

MSSM Higgs boson mass including three-loop corrections, NNNLL- and X_t -resummation using FlexibleEFTHiggs

Dominik Stöckinger + Thomas Kwasnitza, Alexander Voigt

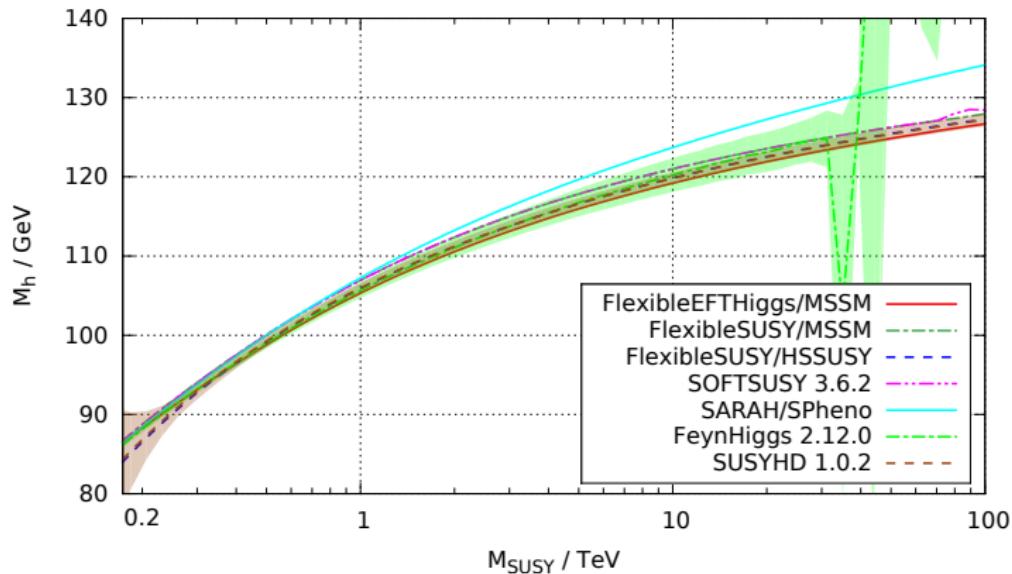
TU Dresden

14.09.2019, Scalars, Warsaw

$$M_h^{\text{Exp}} = 125.09 \pm 0.24 \text{ GeV}$$

VS

MSSM theory 2016:



Hallmark of SUSY: M_h predictable!

Standard Model:

$$m_h^2 = \lambda v^2$$

MSSM:

$\lambda \leftrightarrow$ gauge couplings

$$HHHH \leftrightarrow HH\tilde{H}\tilde{H}$$



$$m_h^2 = \frac{1}{2} \left[m_A^2 + m_Z^2 - \sqrt{(m_A^2 + m_Z^2)^2 - 4m_Z^2 m_A^2 c_{2\beta}^2} \right]$$

Huge loop corrections!

Hallmark of SUSY: M_h predictable!

Standard Model:

$$m_h^2 = \lambda v^2$$

MSSM:

$\lambda \leftrightarrow$ gauge couplings

$$HHHH \leftrightarrow HH\tilde{H}\tilde{H}$$



$$m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 = v^2 \frac{1}{4} (g_Y^2 + g_2^2) \cos^2 2\beta + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{m_A^2}\right)$$

Huge loop corrections!

Overview of M_h calculations (and codes)

Two basic approaches

$$\text{standard P.T.} = \text{tree} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^2) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^3) + \dots$$

$$\text{resummed logs} = \text{tree} + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^n L^n) + \mathcal{O}(\alpha^n L^{n-1}) + \dots$$

Fixed order (explicit self energy/tadpole diagrams/eff.pot.)

(FeynHiggs [Heinemeyer et al], Softsusy [Allanach], SPheno [Porod et al], **FlexibleSUSY**, 2-loop, **FS+Himalaya** 3-loop)

Resummation via EFT+RGE \rightsquigarrow neglects terms $\mathcal{O}(1/M_{\text{SUSY}})$

(SUSYHD [Vega,Villadoro], **HSSUSY**), 2-loop matching/3-loop running

[systematic improvement by orders of $M_{\text{weak}}/M_{\text{SUSY}}$ possible with higher-dimensional operators in EFT]

