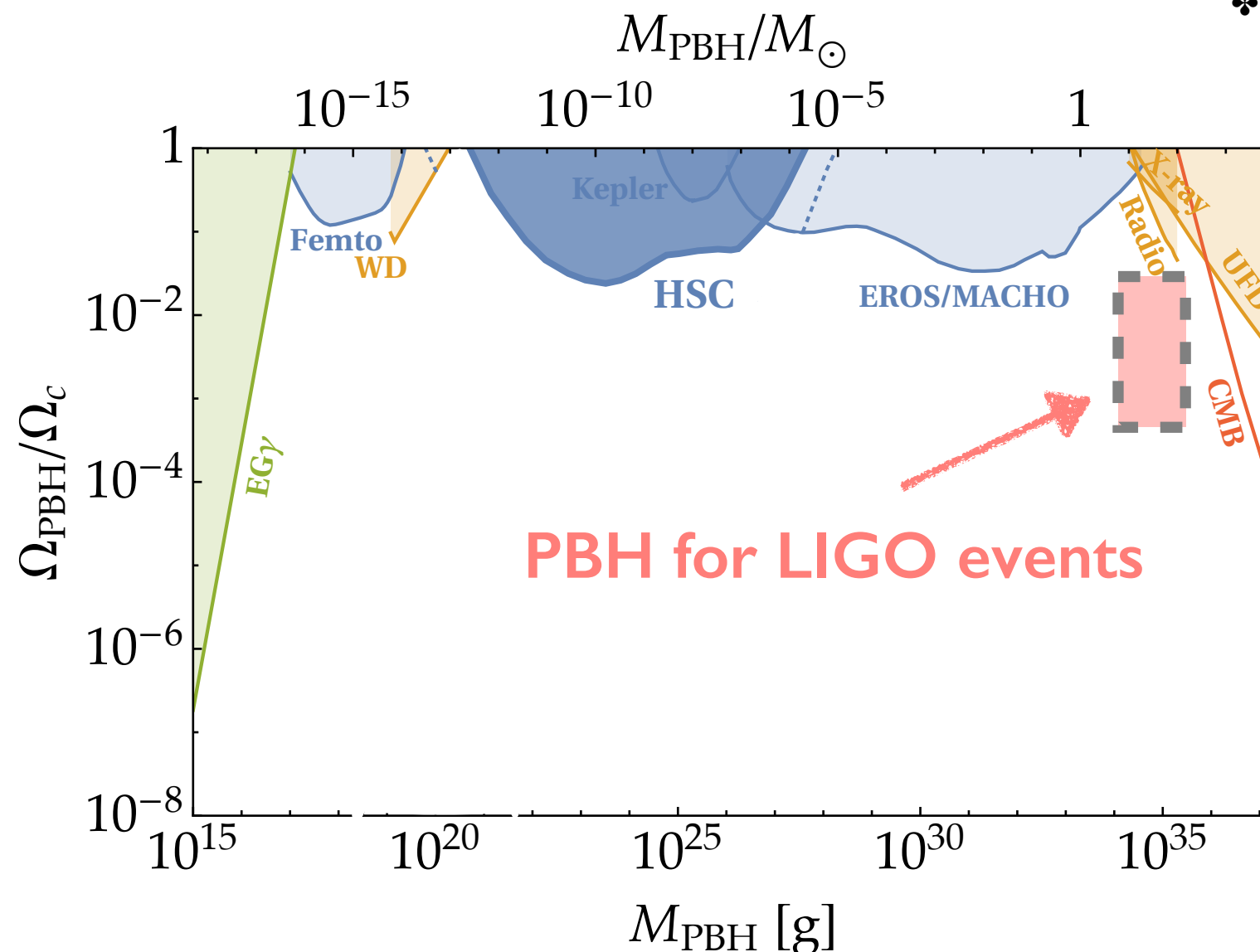
- PBHs should have a continuous mass function, not a delta function.
- Surrounding DM halo (UCMH): Minihalo of DM is accompanied for $f < 1$. [[Yu.N. Eroshenko 1604.04932](#)]
- Surrounding Baryons: efficient angular momentum transfer of binary by baryon disk(?) [[Hayasaki et al. 0909.1738](#)]

Introduction

■ Current observational constraints

- PBHs for all DM: marginal, maybe excluded/probed soon.
- **PBHs for LIGO events**: seems to be viable.

♣ Constraints from Neutron Star capture are evaded for a conservative value of DM inside the globular clusters.
[See e.g. Kusenko+, 1310.8642; Carr+, 1607.06077]



Hawking radiation

EGY: 0912.5297

Gravitational lensing

Femto: 1204.2056

HSC: 1701.02151

Kepler: PhysRevLett.111.181302

EROS/MACHO: 0607207

Dynamical

WD: 1505.04444

UFD: 1605.03665

Accretion

CMB: 1612.05644 (1612.06811, 1612.07264)

Radio/Xray: 1612.00457

Outline

- **Introduction**
- **Formation of PBHs (by cosmic inflation)**
- **Induced gravitational waves and pulsar timing array**

Formation of PBHs

Formation of PBHs

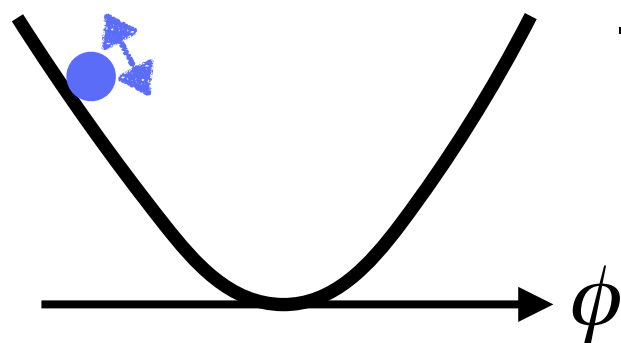
■ Mechanisms to generate large density

- Collapse of localized configuration

- Collision of Bubbles: Bubble formation rate should be tuned to obtain a prolonged duration of PT.
- Cosmic Strings: string may get into a configuration within Schwarzschild-radius with a small probability.
- Collapse of Domain-Wall network (?): ongoing with TTY and MK.

- Collapse of “large” primordial density perturbations

- Inflation as an origin of primordial density perturbations



- Vacuum fluctuation

$$\delta\phi \sim \frac{H}{2\pi}$$

- Time fluctuation

$$\delta t \sim \frac{\delta\phi}{\dot{\phi}}$$

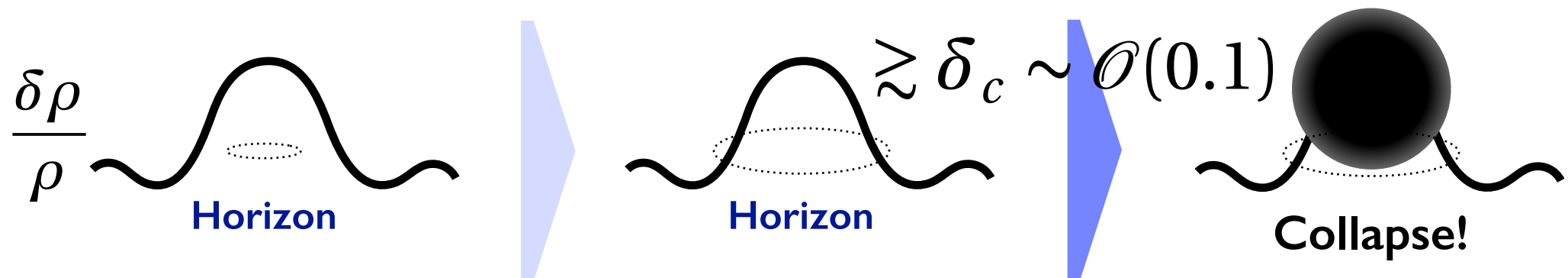
- Density perturbation

$$\delta\rho \sim \rho H \delta t$$

Formation of PBHs

■ PBH formation by large primordial density perturbations

- Need large perturbations for **Gravity force > Pressure**



- PBH mass v.s. scale (k^{-1}) of large perturbation:

$$M = \gamma \rho \frac{4\pi H^{-3}}{3} \simeq M_{\odot} \left(\frac{\gamma}{0.2} \right) \left(\frac{g_*}{3.36} \right)^{-\frac{1}{6}} \left(\frac{k/(2\pi)}{3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ Hz}} \right)^{-2}$$

- Abundance is determined by $\mathcal{P}_{\zeta}$ (assump. **Gaussian** distribution)

- Probability of the PBH formation: $\beta(M) = \int_{\delta_c} d\delta \frac{e^{-\frac{\delta^2}{2\sigma^2(M)}}}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2(M)}} \sim \sigma(M) e^{-\frac{\delta_c^2}{2\sigma^2(M)}}$

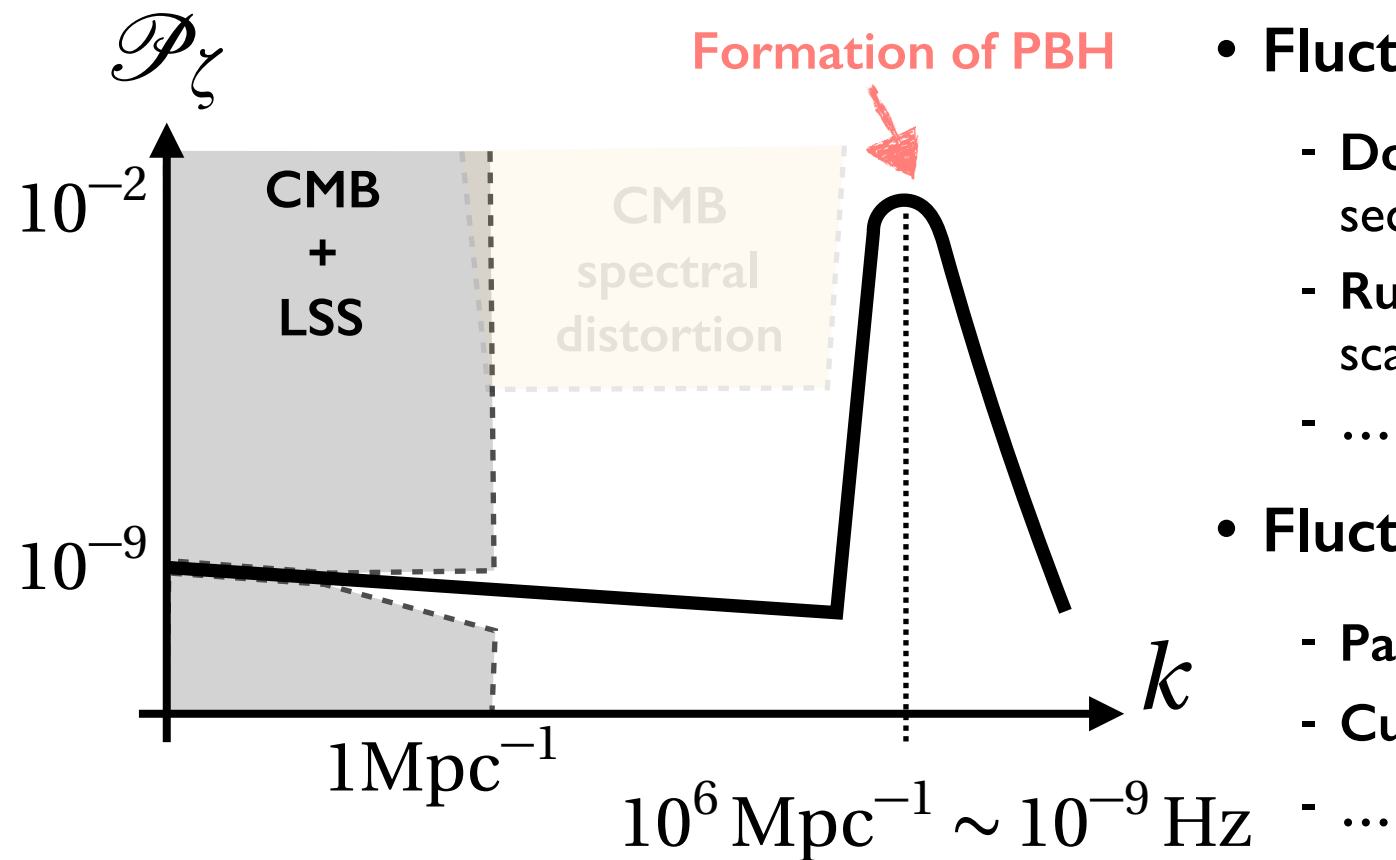
© Standard deviation ~ Curvature perturbation: $\sigma^2(M) \sim \mathcal{P}_{\zeta}(k)$

For LIGO events, large $\mathcal{P}_{\zeta}(k) \sim 10^{-2}$ at $f \equiv k/2\pi \sim 10^{-9} \text{ Hz}$

Formation of PBHs

■ Inflation as the origin of PBHs

- How to enhance curvature perturbation at small scales ?



• Fluctuation of slow-rolling inflaton

- Double inflation: pre-inflation for large scales and second-inflation for small scales.
- Running mass inflation: flatten the potential at small scales.
- ...