Hybrid: resummed logs + full M_{SUSY} -dependence at fixed order

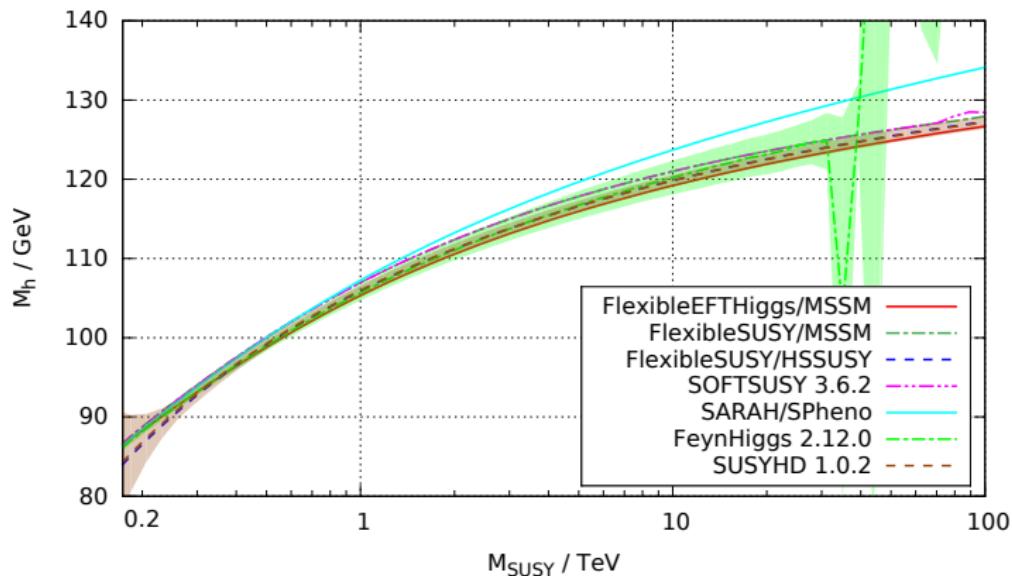
(FeynHiggs, **FlexibleEFTHiggs**)

FlexibleSUSY: Athron, Kotlarski, Kwasnitza, Park, DS, Voigt et al — spectrum generator generator + toolbox

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vs

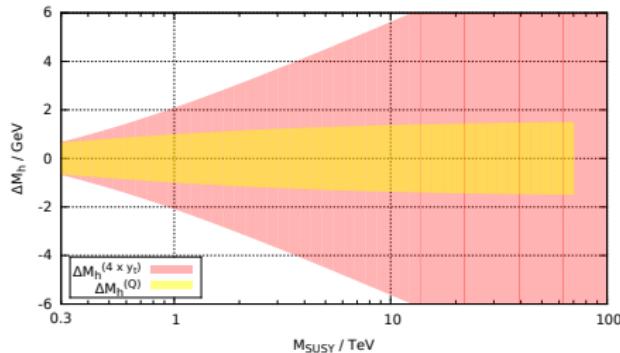
MSSM theory 2016:



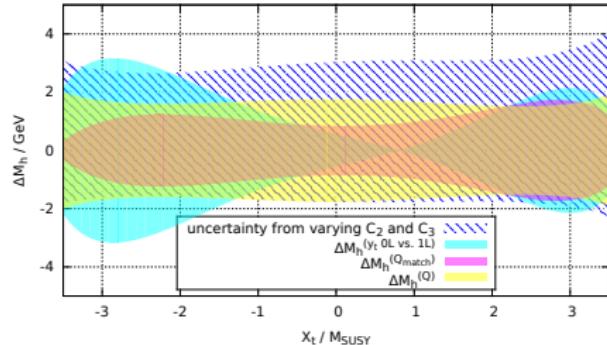
Goal: FlexibleEFTHiggs: hybrid calculation with 3-loop matching,
resummation of logs and further improvements

Comments on uncertainty estimates

From [Athron, Park, Steudtner, DS, Voigt'16]:



2-loop FO



1-loop FEFTH

- very difficult in theories with many parameters
- use scale variation, change of scheme . . .
- **important:** clarify which types of missing terms are estimated

Eg: fixed-order scale variation estimates missing **subleading** logs, but not leading logs; EFT scale variation might miss X_t -terms
Goal: reduce uncertainties

Outline

1 Overview of contributions

2 Details of the calculation

3 Results

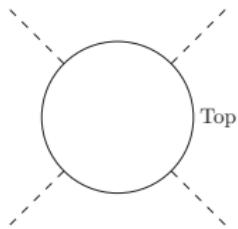
Use

$$m_h^2 = \lambda v^2 + \dots$$

MSSM tree-level relation

$$\lambda^{\text{eff,tree}} = \frac{1}{4} (g_Y^2 + g_2^2) \cos^2 2\beta$$

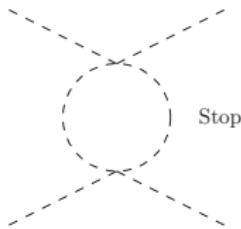
SM top-loop contribution



$$\Delta\lambda^{\text{eff}} = y_{t_{\text{SM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[12 \log(Q/m_t) \right]$$

- prefactor corresponds to the SM beta function of λ !