• Fluctuation of other fields than inflaton

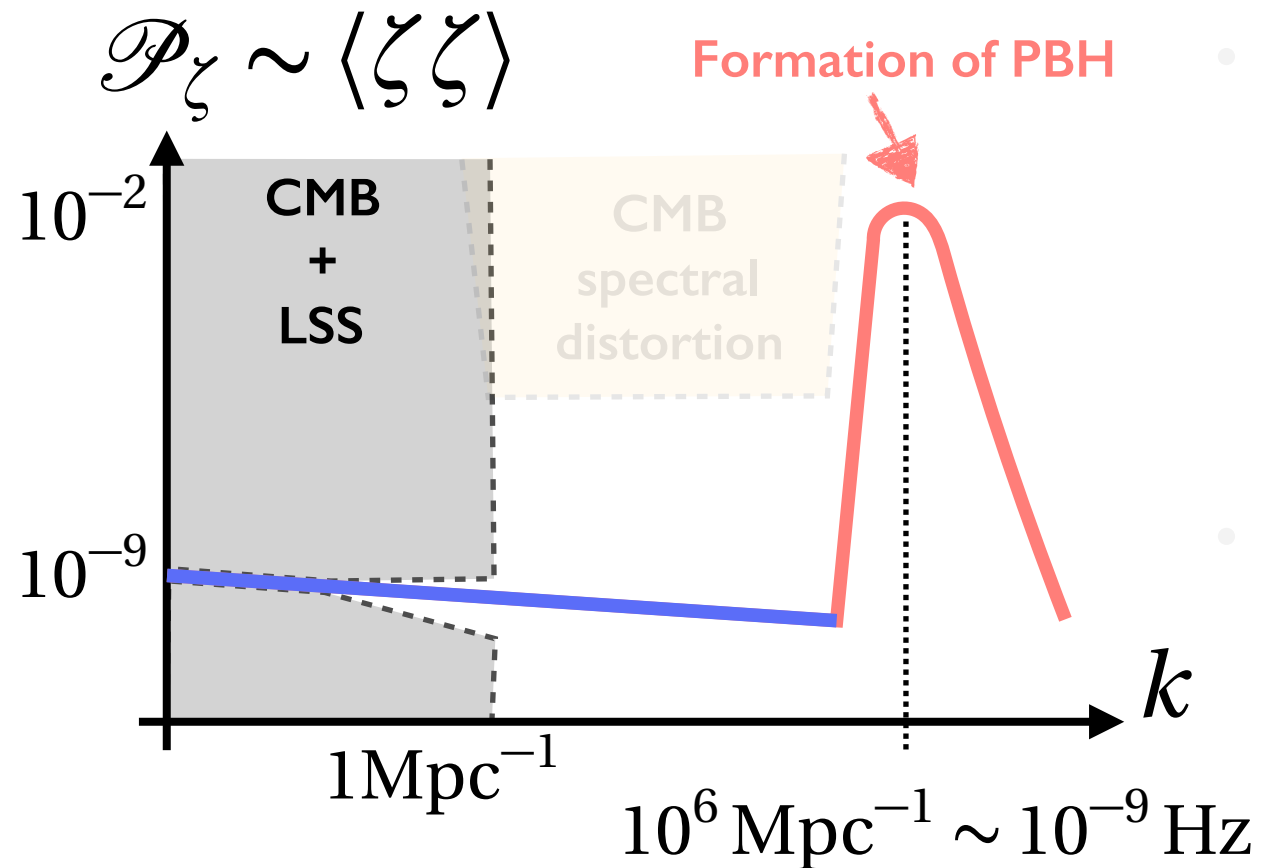
- Parametric resonance: gauge preheating, ...
- Curvaton: Axion curvaton, ...
- ...

- Crucial constraints on curvature perturbations at this scale.

Formation of PBHs

■ Inflation as the origin of PBHs

- How to enhance curvature perturbation at small scales ? → **Flatten your potential!**



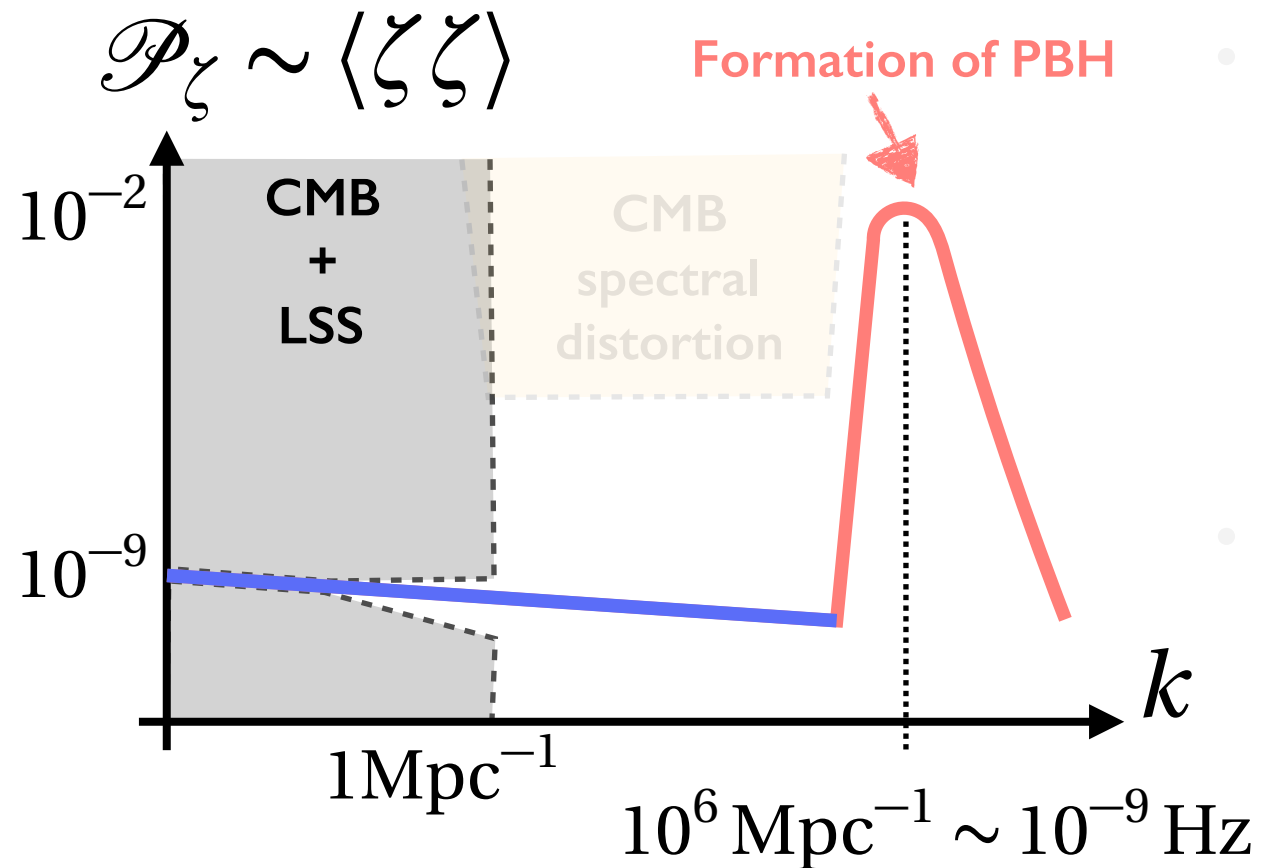
- Running mass
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- $$\zeta \sim \frac{\delta \rho}{\rho} \sim H \delta t \sim H \frac{\delta \phi}{\dot{\phi}} \sim \left| \frac{V^{3/2}}{V' M_{\text{pl}}^3} \right|$$