+SUSY stop-loop contribution

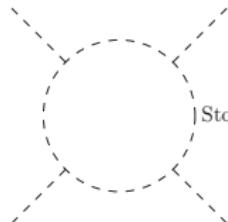


$$\Delta\lambda^{\text{eff}} = y_{t_{\text{SM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[12 \log(m_{\tilde{t}}/m_t) \right]$$

- total contribution is finite (λ is given by gauge couplings!)
- Large log! Prefactor \leftrightarrow SM beta function of λ

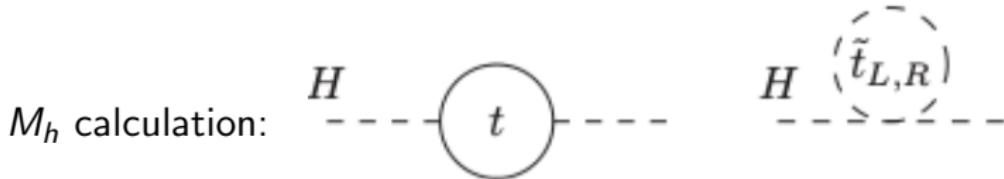
Note: valid in the limit of all-equal SUSY masses

$$+\text{SUSY stop-loop} \sim \hat{X}_t = (A_t - \mu^* \cot \beta) / M_{\text{SUSY}}$$



$$\Delta \lambda^{\text{eff}} = y_{t_{\text{SM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[12 \log(m_{\tilde{t}}/m_t) + 6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$

- additional X_t -enhancement
- from UV-finite diagrams, not predicted by RGE



- Higgs mass expression contains the terms of the form $\Delta\lambda^{\text{eff}}v^2$
- but also additional terms suppressed as v^2/M_{SUSY}^2

Full expression including those terms from self energy and tadpoles:

$$\Delta m_h^2 = X_t\text{-terms} - 3y_{ts\text{SM}}^4 \kappa_L v^2 \left[B_0(p^2, m_{\tilde{t}_1}^2, m_{\tilde{t}_1}^2) + B_0(p^2, m_{\tilde{t}_2}^2, m_{\tilde{t}_2}^2) \right].$$

the stop masses are a combination of M_{SUSY} and terms of order v

$$m_{\tilde{t}_{1,2}}^2 = m_t^2 + \frac{1}{2} \left(m_{Q_3}^2 + m_{U_3}^2 \mp \sqrt{\left(m_{Q_3}^2 - m_{U_3}^2 \right)^2 + 4(m_t X_t)^2} \right),$$

Resulting structure of Higgs mass calculation

- Loops
- large logs $L = \log(M_{\text{SUSY}}/m_t)$
- power-suppressed terms $\propto (v/M_{\text{SUSY}})$

$$m_h^2 = \sum_{nmk} \kappa_L^n L^m \left(\frac{v}{M_{\text{SUSY}}} \right)^k c_{nmk}$$

Coefficients c_{nmk} depend on all SUSY parameters

- can be enhanced by X_t
- contain functions of mass ratios of SUSY masses

$$m_h^2 = m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 +$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} \kappa_L L & \kappa_L & & & & + \\ \kappa_L^2 L^2 & \kappa_L^2 L & \kappa_L^2 & & & + \\ \kappa_L^3 L^3 & \kappa_L^3 L^2 & \kappa_L^3 L & \kappa_L^3 & & + \\ \kappa_L^4 L^4 & \kappa_L^4 L^3 & \kappa_L^4 L^2 & \kappa_L^4 L & & + \dots \end{array}$$