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 - Running Mass inflation: flatten the potential at small scales
- ✓ Stabilize during chaotic inflation
- $$-\mathcal{L}_{\text{int}} \propto \frac{V_{\text{ch}}(\phi)}{M_{\text{pl}}^2} \phi^2$$

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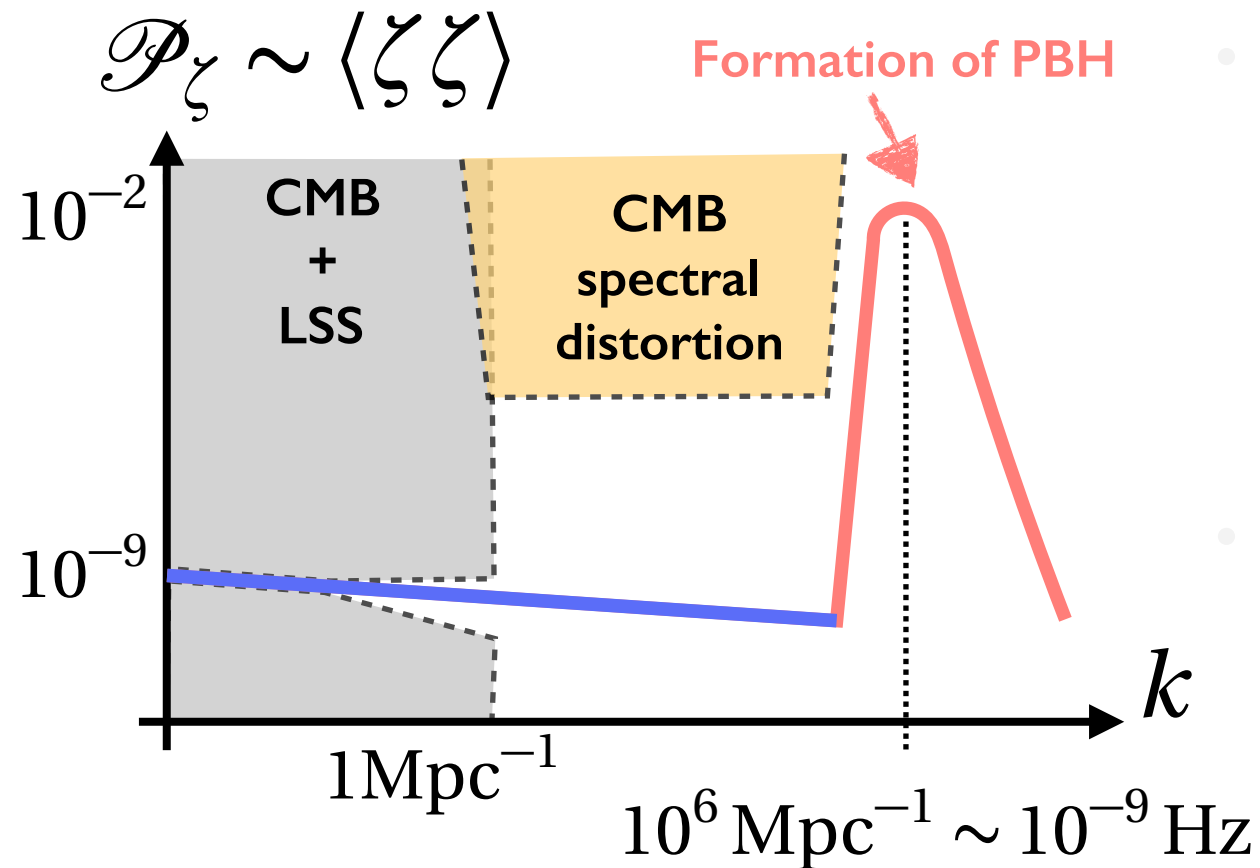
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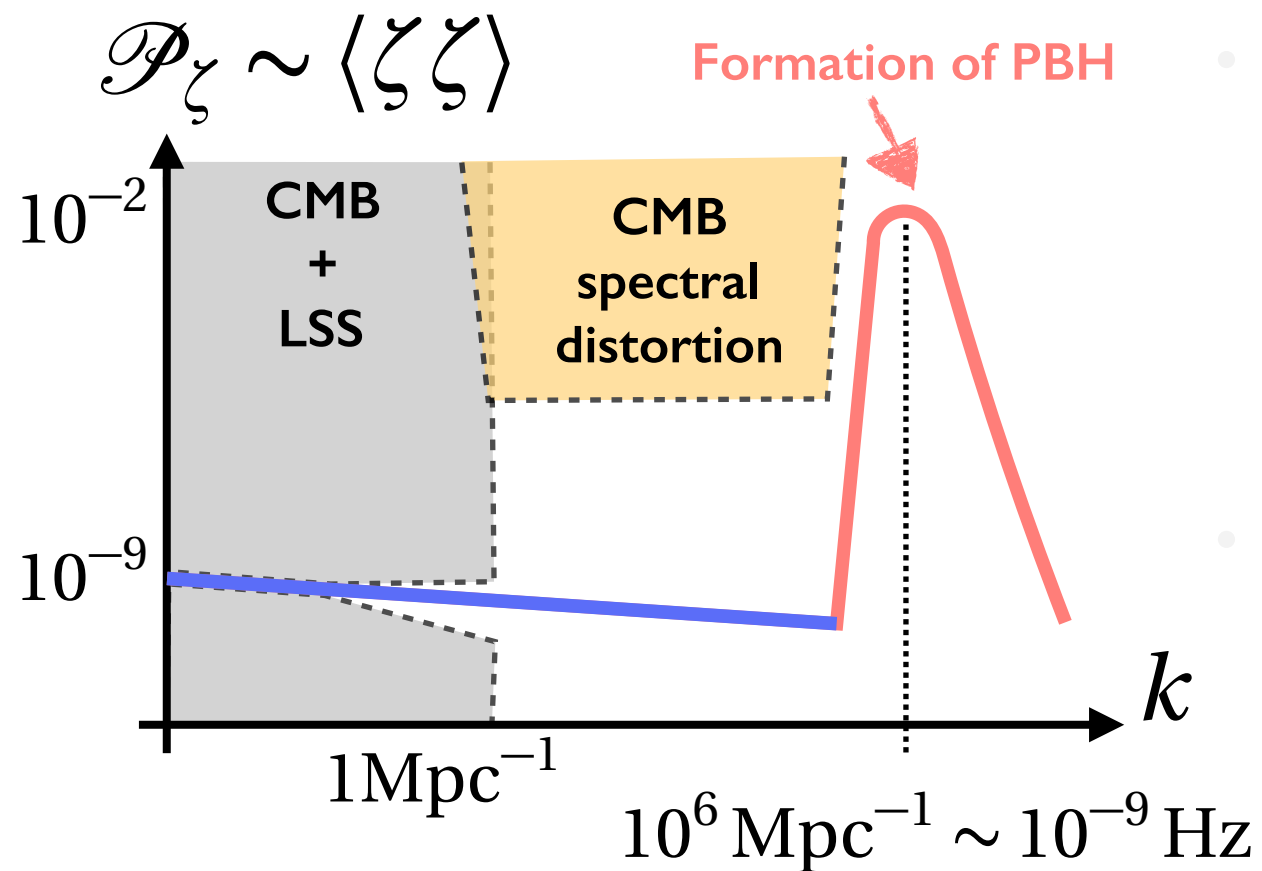
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- CMB spectral distortion at small scales: mu-distortion,...