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fixed-order 1-loop: need 1-loop self energies/tadpoles (can compute these exactly)

$$m_h^2 = m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 +$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} \kappa_L L & \kappa_L & & & + \\ \kappa_L^2 L^2 & \kappa_L^2 L & \kappa_L^2 & & + \\ \kappa_L^3 L^3 & \kappa_L^3 L^2 & \kappa_L^3 L & \kappa_L^3 & + \\ \kappa_L^4 L^4 & \kappa_L^4 L^3 & \kappa_L^4 L^2 & \kappa_L^4 L & + \dots \end{array}$$

fixed-order 2-loop: need 2-loop self energies/tadpoles; computed almost exactly (mostly g-less limit, $p = 0$)

$$m_h^2 = m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 +$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} \kappa_L L & \kappa_L & & & + \\ \kappa_L^2 L^2 & \kappa_L^2 L & \kappa_L^2 & & + \\ \kappa_L^3 L^3 & \kappa_L^3 L^2 & \kappa_L^3 L & \kappa_L^3 & + \\ \kappa_L^4 L^4 & \kappa_L^4 L^3 & \kappa_L^4 L^2 & \kappa_L^4 L & + \dots \end{array}$$

leading log resummation: need 1-loop beta function of SM(!) Haber, Hempfling '93

$$m_h^2 = m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 +$$

$$\begin{array}{llll} \kappa_L L & \kappa_L & & + \\ \kappa_L^2 L^2 & \kappa_L^2 L & \kappa_L^2 & + \\ \kappa_L^3 L^3 & \kappa_L^3 L^2 & \kappa_L^3 L & + \\ \kappa_L^4 L^4 & \kappa_L^4 L^3 & \kappa_L^4 L^2 & \kappa_L^4 L & + \dots \end{array}$$

$N^n\text{LL}$ resummation: need three steps:

- integrate out heavy sparticles at high scale, n -loop matching to SM
(this calc. does not contain large logs by construction!)
- then RGE running to low scale with $(n+1)$ -loop SM beta functions
(resums large logs)
- then compute Higgs mass at low scale in SM
(no large logs by construction)

Hence exact wrt leading and n -th subleading logs

[1-loop: Casas, Espinosa, Quiros, Riotto ... 2-loop: Martin '07]

$$m_h^2 = m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 +$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc}
 \kappa_L L & \kappa_L & & & + \\
 \kappa_L^2 L^2 & \kappa_L^2 L & \kappa_L^2 & & + \\
 \kappa_L^3 L^3 & \kappa_L^3 L^2 & \kappa_L^3 L & \kappa_L^3 & + \\
 \kappa_L^4 L^4 & \kappa_L^4 L^3 & \kappa_L^4 L^2 & \kappa_L^4 L & + \dots
 \end{array}$$

Status — Huge recent progress: Fixed-order 2-loop Degrassi, Slavich, Baglio, Gröber, Mühlleitner, Nhung, Rzehak, Spira, Drechsel, Galeta, Heinemeyer, Weiglein, Goodsell, Nickel, Staub, Paßehr, Braathen Fixed-order 3-loop Harlander, Kant, Mihaila, Steinhauser, Reyes, Fazio EFT+RGE 2-loop Draper, Lee, Wagner, Bagnaschi, Giudice, Slavich, Strumia, Vega, Villadoro... 3-loop HSSUSY Harlander, Klappert, Franco, Voigt, Hybrid: Hahn, Heinemeyer, Hollik, Rzehak, Weiglein, Bahl, Athron, Park, Steudtner, DS, Voigt "DRED is SUSY at 3L" DS, Unger]

$$m_h^2 = m_{h,\text{tree}}^2 +$$

$$\begin{array}{cccc} \kappa_L L & \kappa_L & & + \\ \kappa_L^2 L^2 & \kappa_L^2 L & \kappa_L^2 & + \\ \kappa_L^3 L^3 & \kappa_L^3 L^2 & \kappa_L^3 L & + \\ \kappa_L^4 L^4 & \kappa_L^4 L^3 & \kappa_L^4 L^2 & \kappa_L^4 L & + \dots \end{array}$$

→ Goal

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FlexibleEFTHiggs calculation

- ① integrate out heavy sparticles at high scale, **3-loop matching to SM***

[0105096, 0112177, 0212132, 0206101,
0305127, 0803.0672, 1005.5709
1205.6497, 1407.4336, 1708.05720, new]

$$\lambda(Q_{\text{match}}) = \frac{1}{v^2} \left[(m_h^{\text{MSSM}})^2 - \tilde{\Sigma}_h^{\text{MSSM}}((M_h^{\text{MSSM}})^2) + \tilde{\Sigma}_h^{\text{SM}}((M_h^{\text{SM}})^2) \right]$$