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- Induced GWs via second order effects: constrained by pulsar timing array (PTA).

Induced GWs and Pulsar Timing Array

Induced GWs

■ Large scalar perturbations act as source terms of GWs

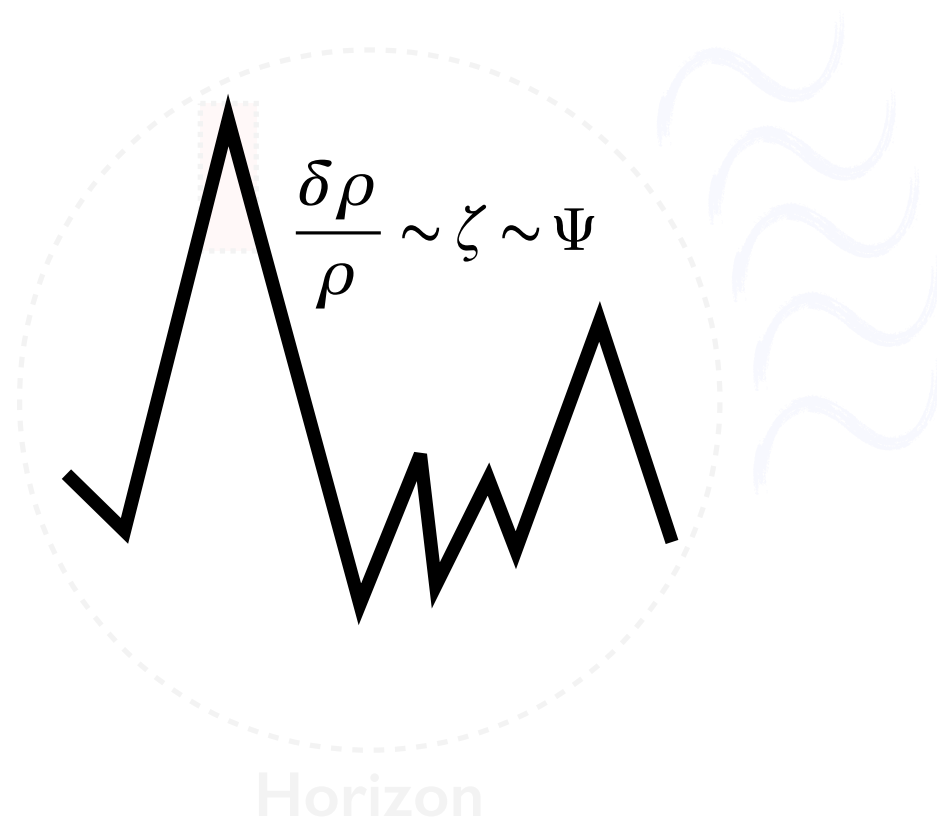
- Equation of motion for tensor perturbation

[Saito, Yokoyama; Bugaev, Klimai]

$$h''_{ij} + 2\mathcal{H} h'_{ij} - \nabla^2 h_{ij} = -4\hat{\mathcal{T}}_{ij;kl} S_{kl}$$

projection to transverse-traceless part

Source term: $S_{ij} \equiv 4\Psi\partial_i\partial_j\Psi + 2\partial_i\Psi\partial_j\Psi - \frac{4}{3(1+w)}\partial_i\left(\frac{\Psi'}{\mathcal{H}} + \Psi\right)\partial_j\left(\frac{\Psi'}{\mathcal{H}} + \Psi\right)$ where $\Psi \sim \zeta$



Production of GW by second order effects

$$h_{ij} \propto \Psi^2 \sim \zeta^2$$

$$\Omega_{\text{GW}}(k)h^2 \sim 10^{-9} \left(\frac{\mathcal{P}_\zeta(k)}{10^{-2}} \right)^2$$