- ② then RGE running to low scale **with 4-loop SM beta functions**

[1201.5868, 1205.2892, 1212.6829, 1303.4364, 1604.00853]

$$\frac{d\lambda(\mu)}{d \ln \mu} = \beta_\lambda^{\text{SM}}(\mu)$$

- ③ compute Higgs mass at low scale in SM **with 3-loop SM Σ_t , Σ_h**

[9912391, 0507139, 9912391][1205.6497, 1508.00912, 1407.4336]

$$M_h^2 = \lambda(M_{\text{weak}})v^2 + \hat{\Sigma}_h$$

* and similar for all parameters such that m_h is correct at $\mathcal{O}(y_{t,b}^2 \alpha_s, y_{t,b}^6, y_t^4 \alpha_s^2)$

Subtleties 1 — Hybrid approach

Master formula for matching:

$$\lambda = \frac{1}{v^2} \left[(m_h^{\text{MSSM}})^2 - \tilde{\Sigma}_h^{\text{MSSM}} ((M_h^{\text{MSSM}})^2) + \tilde{\Sigma}_h^{\text{SM}} ((M_h^{\text{SM}})^2) \right]$$

standard “pure” EFT matching:

[Casas, Espinosa, Quiros, Riotto... Martin... SUSYHD, HSSUSY]

- evaluate in limit $M_{\text{SUSY}} \rightarrow \infty$, neglect terms v/M_{SUSY}

Not good in region around 1 TeV — Could be improved by taking into account dim=6 operators in EFT. Then even logs proportional to power-suppressed terms can be resummed \rightsquigarrow impact negligible: Bagnaschi,Vega,Slavich'17]

Hybrid approach: take into account power-suppressed terms at fixed-order

- FlexibleEFTHiggs approach: evaluate master formula exactly
[Athron, Park, Steudtner, DS, Voigt '16]

combines fixed-order calculation with resummed logs of $(v/M_{\text{SUSY}})^0$ terms. Alternative hybrid approach in FeynHiggs
[Hahn, Heinemeyer, Hollik, Rzehak, Weiglein + Bahl]

Subtleties 2 — parametrization issues

$$\begin{aligned}\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} &= \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + \gamma_1 y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 L + y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right] \\ &\quad - \gamma_1 \left(\frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta} \right)^4 L \\ y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} (1 + \kappa_L \Delta \tilde{y}_t) &= \frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta}\end{aligned}$$

Evaluate literally, e.g. numerically in a code?

Subtleties 2 — parametrization issues

$$\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} = \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + \cancel{\gamma_1 y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 L} + y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$
$$\cancel{- \gamma_1 \left(\frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta} \right)^4 L}$$
$$y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} (1 + \kappa_L \Delta \tilde{y}_t) = \frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta}$$

Evaluate literally, e.g. numerically in a code?

Generates two-loop single large $\log \kappa_L^2 \Delta \tilde{y}_t y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 L$!

Bad and incorrect! Messes up log-resummation by RGE!

[FlexibleSUSY 2, 2017]

Subtleties 2 — parametrization issues

$$\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} = \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + \cancel{\gamma_1 y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 L} + y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$
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$$y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} (1 + \kappa_L \Delta \tilde{y}_t) = \frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta}$$

Solution: need to consistently expand everything in terms of full model parameters and truncate at fixed order

Subtleties 2 — parametrization issues

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Correct option 1: EFT-parametrization

Eliminate MSSM-Yukawa within MSSM self energy, expand/truncate in terms of SM-Yukawa

$$\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} = \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + \left(\frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta} \right)^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$

Subtleties 2 — parametrization issues

$$\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} = \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + \gamma_1 y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} {}^4 L + y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} {}^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$

~~$$- \gamma_1 \left(\frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta} \right)^4 L$$~~

$$y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} (1 + \kappa_L \Delta \tilde{y}_t) = \frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta}$$

Correct option 2: Full model-parametrization

Eliminate SM-Yukawa within the SM self energy, expand/truncate in terms of MSSM-Yukawa

$$\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} = \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} {}^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$

Subtleties 2 — parametrization issues

$$\lambda^{\text{match 1L}} = \lambda^{\text{MSSM, tree}} + \cancel{\gamma_1 y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 L} + y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}^4 \kappa_L \left[6 \left(\hat{X}_t^2 - \frac{\hat{X}_t^4}{12} \right) \right]$$
$$\cancel{- \gamma_1 \left(\frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta} \right)^4 L}$$
$$y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} (1 + \kappa_L \Delta \tilde{y}_t) = \frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{s_\beta}$$

- The two options are equivalent but differ once p.t. is truncated

What's the point?