$$\text{where } \Omega_{\text{GW,tot}} = \int d\log k \Omega_{\text{GW}}(k)$$

Induced GWs

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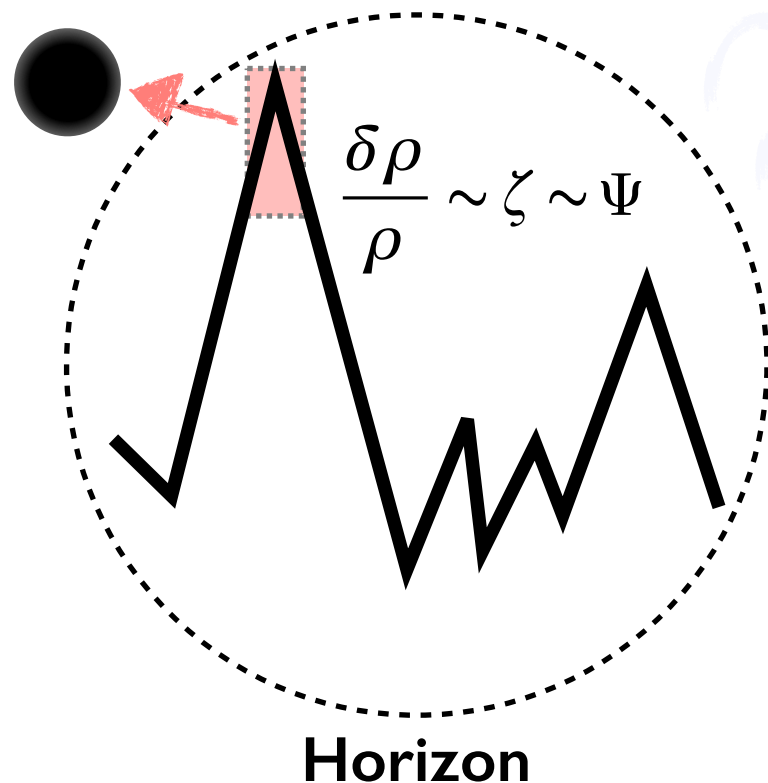
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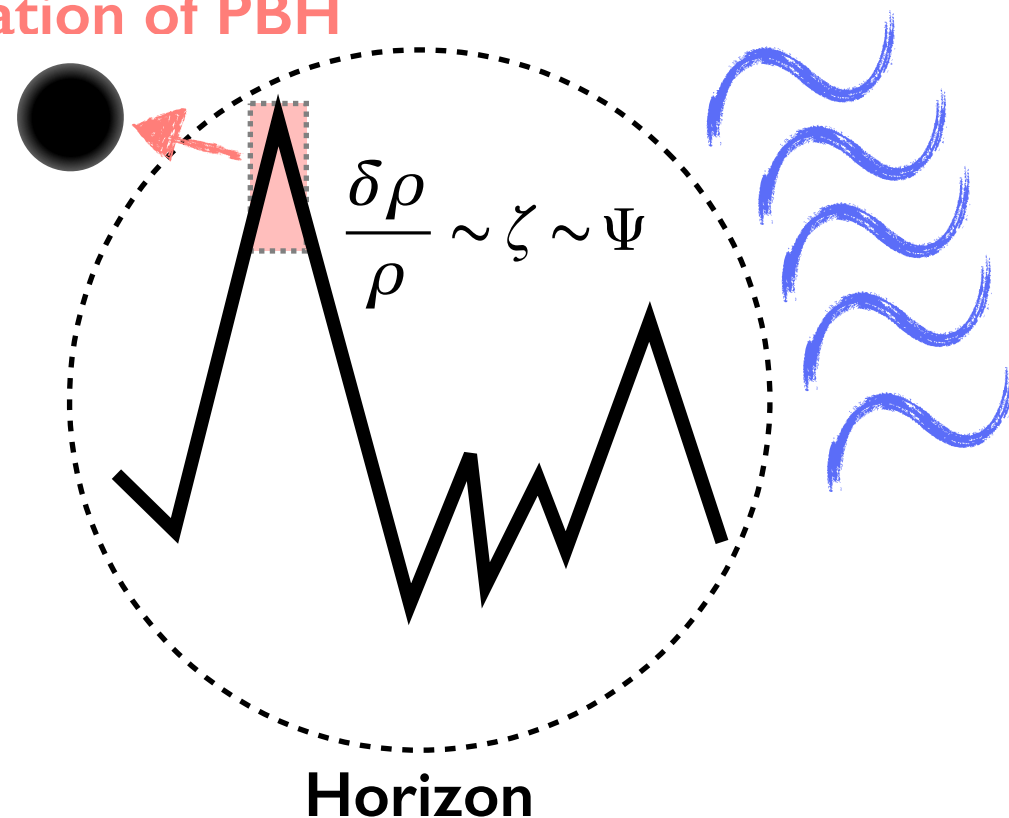
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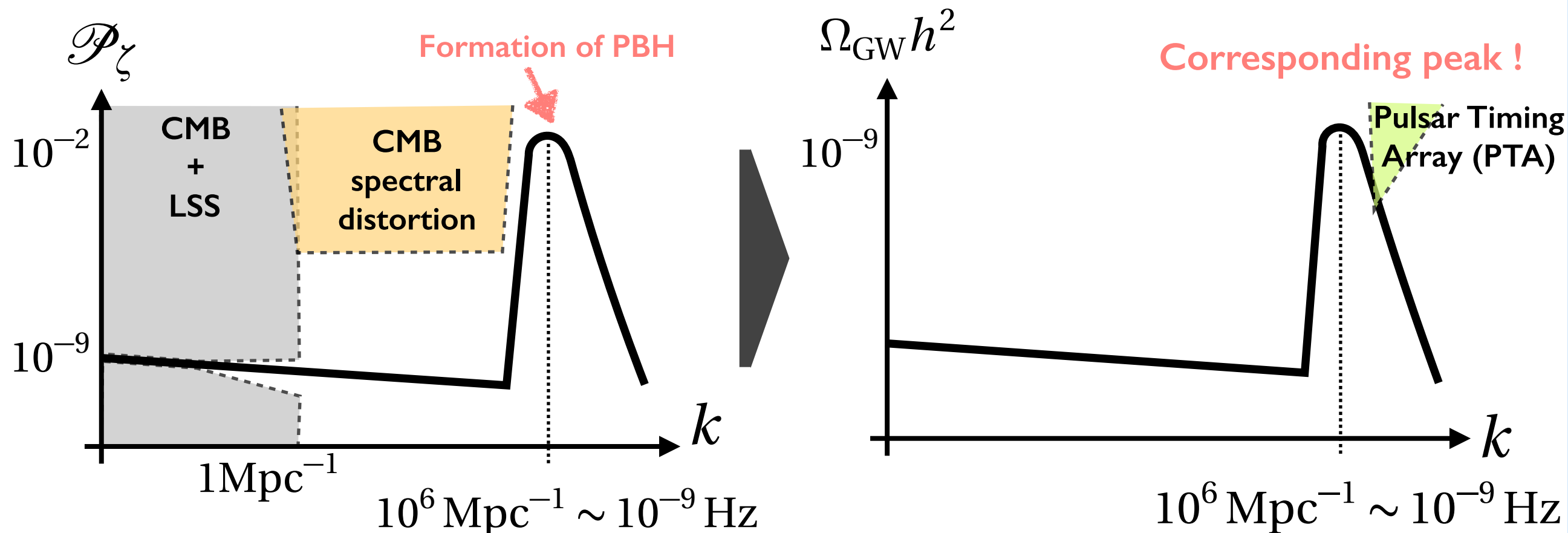
Constraints on induced GWs

■ Large scalar perturbations act as source terms of GWs

- GW-spectrum has a peak at the same k !

[K.Inomata, M.Kawasaki, KM, Y.Tada, T.T.Yanagida; 1611.06130]

See also Orlofsky, Pierce, Wells; 1612.05279, Nakama, Silk, Kamionkowski; 1612.06264



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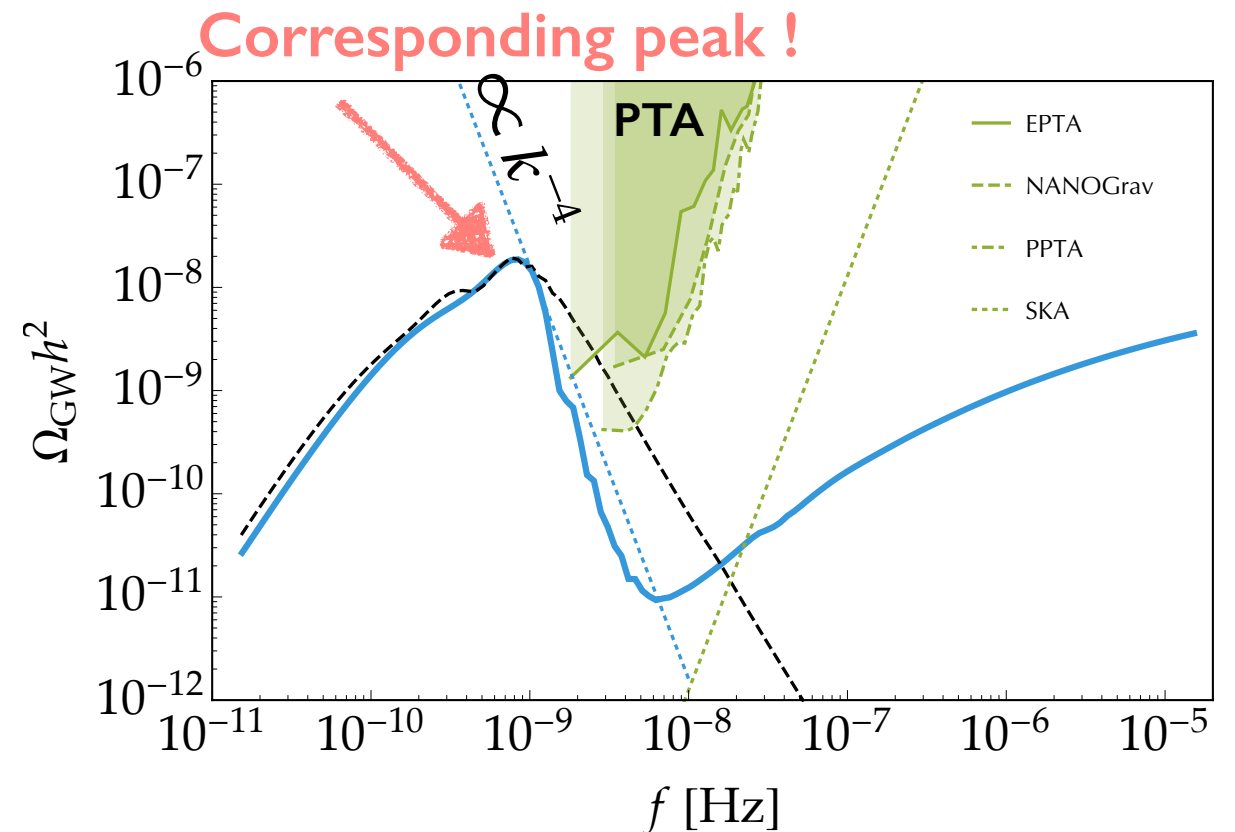
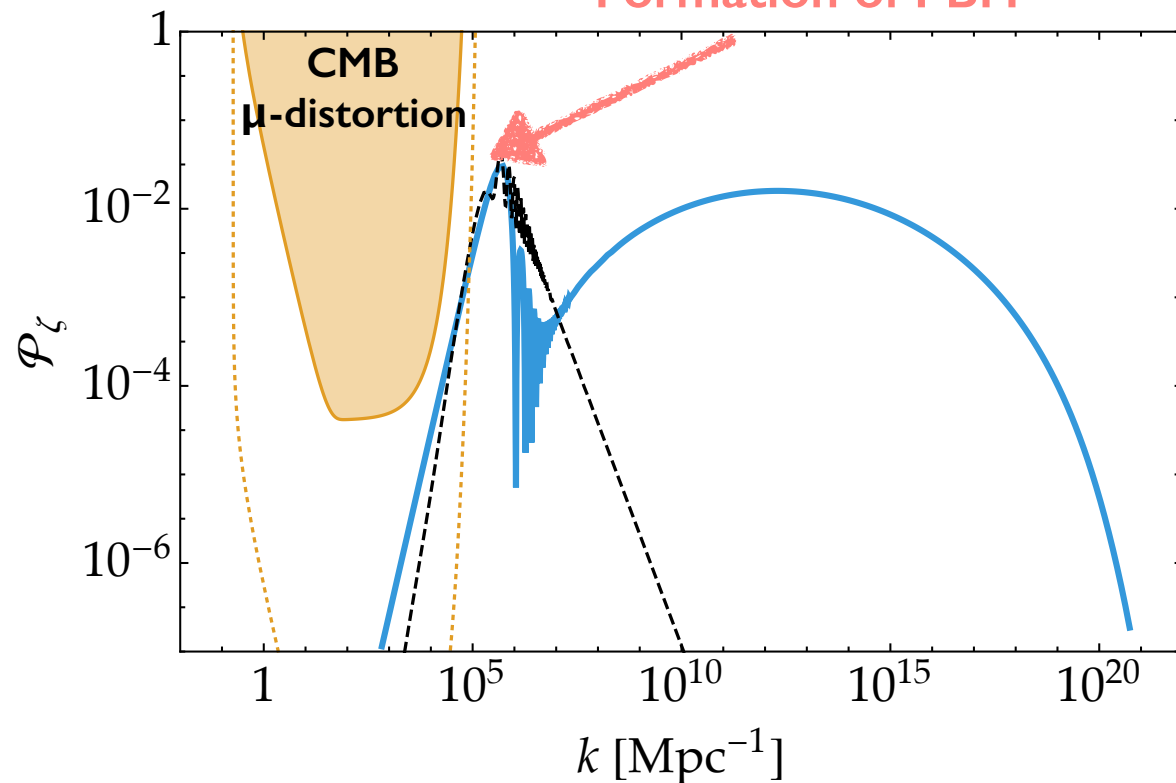
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- An example: Double Inflation

Formation of PBH



- Spectrum should be so steep.

$$\mathcal{P}_\zeta \propto \begin{cases} k^x & \dots k < k_{\text{peak}} \\ k^{-y} & \dots k > k_{\text{peak}} \end{cases}$$