- previous codes use EFT-, but we will use full-model parametrization
- First advantage: technically easier
- Second advantage: “resums” leading X_t -contributions

Subtleties 2 — X_t “resummation”

Yukawa coupling (“ Δm_b corrections” [Carena, Garcia, Nierste, Wagner'99...])

$$y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}(1 + \Delta_y) = y_{t_{\text{SM}}} \quad \Delta_{y_t} \propto \kappa_L \alpha_s \hat{X}_t$$

this relation is exact wrt $\alpha_s^n \hat{X}_t^n$ (similar in b-sector)

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Invert: $y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}} = \frac{y_{t_{\text{SM}}}}{1 + \Delta_y}$ “resummed” relation

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$$y_{t_{\text{MSSM}}}(1 + \Delta_y) = y_{t_{\text{SM}}} \quad \Delta_{y_t} \propto \kappa_L \alpha_s \hat{X}_t$$

this relation is exact wrt $\alpha_s^n \hat{X}_t^n$ (similar in b-sector)

Similarly we can prove that: *one-loop relation for λ in full-model parametrization is exact wrt X_t -dependence in all orders of $\alpha_t^2 \alpha_s^n$, $\alpha_t \alpha_g \alpha_s^n$.*

Converting to the EFT-parametrization this generates/“resums” terms

$$\alpha_t \alpha_g \alpha_s \hat{X}_t^3 \text{ (2L)}, \alpha_t \alpha_g \alpha_s^2 \hat{X}_t^4 \text{ (3L)}, \alpha_t^2 \alpha_s^3 \hat{X}_t^7 \text{ (4L)}$$

These terms are correctly taken into account in the full-model parametrization but would be neglected in a 3-loop EFT-parametrization.

FlexibleEFT Higgs properties

- 3-loop matching, 4-loop running of relevant quantities
- fixed-order results: 1L full, 2L gaugeless limit, 3L $\mathcal{O}(y_t^4 \alpha_s^2)$
- RGE+EFT: NNNLL resummed
- Full-model parametrization: “resums” leading X_t -terms
- hybrid: power-suppressed terms kept at fixed order

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Compare to:

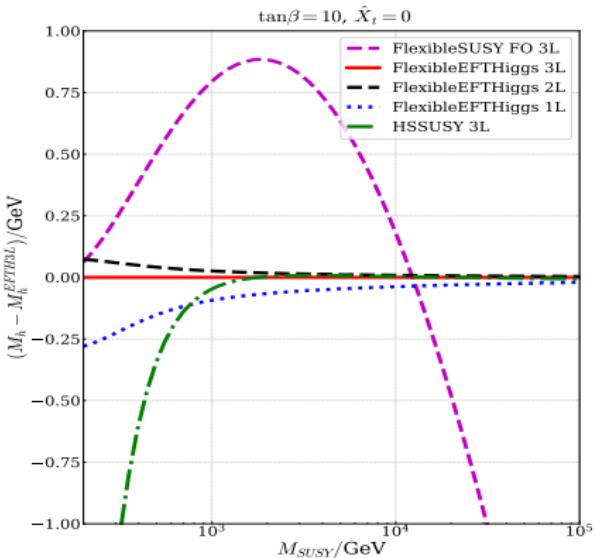
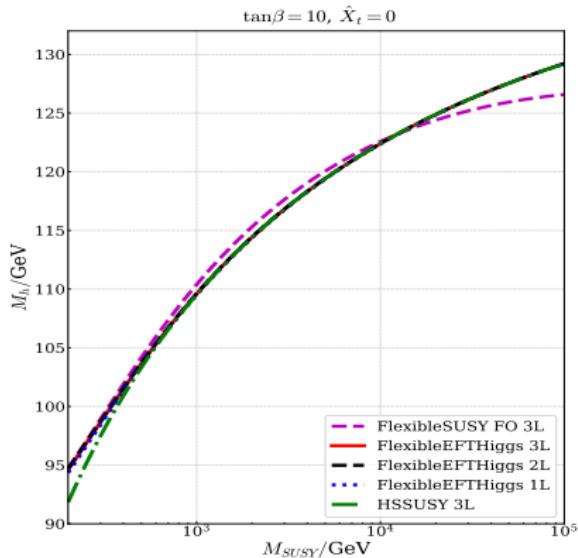
- HSSUSY: “pure EFT” calculation (3-loop) in EFT-parametrization
[Harlander, Klappert, Franco, Voigt '18]
- FlexibleSUSY FO (+Himalaya): standard fixed-order computation in $\overline{\text{DR}}$ scheme [Harlander, Klappert, Voigt '18]

Outline

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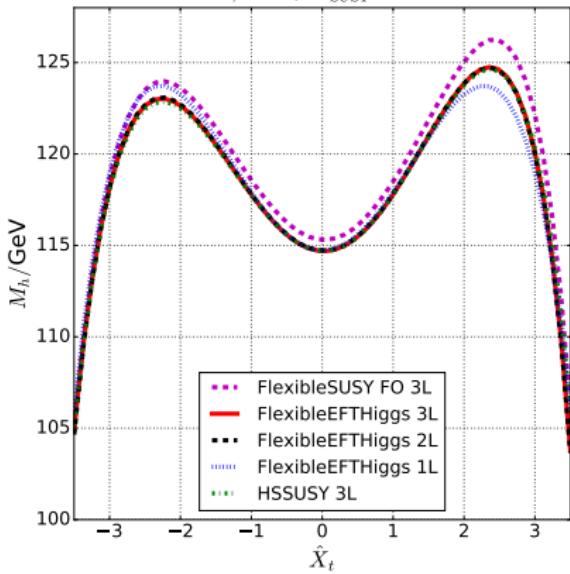
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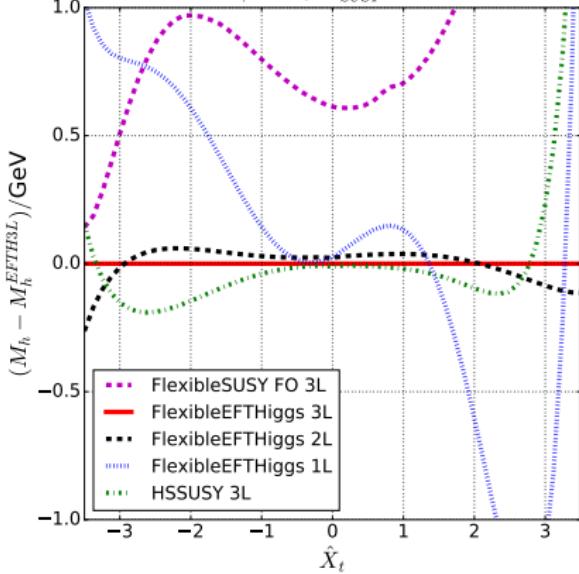


- simplest case: loop corrections to matching are very small
- fixed-order very unreliable above 1 TeV
- pure EFT unreliable below 1 TeV
- hybrid reliable at all scales

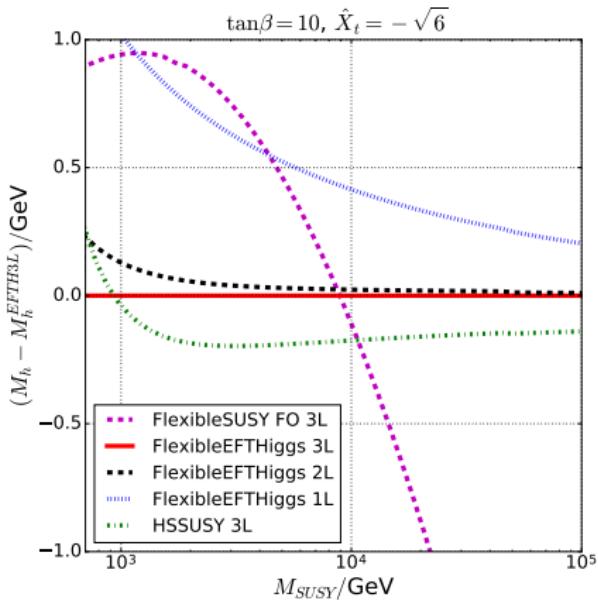
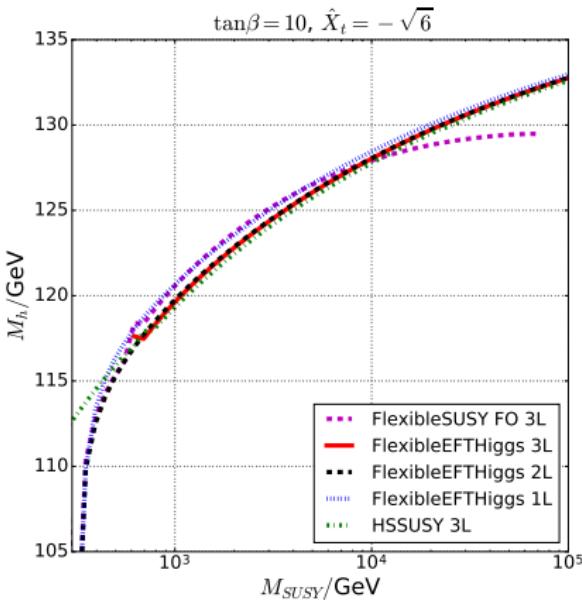
$\tan\beta = 10, M_{SUSY} = 2\text{TeV}$