- Current constraints

$$x \gtrsim 1.5, y \gtrsim 2$$

(cf.) Slow Roll condition

$$y = -(n_s - 1)$$

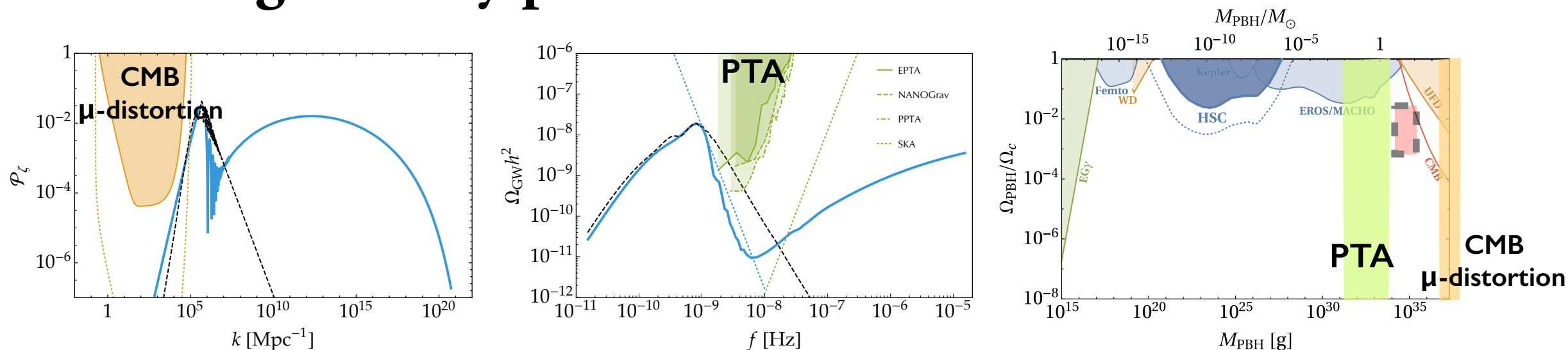
$$\simeq -2\eta < 2$$

❖ $\epsilon \ll |\eta|$ @ single small field inflation

Conclusions and Discussion

Summary

- **Inflation** can produce PBHs whose mergers account for the LIGO GW events.
- But, need **large density perturbations @ $f \sim 10^{-9}$ Hz**.
- **Small scale CMB distortions** and **induced GWs** can probe such large density perturbations. ❖ Assume almost Gaussian



[K.Inomata, M.Kawasaki, KM, Y.Tada, T.T.Yanagida; 1611.06130]

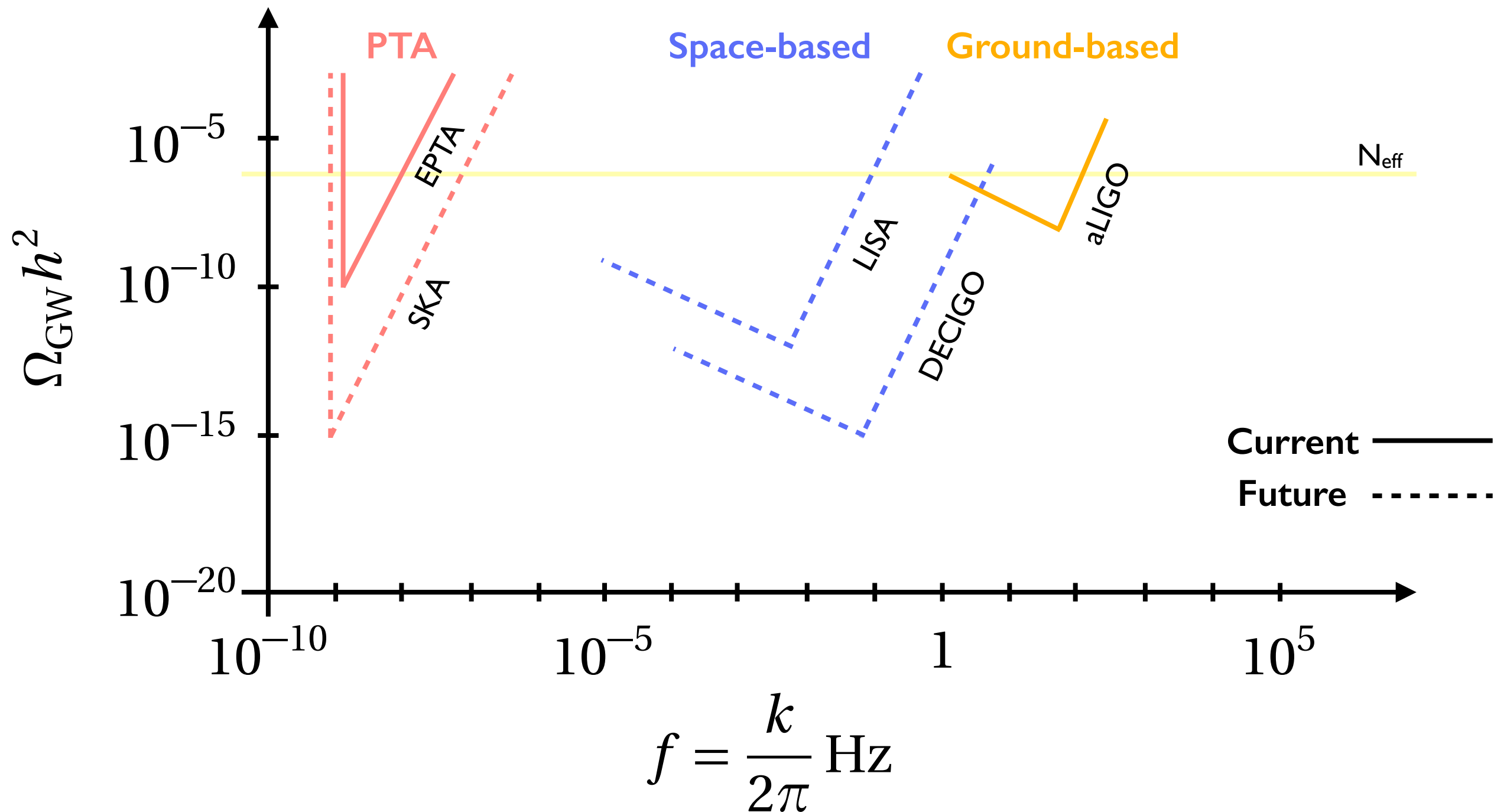
- Enhanced **Non-Gaussianity** at small scales could generate PBHs with a smaller $\mathcal{P}_\zeta$, and thus may evade these constraints.

[Nakama, Silk, Kamionkowski; 1612.06264]

Backup

Constraints on induced GWs

■ Current and Future constraints summary of GWs



Constraints on PBH abundance

■ Constraints on *inflationary* PBHs

- If one specifies the production mechanism, there may be another way to probe PBHs.
- Inflationary PBHs → Small scale distortions of CMB and Induced GWs