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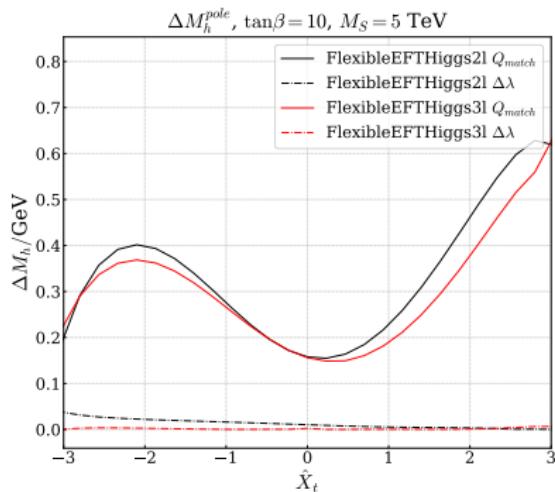
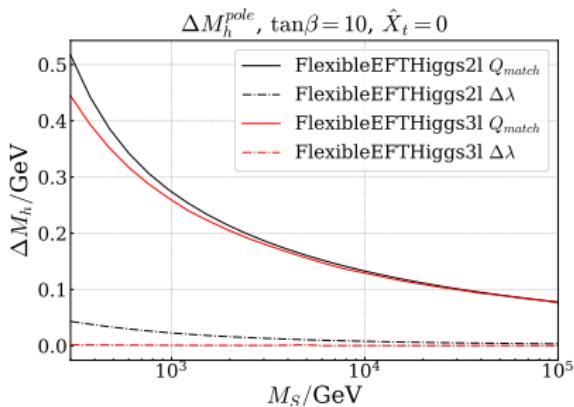
- matching corrections enhanced by X_t
- 1L, 2L, 3L converges well
- HSSUSY deviates at very large X_t because of missing leading higher-order X_t -terms



- 1L, 2L, 3L converges well
- HSSUSY does not converge towards hybrid because of different parametrization/truncation

Uncertainty estimates

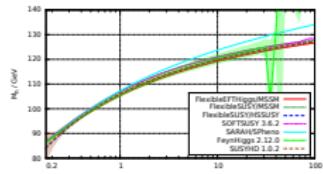
Preliminary result for 3-loop FlexibleEFTHiggs



- uncertainty very small, does not shrink from 2L \rightarrow 3L
- Note: 3L was only $\mathcal{O}(y_t^4 \alpha_s^2)$ —other types of terms now important

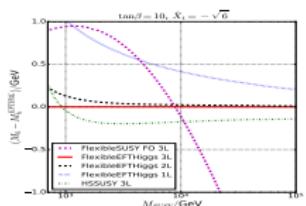
Conclusions

- Huge recent progress in M_h^{MSSM}
 - ▶ resummation now standard, hybrid available



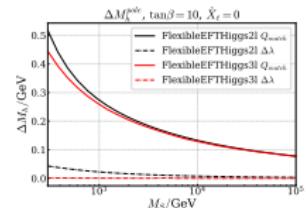
- Three codes based on FlexibleSUSY incorporate 3-loop [Harlander, Kant et al]

- ▶ **FlexibleSUSY** FO+Himalaya [Harlander,Klappert,Voigt]
 - ▶ **HSSUSY** [Harlander,Klappert,Franco,Voigt]
 - ▶ **FlexibleEFTHiggs** [Kwasnitza,DS,Voigt, in progress]



- Many subtleties in EFT/hybrid codes (see FeynHiggs [Bahl et al])

- ▶ Parametrization in terms of EFT or full?
 - ▶ Double counting of logs?
 - ▶ Here: win-win situation! $\rightarrow X_t$ -resummation!



- Outlook:

- ▶ uncertainty analysis, nontrivial spectra
 - ▶ code will be public MSSM spectrum generator
 - ▶ generalizable to other models